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The Electragist

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A. B. C. the Quickest, Easiest, Most Economical Way to Add an Outlet.

Eliminates unsafe, haphazard temporary extensions.

Eliminates unsafe "bootleg" extensions.

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electrica

VOLUME 31

WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED THE ELECTRAGIST

NUMBER 3

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Resale Price News

Prices have again taken a downward trend as will be noted this month in the Resale Price Section. Price reductions have been made on the following:

Bushings and locknuts All rubber cord

1/2-in. black conduit Erickson Couplings, reducers

Soldering lugs

Several types of standard rosettes Standard base husk and reflector type sockets

Intermediate base sockets

Mogul sockets

Pendant switches

No. 14 rubber covered wire

Weatherproof wire.

The listing on made up extension cords has been reduced and includes only the commonly used lengths. Belden and Cutler-Hammer made up extension cords have been added.

Two new types of Sangamo time switches have been added on PL-28.

Published Monthly by

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> COIT A. SMITH Western Field Editor

> > ADALIN PADWAY News Editor

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Reckefeller Building Cherry 2440

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in review

S this is written a year is coming to a close and one instinctively looks back in review. What kind of a year has it been? Has it brought anything of value which is of more than passing interest?

Sometimes the immediate events are of such pressing importance at the time that we are apt to lose our perspective. Of 1931, for instance, the average man would have little or nothing good to say and yet the big things of 1931 are not the losses of the depression, or the unemployment and suffering, poignant as they may have been at the time. They are only temporary.

The big thing that comes out of the ruins of 1931 is the return of the nation to work and to serious consideration of fundamental economic values.

For a decade American industry had gone through a "whoopee" era—business was booming, expansion was in the air. And the electrical industry was as bad if not worse than the others.

BEFORE the war the electric utilities were not "cocky." The industry in fact was almost afraid of its shadow.

However, as the light and power company stocks began to take a leading position on the stock exchange boards, prosperity whispered in the ears of utility managers that whatever they did was right and let the rest of the industry "lump it if they did not like it."

Well, they did not like it nor did they lump it. Oklahoma and Kansas provided the battle-grounds and the utilities learned that it is better to work with than without your industry.

OR years ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING has been calling the attention of the industry to the menace of the loss of a market such as the unwired home. Nothing was done to attempt to replace it. Everybody was busy, so why bother?

Well, the same people were not so busy in 1931 and steps were taken to rectify that situation.

The work started in 1931 is but a beginning. As it gains momentum the results will far outweigh the losses of a year or two.

Another subject that has been prominent in Electrical Contracting's editorial preachments has been the need for creating a public demand for more adequate and better wiring.

1931 saw the beginning of some excellent local cooperative work in this connection in a number of cities. Besides three or four groups of manufacturers of electrical devices started a cooperative market development campaign.

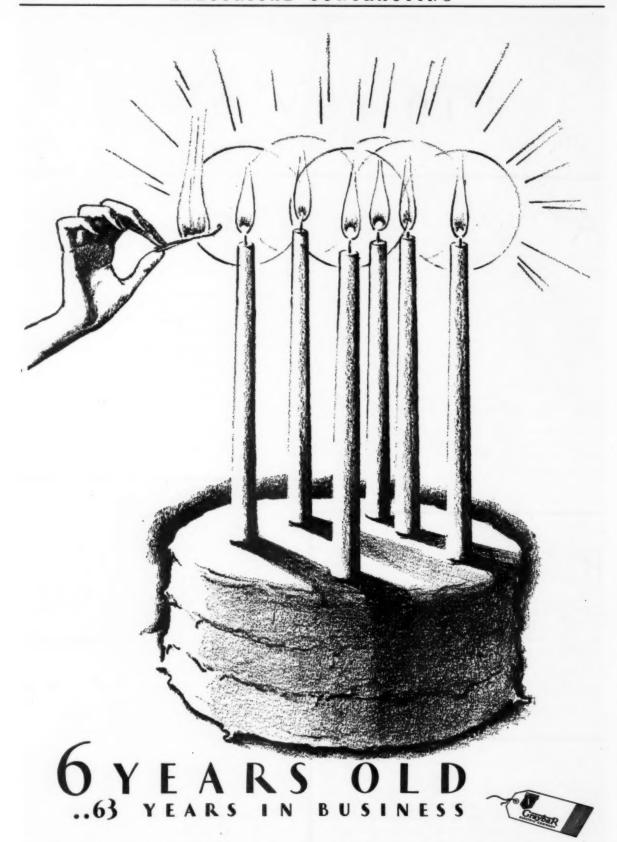
These 1931 endeavors will not die out—they are bound to point the way to more and more of this work.

N the ten years of the big boom there was little time for important equipment development work. In 1931 every live manufacturer was busy working on some new device with which to recapture some of his lost volume. This is stimulating and the more of it that is done, the greater will be the amount of business available for electrical modernization.

ND, so as we summarize 1931 the big thing that stands out is the rebirth of the electrical industry into a sales-minded industry.

Utilities are looking for ways to work with their dealers and contractors in sales campaigns, manufacturers are working with each other to develop markets, wholesalers are studying markets and how to reach them, contractors are learning that the survivors of this period are those who sell.

For once, then, every branch of the industry is selling—1931 opened the ELECTRICAL SELLING AGE.

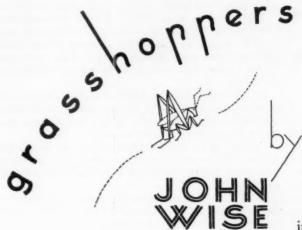


In 1869, Gray and Barton; in 1882, Western Electric Supply Department; since January 1, 1926, GRAYBAR

VOLUME 31 NUMBER 3

electrical contracting

JANUARY 1932



JUST got a line on a fast one pulled by a Middle West farmer that not only has helped to renew my faith in the ability of the average man to think for himself in times of stress and make something out of nothing, but has given me courage for the New Year.

In normal times we know that business is more or less shoved at us, and we can let selling sort of slide to concentrate on supervision. But when things are tight and jobs are as scarce as hen's teeth, the only way to save something out of the wreck is to seek out work, no matter how small.

The farmer I have mentioned had a fine, big grain farm and the early summer found him, like his neighbors, gazing fondly out over a set of crops that looked like a big yield. But, sad to say, it was too good to be true. Along came the grasshoppers, and when I say grasshoppers, I don't mean an occasional buzz of wings and a big bow-legged tobacco-chewer staring at you from a waving weed. No, sir! I mean billions on billions of the pests, shutting out the light of day and descending on the grain and grass like a destroying angel, leaving nothing in their wake except bareness.

Can you imagine the feelings of that farmer as he turned his gaze from his wasted fields to the old home where the wife and kids were trying to carry on and make the best of the disaster? Picture yourself with all your year's income and your savings swept away in a few days, a bleak winter ahead and the prospects so hopeless that it hardly seems worth while to begin all over again.

Unfortunately, what farmers do to glean a bit of profit out of ruin gets scant mention in the public press, so it was not until recently that this fellow's stunt came to light. Some one was sympathiz-

ing with him about the destruction of his crops by the "hoppers."

"Well," he replied, rubbing his chin, "The dirty little cusses gobbled up my grain all right, but I didn't lose everything. I've got two and a half tons of the finest grasshoppers you ever saw in my barn and I'm using 'em and selling 'em for chicken-feed! They oughter be A-1 Prime with all that cereal inside 'em!"

Now, I know that a lot of electrical contractors have felt as though the bottom had just dropped out of everything and that there just wasn't any sense trying. Then there have been others, like this farmer, who would rather try something than sit around thinking of the depression. Those fellows aren't going to be afraid of the New Year.

As I see it, there'll be opportunities for electrical contractors in 1932. They may not be as big as they used to be and they may not be as apparent, but they'll be there just the same. The only difference that I can see is that in 1932 we've got to use our common sense a little bit more and try to recognize and take advantage of those opportunities we do have.



HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS

BY S. B. WILLIAMS, EDITOR AND GENERAL MANAGER ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING

EN years ago electric refrigeration was almost unheard of in the home. Few farms were being wired. The sun lamp had not come on the market. Outdoor lighting for sports was almost unknown. Public address systems were still an experiment. There was no electric eye, no house-cooling system, no oil burners, no radio wiring, no electric clocks. Rewiring, reinspection, additional outlets, and adequacy had not been thought of.

Ten years ago the number of electrical contractors was virtually the same as it is today.

Ten years ago, however, we were getting into the swing of the big building boom which was to take the country out of the 1921 depression. To offset that

building market 1932 offers a series of markets for wiring that did not exist ten years ago. Before the year is over it is quite possible that others might be opened.

On the next two pages are briefly stated some outstanding wiring opportunities for 1932. The estimates are not intended to be exact and should not be used for the purpose of establishing quotas. Moreover, the estimates have purposely been made as conservative as possible, so as not to build up any false hopes. The figures, however, aggregate more than one hundred million dollars, and serve to indicate that the market for wiring is far from being on its last legs and that there are opportunities for those who would take them.

The only real difference between 1932 and 1922 is that a decade ago business came to the electrical contractor, while today if he wants the business he must seek it out.

There used to be a million or more new customers added to the lines of the power companies each year. In 1931 the number was hardly a quarter of that figure. This condition, more than all the talk of the years gone by, has focused the attention of the industry on the need for selling.

In 1932 there will be national market development plans in progress on electric refrigeration, electric ranges, sun lamp lighting, residential lighting and perhaps some others which are now being discussed.

In 1932, if present indications mean anything, more utilities will try to bolster up the residential market by working in cooperation with the contractors to sell more wiring.

In 1932, more contractor associations, encouraged by the successes of 1931, will undertake to awaken a public demand for more and better wiring.

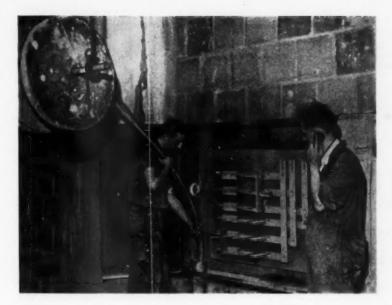
Only the contractors who can sell and are selling, who perform a service based on something other than mere price, are surviving this depression. This is the dawn of the day of the selling contractor and with 1932 the wiring business goes commercial.

COMMODITY	MARKET INFORMATION				
ELECTRIC RANGES	The 1932 quota for the NEMA-NELA 3-year Range Promotion Campaign, if it goes through, is 225,000 ranges. Because it may get off to a late start it would be safer to estimate 175,000 ranges as the 1932 business.	\$8,550,000			
ELECTRIC REFRIGERATION (Domestic)	The National Refrigeration Program will be carried on for another year with the same quota as in 1931, namely, 1,000,000 residential electric refrigerators.	\$11,000,000			
FARM ELECTRIFICA- TION	In spite of lower prices for farm products there appears to be a very healthy market for farm wiring. The economy of electricity is apparently appealing very strongly to the farmer. It has been estimated that between 50,000 and 100,000 farms will be wired in 1932—average is 75,000. Wiring costs, including fixtures, average around \$300.00 per farm, exclusive of high-line costs.				
TIME SWITCHES	Estimates vary from 50,000 to 800,000 time switches as the market in 1932. The purely contractor market is probably nearer the 50,000 unit mark. The estimates give a minimum of \$15.00 per switch for wiring, and \$25.00 for the switch.	\$2,000,000			
SUN LAMPS	A co-operative market development campaign has been put in motion by the manufacturers. This will result in business from the new building, of course, but the most important market must be that of replacement. This market has been divided into three parts with the following estimates:	\$9,355,000 (in- cludes cost of unit)			
	(1) Dual purpose (30,000 units) \$3,350,000 (2) Home (100,000 units) 4,000,000 (3) Poultry farms (110,000 units) 2,005,000				

COMMODITY	MARKET INFORMATION			
OUTDOOR LIGHTING	This is a market which has proved very remunerative to the contractor. Each year new uses catch the public fancy with the result that any estimate made here may easily fall far short of the actual total before the year is over. This lighting is mostly for sports, but there are numerous other uses which account for a considerable volume. The several fields may be listed as follows:			
*	Athletic Fields 1,000 Fields to be Lighted Total Business \$1,000,000	Golf Driving Ranges 1,000 Ranges Total Business \$1,500,000		
	Baseball Fields 4 Stadiums	Major Golf Courses Twenty-five 9-hole Courses Total Business \$500,000		
	60 Minor Leagues 75 Semi-Pro & Municipal Total Business \$2,150,000	Pitch and Putt Golf 500 Courses Total Business \$2,500,000		
	Beaches 100 Municipal 100 Summer Resorts Total Business \$800,000	Playgrounds 600 to be Lighted Total Business \$600,000		
	Football 100 School Fields	Race Tracks 31 Tracks to be Lighted Total Business \$240,000		
	50 Municipal Fields Total Business \$750,000	Swimming Pools 100 Underwater Lighting Total Business \$500,000 150 Overhead Lighting		
	Garden Lighting 100 Home Gardens	Total Business \$150,000		
	Total Business \$20,000 100 Municipal and Large Estates	1.000 Courts		
	Total Business \$100,000	Total Business \$500,000		
	Horseshoe Pitching, Athletic Stadium, Ho Archery, Shuffleboard, boggan Slides, Bowling Volley-Ball Total Business \$1,000,	ckey, Croquet, Handball, To- g on the Green,		
VENTILATING FANS	Last year it was estimated that the market was 25,000 residential and 75,000 commercial installations, each involving a wiring job of \$25,00 on the average. Assuming a 25 per cent smaller market in 1932 (it may go larger with a pick-up in residential construction), there is still a very handsome market for the contractor.			
PUBLIC ADDRESS	Individual installations run into large figures, but it is impossible to make any forecast at to the probable number of installations. However, with almost 100 known uses for these systems and with a number of companies actively developing the field any figure we put down will be ultra-conservative and will merely show that the opportunity is large.			
ELECTRIC EYE	This is another market which cannot be estimated. It is much too new to permit of any forecasts. It should run at least 3 to 4 times as large as 1931 and may even be larger. Because each installation is special there is no way of ever arriving at an average wiring cost. We are convinced, however, that the market will run into millions for the contractor.			
REINSPECTION .	There is a total market of \$992,000,000 to be done. More and more cities are taking up reinspection and the movement is gaining headway. There is, of course, no possible way to estimate with any accuracy how much of this work will be done in 1932 and for that reason we have taken the absurd minimum of 1 per cent of the total market.			
AIR CONDITIONING	(1) Heating. The tendency is to provide automatic heat and all such systems require considerable wiring. Then there are the regulators also, which in the case of new companies, are being installed by contractors. Many contractors are now specializing in wiring for heat installation.			

Electrical Contracting, January, 1932

COMMODITY	MARKET INFORMATION			
	(2) Cooling: A number of systems for cooling the house in the summer are being worked on and will be on the market in time for the 1932 season. They all, of course, involve a blower handling air precooled by an electric refrigerator or by water. Because this is the first year we are purposely placing the estimate for wiring very low.	\$100,000		
RESIDENTIAL RELIGHTING	The N. E. L. A. is planning a national campaign for relighting the home which will be backed up by advertising of the lamp companies. No estimate possible.	***************************************		
RADIO	This market includes antenna systems for apartment houses, radios for hotel and hospital rooms, broadcasting station wiring, as well as radio wiring for the home. With radio service becoming more of a factor in the contracting business, this market is bound to increase. The figure in the next column is a very conservative estimate and will undoubtedly be exceeded.	\$3,250,000		
MODERNIZA- TION COMMER- CIAL	While figures for the first nine months of 1931 show a 22 per cent decline in volume over 1930, there are forces at work to build up this market in 1932. Elevator and other building equipment manufacturers are making a strong play for this business. If the volume does not exceed 1931 and the electrical work averages only 5 per cent for wiring alone, the total will run into big figures.	\$7,500,000		
MODERNIZA- TION INDUSTRIAL	Here, of course, it is impossible to even approach an estimate, but there is a tremendous untouched market. Mechanical drives offer one fine possibility in 1932. Much of the work, of course, will be dependent upon the business situation. At the first sign, however, of revival this industrial market should be very profitable.			
REWIRING RESIDENTIAL	In each of the 100 cities having A. E. I. charters the Electragist Chapters are being urged to promote the new A. E. I. wiring adequacy standards. An increasing number of power companies feeling the pinch of reduced residential construction will start some kind of a co-operative campaign with the contractors. A number of manufacturers are planning to stimulate this business with contractors and have brought out new wiring items to promote it.	Over \$1,000,000 (no estimate possible)		
REPLACING FACTORY ELECTRICIANS	With the economies involved 1932 should be a very fine year for industrial electrical contractors to convince factory managers of the advisability of substituting their services for the industrial electricians. If only 1,000 factory electricians are replaced and they were costing their employers for wages and supplies \$3,000 a year each, then if the contractor can show a 50 per cent economy, the business of the contractors will be increased by the figure in the next column.	\$1,500,000 for each 1,000 fac- tory electricians replaced		
SPECIALTIES	There are many wiring specialties about the house which can be sold by more contractors, such as house numbers, electric door chimes, built-in lighting, replacement of door bell batteries by transformers, Mark-Time switches, garage lighting, etc. There is no way of estimating the volume because it depends entirely upon the energy of the contractor. These can and are being sold by contractors.			
RATE ENGINEERING	There are numerous economies to be made by large users of electricity if they take advantage of the rate schedules. Industrial electrical contractors will find it very profitable in 1932 to study the rates paid by their customers and show them how to save money. Invariably it will mean a wiring job.	No estimate possible		
ELECTRIC CLOCKS	More clock manufacturers are expected to come into the field next year. Because of this and the price situation, the volume is bound to grow. Each clock needs an outlet and if there are 1,000,000 clocks sold in 1932 with an average outlet price of \$5.00, then there is a \$5,000,000 market for the contractor.	\$5,000,000		
ALSO	There are many other opportunities for the contractor that in the aggregate make a fine volume such as wiring for hot water heaters, built-in electric heaters, electric signs, appliance repairs. For these no estimate is possible.			



One man operates the telephone while the other lowers the cable. Thus the men above keep in touch with the men on the receiving end. If, for example, the cable should slip out of a pull box enroute the men below will know and the cable can be quickly stopped. Note how the cables are run over an empty support reel which is fastened by rope to an overhead pipe and acts as a brake.

temporary 'phone speeds up wire pulling

On the taller buildings instructions are given quicker and with less chance of error, thereby minimizing waste motion and non-productive labor. These pictures were taken in the new McGraw-Hill Building in New York which was wired by J. Livingston & Co.



The telephone also aids the foreman in giving orders to the men as to where they should work when the job is done. This, of course, is impossible when the old system of using signal lights in pulling wire is used.



Operator below signals the arrival of the cable.

THE E. L. S. A. PLAN

an operating program of unified economy and co-ordinated selling for the electrical industry

BY
HOWARD EHRLICH
PRESIDENT
ELECTRICAL TRADE
PUBLISHING COMPANY

Perhaps Russia with is famed Five-Year Plan was the first to arouse the public consciousness to the novelty of a formal program to reach a definite objective. In any event the idea caught the popular fancy to such an extent that almost everyone now has a pet plan to meet any of the social, political or economic problems of this turbulent era.

It is with some hesitancy, therefore, that Electrical Wholesaling and ELECTRICAL CON-TRACTING, jointly, propose another plan, not as a cure-all for all the evils of the industry, but rather as an operating program of unified economy and coordinated selling that will meet the needs of today. The plan is essentially an objective for the industry and takes its name E. L. S. A. from the four words which comprise its main points-Economize, Localize, Specialize and Advertise.

For some time it has been apparent to the industry that fundamental problems existed which were and are seriously retarding normal development. Such problems, it must be borne in mind, are not entirely the result of the present depression. Even in the supposedly prosperous years of 1927, 1928 and 1929, the industry was facing a critical evolution. Few seemed to realize it or, if they did, the car of prosperity was travelling too fast and too well to give any thought to overhauling the engine.

Nevertheless, the "good old days"—when millions of homes accessible to central station lines were to be wired, when miles of streets were to be lighted with modern units, and when thousands of industrial plants were to be electrified—were rapidly passing. And with their passing, it became increasingly obvious that the influx of manufacturers, wholesalers, contractors and dealers into the industry made it impossible for sufficient business to be dropped into the laps of each of them to keep them profitably busy.

Naturally, a few among this group sensed the evolution which was taking place and visioned not only the absolute necessity for, but also the tremendous possibilities in creative selling as an emphatic substitute for the obsolete practice of order taking. To put it more practically, there is not a "Chinaman's chance" for the contractor, for example, who sits in his office and awaits the call for a job to be figured. Likewise, the wholesaler who merely accumulates a warehouse of supplies and then depends upon the "demand" in his own territory to move that stock at a profit, is the victim of his own short-sightedness. And, the self-same thought applies in equal measure to the dealer and the manufacturer.

Do conditions exist today which replace the markets of

the "good old days"? The answer is Yes!

There stands before us a tremendously big and important job of modernization to be done. Buildings of all kinds which were wired even a few years ago, offer great potential markets for modernization. Besides these there are the many new opportunities which are constantly arising through the developments of new commodities and new applications of old commodities.

These are the observations which constituted the background of our study. When analyzed it became readily apparent that any plan developed from such observations must be based on two fundamental principles.

The elimination of all waste.
 The development of the great potential market through creative selling methods.

On the supplement to this issue is the E. L. S. A. Plan. And,

it will be noted that the first recommendation of the plan is "Economize," under which heading are set forth the most important economies which each branch of the industry must effect if progress is to be made.

Creative selling is covered under the heading of "Localize" and "Specialize" with the high spots of such activities mentioned under the headings that apply particularly to each branch of the industry. Advertising is, of course, essential to all branches and those principles which must be followed on that subject are indicated under the heading of "Advertise".

It is, therefore, apparent that under the headings, "Economize", "Localize", "Specialize" and "Advertise" there is set forth for each branch of the industry a program that recognizes the important needs of today and offers in effect an objective toward which the industry must strive.

Too much emphasis cannot be placed on the fact that the E. L. S. A. Plan is an operating program of unified economy and coordinated selling by the industry. The fullest cooperation of the manufacturer, the wholesaler, the contractor and the dealer must, therefore, be had if the objectives as set forth in the plan are to be attained.

We believe that if the industry is going to be successful in the future it will have to function along the general lines of a program such as set forth in the E. L. S. A. Plan, and that organized leadership is necessary in advocating and sponsoring the kind of program outlined.

In conclusion *Electrical Wholesaling* and *Electrical Contracting* are assuming the responsibility for supporting the plan editorially through the pages of these magazines to the end that the wholesaling and contracting branches at least, will do their share towards bringing about a more stabilized and prosperous industry.



beating the depression

SELLS V-BELTS

Hornbeck & Hardie Electric Co., St. Louis, Mo., have the above set-up in their place of business which effectively demonstrates the application of the V-belt short center drive in connection with its use in shoe and textile factories. This arrangement also helps to demonstrate the method the firm uses for the installation of a fan to circulate the air above the heads of the workers at the bench. The 16-in. blade fan is operated from the same line shaft which drives the sewing machines mounted on the work bench.

PUMP LINE BRINGS BUSINESS

By H. H. Burgy Burgy Electric Works Vancouver, Wash.

On account of the present depression, I found that it was imperative to add something to my business in order to make more sales. I thought of a great many different schemes, and after considering them all decided upon the electric pump for farm use as the ideal thing.

I have, therefore, taken on a line of pumps which were formerly sold by the local power company, they having installed some 300 in this district. I have made a deal whereby they have turned this franchise over to me and are not only backing me in the sale of new installations but are also turning over to me all servicing on pumps so far installed. I can readily see that the servicing of these pumps will keep one man busy, to say nothing of the parts I will sell. After going over the territory I find that the users of the pumps are satisfied with their installations and will welcome my entering into the picture on the servicing end.

Overhead in carrying these pumps is small because they take up very little room. Soliciting for new business falls right in line with soliciting for wiring-not only must the pump be wired, but this gets me in and there are generally other things that develop in the way of additions, new outlets, etc. Every inquiry for new business and for servicing, even if the servicing is within the time of the one year guarantee of the company, is turned over to



H. H Burgy with one of the pumps he sells.

MOTOR CHECK-UP CAMPAIGN

By J. E. von Pingel Nichols Electric Co., Inc. Portland, Ore.

While we are primarily motor specialists, and the wiring work that we do is incidental to motor installations, our business has been hit the same as other lines. We have been in business some 10 years and have an established reputation in motor work. In the past we have been more or less content to accept the work that came our way as

the result of this reputation. But in the past few months it was evident that special efforts must be made.

The most logical way to do this appeared to be through direct personal contact, and to build up the sales argument around the present motor installation. I therefore spend a certain portion of my time going through plants and checking up on the motors that are running. Ordinarily when called into the plant on some service call the work would be performed and left at that. Now this becomes the excuse for a thorough check up on all the motors running. Sometimes I go into a plant "cold" and see what I can find.

It is not difficult in industrial plants, or in smaller commercial places of business requiring power, to find a motor running under over-load conditions.

Take as an example the old motor you see here and which I located the other day in one of my checking expeditions. It is 3 hp., 1750 r.p.m. and was driving an ice machine off a 3-in. pulley. In the first place, it was driving the ice machine at an over-rated speed. The motor was controlled simply by an externally operated knife switch with thermal protection. When the power would be interrupted momentarily, which happened not infrequently, and then came on again, it would find an uninterrupted circuit and full load on the motor, with back pressure on the ice machine. The result would be that the belt would either fly off, or, if it stayed on, the small pulley would not start the belt and the latter would be burned. They burned as many as three belts in two months time.

We corrected this by first supplying a slower motor of the same horsepower (1150 r.p.m.) This permitted of a pulley 2 in. greater in diameter, with more belt surface contact. We also put in a magnetic switch that will kick out in case of power failure. Then the machine cannot be started again except with an operator.

The result of this scouting, check-up and recommendation was that we sold a motor and starter and had an installation job.

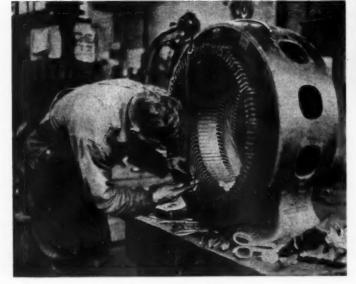


sell

In this department is performed all machine work necessary in the repair and reconditioning of motors. This is an especially good spot for demonstration to customers because the machines used here are common to a majority of industrial plants.

In the winding department the customer is shown the benefit derived by the contractor on this specialized piece of work, through selection of the proper motorization and control. Here, as in the entire shop, it is possible to show results under actual working conditions.





When a plant man is in the contractor's shop to see the working of individual motors and controls, it only takes a little more time to take him among the workmen who are making various motor repairs. Then he is shown the careful methods used and the kind of service he can expect when it is necessary for him to send in a machine.

Electrical Contracting, January, 1932

use your own shop to

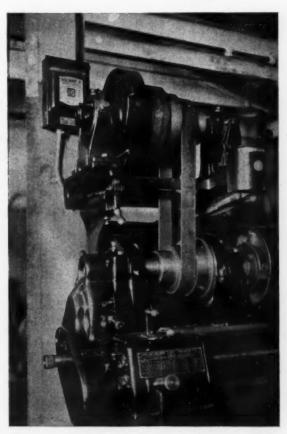
motorization

by L. H. Lanahan, Vice-President and Secretary, Tri-State Armature and Electrical Works, Memphis, Tenn.

The selling and servicing of individual motors for industrial machines form an important specialty in the set-up of those contractors who lean toward motor and power wiring. To do a proper job of selling, the contractor is required to put over a highly technical story of economy, freedom from trouble and increased production. In our case, the business has been substantially increased and the customers more thoroughly sold, by equipping our own shop with the latest in individual motors and controls, and using this equipment for demonstration.



The details of the special safety relays in the controls are carefully brought to the attention of the visiting prospect. Then he is invited to watch the operation of the controls under conditions where the motor is overloaded or actually-blocked. After watching the motor remain stationary for an indefinite period, without damage, he has first hand knowledge of just what he can expect in the way of freedom from trouble and expense.



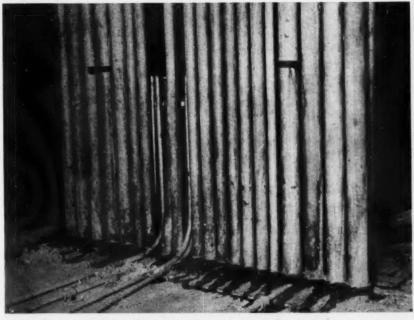
There are different controls on almost every machine, according to the operations performed. This means that the customer invited to witness the demonstration of individual motors is at the same time shown all the best features for easier operation and safety.



Conduit Shaft Economies

The conduit risers in the County Building at Pittsburgh run in an open shaft for 110 ft. To take up this weight and also to prevent the conduit from riding forward in the shaft before the concrete was poured, the Sargent Engineering Co. used beam clamps. Straps saved money setting panels.

Front view of panel box. By mounting panels in this manner a set location was established to run the panel feeders. Also nippling was avoided.



Rear view of clamps in place. The clamps are made of two pieces of iron bolted together around the pipe and with a hook on the end of one piece which slips over the beam. Each riser was anchored in this fashion at each floor. The straps above the floor are on the back of the panel boxes. Two 3-in. conduits running an equal distance apart throughout the shaft were used as panel box anchors. It was thus possible to make up all beam clamps and panel box strips at one time.

Accurate Estimating

By RAY ASHLEY Chief Estimator and Engineer, Electrical Survey Bureau, Chicago

This the sixth and last of a series of articles deals with the summary and final bid sheets. In many ways it is the most important of all because it pertains to data which must be used throughout the life of the job.

N estimate should be so compiled that any one familiar with estimating can thoroughly understand it. The idea that the one who figured the project must be present to explain the work, results from the use of incomplete and poorly assembled

It is the "acid" test of an estimate to have some one try to use it other than the person who actually compiled the figures. Shortcomings are more readily

detected by some one who can not rely on any mental notes to account for the different operations and quantities. Mental notes at best are only of temporary use, and often are found to be confused with the

wrong job. The "summary sheet," though not used by many contractors, is a very valuable aid in the understanding of the work. It is the key to the whole project and a necessary

part of a good estimate.

Contractors who do not have a sheet for summing up the integral parts of a project, carry the totals forward from sheet to sheet. The only individual total occurs on the first sheet, and any other sheet has its total combined with all the preceding items. This method has many disadvantages, as well as reducing the value of the completed estimate.

Following are some of the reasons why such a method should not be used:

1. A sheet cannot be summed up until all those preceding it are completed.

2. More errors occur in carrying totals forward, than in transferring individual totals to a summary sheet.

3. There are no separate totals for the individual branches of the work.

4. If, after the sheets have been totaled, it is found necessary to change one, all the successive sheets must be changed.

5. In addition to avoiding the foregoing difficulties, the summary sheet provides:

1. A condensed list of the branches of work involved, such as light, power, telephone signals, etc.
2. An index to the pricing sheets.
3. An index to the take-off sheets (providing they have been numbered as described in a previous article).

A Simplifies checking the various branches. 4. Simplifies checking the various branches.

The cost per unit of various branches does not vary a great deal for similar types of installations, and data accumulated from actual construction can only be applied to the systems in question when they have been estimated as separate divisions. The cost of a house telephone installation for certain classes of work may average \$48 per station for instruments installed, and \$20 per station for wiring. Any similar installation which varied greatly from the average price could be checked to find the cause. If the telephone installation was not summed up separately, there would be no way to find the cost per unit.

The contractor who is awarded the job uses the summary sheet throughout the life of the contract as an index, and the segregated labor costs enable him to check the progress of the work more accurately.

Due to the fact that this sheet is to serve as an index,

care should be taken in setting up the headings. A hospital may have an auxiliary emergency lighting system, which receives its power from a motor generator set and batteries. Two sheets may be required for listing the materials; one for the branch wiring and the other for the generating and distribution equipment. The sheets should be headed "Emergency Lighting—Branch Wir-ing," and "Emer-gency Lighting— Motor Gen. and Dist." This is much more descriptive than the headings



Combination summary and final bid sheet

"Emergency Lighting" and "Emergency Lighting Continued." Every effort should be made to minimize the time required for locating various items.

The form of sheet to be used for the summary depends on size of the project, and the likes and dislikes of the individual. One of the accompanying illustrations shows a form which combines the summary and final bid sheets in one. This makes a compact and well arranged sheet, which can be used for most any project as it is, regardless of size, with the aid of sub-sheet. For very large projects, or for contractors who wish to have more descriptive matter in connection with the items listed, separate forms are preferable. On small projects the summary sheet may serve also as a final bid sheet, if there is space enough left for adding the job and miscellaneous costs.

The space required for listing these items varies greatly in different contractors' offices. For this reason it would be hard to get out a form of final bid sheet which would be universally applicable. Opinions of contractors vary greatly as to what items should be included in the percentage added for overhead. In some cases contractors contend that the overhead should cover everything except the actual cost of labor and material. The trouble with this method is that in order to get an accurate cost, the percentage would have to be varied for

each job. The most accurate costs are arrived at by keeping the items covered by overhead charges down to a minimum.

One job may have plans furnished by the engineer, which are completely laid out, and the cost of drawings would be nil. On the other hand, the cost of drawings for a job which has to be engineered and laid out, may run as high as 1 per cent of the total cost of his contract. Although this item only represents 1 per cent of the total cost, it may represent an amount equal to 10 per cent of the contractor's estimated profit. The cost of delivering and handling material also varies greatly with the location and type of the job, and cannot be accurately covered with a fixed percentage.

In some localities pro-rata charges (charges to cover the ex-

pense of repairing damaged plaster, broken windows, temporary heating and miscellaneous job expenses which are pro-rated among the contractors, by the owner or his representative), are never heard of. In large cities, however, some architects specify that the contractor shall allow a sum to cover these expenses. It may run as high as 1.5 per cent of the contract price.

Two per cent has been found to be a reasonable amount to add to the cost of labor and material to cover the miscellaneous items which are too numerous to justify the time for listing. This addition is made to cover tape, solder, scattered junction boxes and such minor items as cannot be foreseen. The 2 per cent will not cover the cost of elbows, pull boxes, and pipe fittings.

The amount to be added for overhead and profit is a question of business policy and is not a matter to be discussed further in this article.

The final check of an estimate for a large project, which comes after the figures are all completed, usually requires a special effort.

Regardless of the special effort required, this last examination of the figures should not be neglected. Errors which are overlooked while one is laboring under the strain of getting out the work are often readily detected when the job is completed and one is able to

relax while checking. There are many strange things about the psychology of estimating, but perhaps the strangest is the fact that when looking through a completed estimate the sub-conscious mind is often more active than the conscious mind making it frequently possible to catch the most unexpected mistakes.

There is, of course, a limit to the time that is allowed for getting out bids, and it is expected that some small omissions and errors may occur. If these do not total in excess of 1 per cent of the total cost, the estimate is very good.

Pages might be written about the methods required for getting out complete and satisfactory estimates, and still the subject would not be covered, for building

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Form of summary sheet to be used when more description is wanted. Note the necessity for a "carried forward" line on each page to prevent any mistakes as to final cost.

methods are continually changing. Each change may present a new problem.

In concluding this series of articles two bits of advice might be apropos. Firstly, regardless of all rules, forms and systems, never lose sight of the fact that common sense must be used, and secondly, avoid over-confidence.

ele ctrical contracting

With which is incorporated The Electragist

S. B. WILLIAMS, Editor

1932?

IKE everyone else we have been guilty in the past of predicting, but this year we are accepting conditions as they are, making no predictions, sticking to facts, working a little harder, seeking new markets and advising everybody else to do likewise.

The past week we went into two factories in the same city. One was in the dumps; its volume was decreasing; salesmen were being discharged and all efforts generally curtailed. The other had purchased a new and larger factory and was happily busy.

The answers lay in the fact that the latter got busy some months ago to develop new lines and these lines have sold.

This is the true answer to today's problem. It matters little what one is doing—manufacturing, wholesaling, contracting, or what. Find new outlets for your energies.

There are any number of new things for contractors to take up. What if they are strange to you at this moment? Learn about them and at least try to sell.

Every manufacturer today is more than eager to help a contractor land a prospect. Dig up leads, the manufacturer will show you how to close—and you will be paid for your efforts.

This is a wonderful year for every contractor to seek out and develop some specialty. When building picks up and everybody is busy there is no time to develop a specialty—now everybody has time.

So we make no predictions for 1932. We know that many contractors who have thus far weathered the blow will give up and work elsewhere for a living. Nobody, of course, likes to see a fellow lose all of his savings and his business but the fact remains that only the strong and courageous can survive. This depression is going to leave a contracting industry that is much stronger in

potentialities. The contractors that live through this situation will be the men who will carry the bulk of the business when it turns back—because they are salesmen.

CONGRATULATIONS, ELECTRAGISTSI

THE Electragists after making every reasonable effort to cooperate with the other branches of the industry have at last decided that the only way to get things done for the contractor is to go out and do them. Congratulations, A. E. I.!

On another page will be seen the program to counteract the insidious propaganda of N.E.L.A. headquarters for lower wiring standards. It should be the rallying cry for all electrical contractors.

Those who are not Electragists should join the ranks. Individually you are helpless to prevent the power crowd from turning your business over to the public. Collectively you are stronger than all of the power companies.

The time has come for the contractors to take an aggressive attitude with respect to their own business and not let others tell them what they can and cannot do.

LICENSE EXAMINATIONS

RDINANCE after ordinance requires that before an electrical contractor may secure a license he shall pass a "satisfactory examination." Just what is a "satisfactory examination"?

This is a matter of serious import to the contracting industry. The depression, if it has not done another thing of value, has at least been reasonably successful in thinning out the ranks of contractors.

For years the industry has tried everything it could think of to accomplish what the business situation has brought about. But the ranks will not stay thinned out for long unless "satisfactory examination" means something more than a perfunctory gesture.

The industry needs a type of examination that is thorough and fair—an examination that cannot be passed except by those who are truly qualified. It is unfair to expect a local examining board of three men to be able to develop a satisfactory examination. Some have, but they are in minority.

It is here suggested that the International Association of Electrical Inspectors and the Association of Electragists appoint a joint committee for the purpose of developing a form of examination and procedure that may be followed in any locality.

It is not suggested that this committee actually prepare the examinations but rather that it set up certain measuring sticks and ways of arriving at the measurements.

Let us not sleep on this matter. Right now the tide is flowing out, but it won't be long before it will return with a new and larger batch of prospective contractors.

BETTER MECHANICS

A N interesting experiment is taking place in Wisconsin with its objective the improvement of the workman personnel of the electrical contracting industry, particularly the apprentice. The training will be under the supervision of the State Board of Vocational Education acting with an advisory committee of electrical contractors.

The industry does not need more mechanics, it needs better men. It needs men who are trained not only to use their hands, but their head as well.

It is not enough to simply give a boy four years' apprenticeship in some contractor's shop. Men have to be taught and it is not every journeyman who can properly teach a helper. More care and attention must be given to the men and boys who are entering this work.

Intelligent training of apprentices will save the industry vast sums of money.

INDUSTRIAL MODERNIZATION

NE of the greatest storehouses of new business for the industrial electrical contractor is modernization. In thousands of factories it should be no trick to show the management a considerable economy in modern motorization, control drive, lighting and wiring. Larger feeders alone will save thousands of dollars.

Factory owners will agree on the advisability of following out the program of the industrial electrical contractor but—where is the money coming from?

The Electrical Guild of North America has answered this problem by arranging with a well established time payment company to extend credit for electrical modernization to industrials that have a satisfactory credit standing.

This should prove to be a very effective aid to contractors who are trying to develop the industrial modernization market. It is quite possible that in many cases the savings effected will be enough, or almost enough, to take care of the payments as they become due.

There is, however, one word of caution and undoubtedly the officers of the Guild have given it full consideration. Many factory executives are very much opposed to permitting union workmen in their plants on the grounds that they will interfere with existing labor relations in the plant.

Since Guild members employ only union wiremen it would seem advisable for the I.B.E.W. to make a statement of policy in this connection that would make it possible for the contractors to assure prospective customers, where necessary, that there would be no attempts at labor interference.

If the Guild and the I.B.E.W. are in accord on the principle that the worker's real interest lies in an annual income then there should be no difficulty in securing from labor an unequivocal statement of "hands off" policy in factories where they might have work to do.

PRICE CHANGES

WHILE a depression is on, prices trend generally downward and it is good business to keep stocks at the lowest possible levels. When a depression is about over we generally see unmistakable signs in fluctuating prices. Manufacturers whose products are under-priced look for the first opportunity to improve their position.

There are already attempts being made to increase the price of commodities such as copper, and there is every likelihood that the coming months will see considerable testing of prices and consequently many fluctuations.

The Resale Price Service which appears in each issue of ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING will reflect these changes as made. It is a service which should prove of unmeasurable value to the industry.

When prices are down your competition has so informed your customer and you must conform. When prices advance you are on your own unless some such service as our Resale Price Service is available.

Then it is that thousands of dollars will be saved by the contractors using that service.

code chats ///

A MONTHLY DISCUSSION OF WIRING PRACTICE AND QUESTIONS OF INTERPRETATION, PRESENTED WITH A VIEW TOWARD ENCOURAGING A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE.

CONDUCTED BY F. N. M. SQUIRES

ASSISTANT CHIEF INSPECTOR, N. Y. BOARD OF FIRE UNDERWRITERS

NEW FIXTURE WIRE RULES

Since the advent of the high heat producing incandescent lamps trouble has been experienced from the heat affecting the rubber insulation on fixture wires. While the former Code required heat-resisting wires quite generally where temperatures over 120° F, were encountered there were always differences of opinions in regards to the heat to which fixture wires were exposed.

Also very often after a job had been installed, inspected, and approved, larger lamps were used than those originally installed, thus subjecting the wires to more heat than formerly. Now, however, the Code has settled the arguments by requiring (1404d) that all fixtures used in dry places and also those of weathertight construction be wired with some form of heat resisting wire, and mentions seven types none of which is one of our familiar type of rubber covered wire.

ONE GROUND CONNECTION ONLY

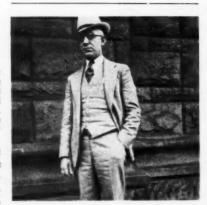
"At a farm home in this section we find at the farm house a 220 volt service with neutral grounded (with artificial ground). The barn 300 ft. away is served with 200 volts for a small motor, No. 14 wire being used. For lights in the barn they take the neutral from another artificial ground."

It is assumed that the farm house has a 3-wire 110-220 volt service with the neutral grounded (with artificial ground) at the service entrance. From the statement in the letter it would seem that there are but two No. 14 wires run from the house to the barn for both a 220 volt motor and 110 volt lights.

As the total power and lighting

load in the barn probably does not exceed 15 amp. the No. 14 wire is evidently large enough, though to avoid drop on such a long run larger size wires should be used.

But the use of two wires running to the barn and then picking up a neutral from another artificial ground in the barn is clearly a Code violation. A three wire feed should have been run from the house to the barn and in the barn besides a switch on this feeder, if no switch was provided in the house, there should be a motor branch circuit and a lighting branch circuit with the neutral for this coming all the way from the house. Rules 903 (d) and (e) govern this and require that "the grounding connection for an interior wiring system shall be made "on the supply side of the service switch" and "shall be connected from one point only to the grounding electrode or electrodes."



PUSHES REINSPECTION:—T. C. McCann, electrical inspector for Peoria, Ill., follows through on reinspection as provided by the city ordinance. He has been electrical inspector for seven years, and previous to that time was in the electrical contracting business.

INTER-CONNECTED NEUTRALS

Because of three communications received during the month of November from different parts of the country we again refer to our old friend the Neutral in an endeavor to help clarify the subject.

While Section 613 deals with feeder sizes and paragraph (e) of 613 with the neutral of feeders, the second sentence of 613 (e) plainly says that a common neutral may be employed for not more than 8 circuits on a 3-wire d.c. or single phase a.c. system or on a 5-wire 2-phase a.c. system, and with not more than 6 circuits on a 4-wire 3-phase system. Also 808 (c) allows the use of multi-wire branch circuits.

The restriction on the inter-connection of neutrals of various branch circuits is intended to prevent cross connecting the neutral of one branch circuit with that of another in such a way that the current will not follow a path enclosed within the same armor.

It is not intended to prevent running a multi-wire circuit using a common neutral (such as a 3-wire or 4-wire circuit) away from a distributing panel to an outlet or junction box and then running away from that box with two or more 2-wire circuits. This latter practice is being followed in many installations, and does not violate the Code.

The trouble with the rule, and the thing that has confused many, is the word "inter-connected."

Official National Electrical Code Interpretation No. 2 as issued by the Electrical Committee N.F.P.A. says, in part.

The intent of the restriction of paragraph 807 (c) "the neutrals of the branch circuits shall not be inter-connected except at the center of distribution" was

Electrical Contracting, January, 1932



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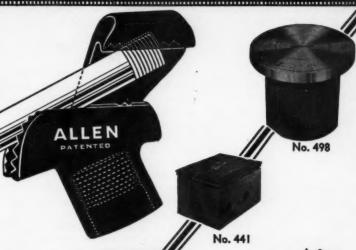
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No. 443

No. 447

Pittsburgh, Pa.



to prohibit deriving a 3-wire branch circuit from a circuit consisting of the two outer wires of a 3-wire system run for some distance from a center of distribution and then joined by the grounded neutral wire of a separate branch circuit to accomplish for the remaining portion of the original 2-wire circuit the equivalent of a 3-wire circuit with grounded neutral.

FIXTURE CANOPIES AND OUTLET BOXES

For years it has been recognized, especially by inspection departments, that outlet boxes had not been standardized with fixture canopies. In some cases the outlet boxes were larger than the fixture canopy used on it, if indeed, any canopy was used at all. More frequently, the canopy was larger than the outlet box. They just didn't fit together at all.

While it is very generally conceded that the outlet box and the canopy should form a metal enclosure for splices, it has been known that where they did not make a satisfactory splicing compartment there was very often considerable flammable material within the enclosure. Now rule 703 (a) requires that "in completed installations, the (outlet) box shall be provided with a cover." But "when a fixture canopy is used in lieu of a cover and the wall or ceiling is of combustible material, a continuous metal to metal (or equivalent) fit shall be secured between the edge of the box and the canopy.'



FRIENDLY COMPETITORS: — Guy R. Somers of Service Electric Company, R. B. Foster and O. L. Bowers are all electrical contractors in Columbus, Ohio, and are shown coming out of a jobber's store. They operate pretty much the same as to the nature of the wiring business they do, which consists of residence, industrial and commercial work. Bowers and Foster often work together. When this picture was taken they were about to begin on a 13-story building.

Also on the installation of the fixture we are warned by 1403 (f) that "fixture canopies used in lieu of covers at outlet boxes shall provide a continuous metal to metal (or equivalent) fit with the run of the box wherever the wall or ceiling is of combustible material."

This means that the fixture manufacturers must get busy and design proper size canopies and the contractors must see to it that only the right ones are used.

OMITTING THE SERVICE SWITCH

The service rules used to be quite simple. Up to the 1928 Code a main service switch and cutout had to be provided for each building. Then with the 1928 Code we were startled to find in rule 405 (c) 4 that in buildings served through two, three, or four meters where there was a separate switch and cutout for each meter the single main service switch could be omitted. In other words there could be four service switches grouped at one point instead of but one. Now that we have digested that rule and have gotten used to it they give us another brain teaser. This is rule 405 b (2) which is entirely new. But before reading the whole sub-paragraph (2) note that the second word is switch. Therefore it is only the service switch which may be omitted under the paragraph's provisions, but the service fuse (or circuit breaker) can not be omitted. The controller (switch) but not the main protective device (fuse or circuit breaker) may be eliminated.

Now read sub-paragraph (2) slowly and carefully taking note of all reference. In its 16 lines of print (plus 10 lines of reference) there are 12 conditions which must be met if we are to omit the main service switch

For a clear setting forth of these conditions we are indebted to Arthur L. Abbott's "Analysis of 1931 Edition of the National Electrical Code" as published by the National Electrical Manufacturers Association.

These are the 12 conditions:

1. The building served must be a single-family residence.

2. The installation must not include more than 6 branch circuits.

3. Each branch circuit must be protected by a circuit-breaker.

4. The branch-circuit circuit-break-

ers must be grouped in a single readily accessible cabinet located at the point of entrance.

5. The branch-circuit circuit-breakers must be capable of being operated and reset without opening the cabinet.

Means must be provided within the cabinet for opening the grounded conductor.

Ungrounded service conductors must not be exposed to contact when the door of the cabinet is open or its cover removed.

8. The capacity of the service conductors must be equal to the sum of the settings of the individual circuit breakers.

The meter must be installed in conjunction with sealable equipment having no live parts or wiring exposed.

10. The system must be A.C.

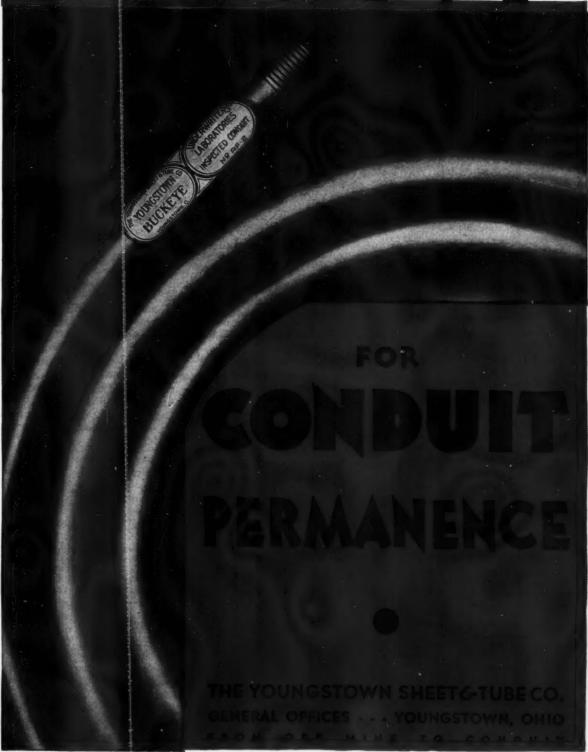
11. The system must operate at a voltage not exceeding 300 volts between conductors and 150 volts to ground.

12. The rating of the service fuses must not exceed 60 amperes, or if a circuit-breaker is used instead of fuses, the setting of the breaker must not exceed 70 amperes.



BUILDING SUBSTANTIAL INDUSTRIAL BUSINESS:—A. E. Bertke founded the Bertke Electric Company, Cincinnati, only three years ago but his experience was such that he has built up a substantial industrial business in that short time. He began as a young man with the Western Electric Company in the stock and telephone departments. After that he was a journeyman for a number of years and then estimator for Devere Electric Company for ten years. He is a graduate of Ohio Mechanical Institute and had charge of the electrical department in the Reconstruction School for Disabled Veterans at Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio.

YOUNGSTOWN ·BUCKEYE



NEWS AND SERVICE INFORMATION

MATERIAL FOR THIS DEPARTMENT IS SUPPLIED BY THE HEADQUARTERS STAFF OF THE ASSOCIATION OF ELECTRAGISTS, INTERNATIONAL 420 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

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Vice President, Earl N. Peak 1603 West Main Street, Marshalltown, Iowa

DIVISIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEEMEN

Eastern Louis Kalischer 288 Livingston St. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Southern D. B. Clayton 844 Martin Bldg. Birmingham, Ala.

Southeastern W. W. Ingalls 315 S. W. 10th Ave. Miami Florida

Great Lakes E. D. Brown 2470 Grand River Ave. Detroit, Mich.

Central E. T. Langford 511 S. Third St. Minneapolis, Minn. Mountatin

R. R. Reid 1957 South 5th East Salt Lake, City, U.

Pacific F. O. Sievers 468 5th St. San Francisco, Cal.

Eastern Canadian R. A. L. Gray 85 York Street Toronto, Ont.

Western Canadian J. H. Schumacher 344 Main Street Winnipeg, Man.

At Large L. K. Comstock 16 East 52nd St. New York City

J. A. Fowler 118 Monroe Ave. Memphis, Tenn.

General Manager Laurence W. Davis 420 Lexington Ave. New York City

in each community increased adequacy in wiring installations, through standardization in adequate wiring practice, simplification of wiring methods and materials, sound and effective local ordinances governing wiring, and the cooperation of architects, builders and all electrical men keeping pace with the growth of electrical service opportunities.

In this movement the Association of Electragists is taking the lead nationally, and local electrical contractors must take the lead locally. No national movement can protect their own communities if insidious propaganda, such as this for "approved lamp cord wiring," finds a foothold there, to strike at safety to life and property and destroy their business as electrical contractors. Only the electrical men of each community can act for their own interests.

Adequate Wiring

The Electragist Standards covering "Engineering Design for Adequacy in House Wiring Installations," is a first step in a broad program undertaken by the A.E.I. to meet this great need for constructive development of adequately wired homes. This is the first step-which will be followed steadily by standards covering adequacy in other wiring installations.

These adequacy wiring standards are the "road maps" showing the route-they will not take us anywhere unless we travel the road. The A.E.I. urges, therefore, that local contractors everywhere immediately take the following steps:

Organize

1. Call for a meeting of the local Electragists' Chapter. (If you have no chapter, call together all the electragists and other leading electrical contractors in your local territory, and organize for action and to form a chapter.)

2. Have this organization take the lead in creating a local industry code and wiring standards committee to be made up of two or more electrical contractors, the local electrical inspector, an underwriters' representative, a local utility company representative, an architect (to be appointed by the local chapter of the A.I.A.), and a representative of the electrical workers.

3. This local code and wiring standards committee should be organ-(Continued on page 28)

FIGHT CHEAP WIRING **PROPAGANDA**

Answering the propaganda of H.S. Bennion, representing the N.E.L.A., for "cheap as lamp cord" wiring materials to be placed where "householders everywhere can buy them," to increase the sale of current for the utilities (as reported on page 20 in the December issue of Electrical CONTRACTING), the Association of Electragists, International, is inaugurating a broad, constructive program to counteract such efforts to place the sale of current ahead of the lives of people, safety from fire hazards, or the permanent interest of the public and the electrical industry.

This program consists of the following major steps:

- 1. Declaration of firm policy for stand-ardization and simplification of wiring materials, working towards the adoption of All-Metal-Wiring-rigid metallic-coated conduit, flexible metallic conduit, armored bushed cable, metal raceways and standardized boxes, fittings, wires and cables—in the interests of public safety and greatest ultimate economy.
- 2. Strengthening of local ordinances governing wiring installations to prevent lowering of safety standards.
- 3. Organization of local industry code and wiring standards committees in every city in the country.

4. Adoption of the Electragist Adequacy Standards and their acceptance by all architects and builders. The A.E.I. has issued the follow-

ing announcement:

It is necessary for the electrical industry in every community to meet destructive propaganda with measures which will protect and safeguard their own people, for whose welfare they are responsible. At the same time, constructive steps need to be taken to assure to the electrical users



MILWAUKEE CHAPTER EXECUTIVE:— George A. McGaw is vice-president of the Milwaukee Chapter, A.E.I. He has been in business for a number of years and his work is mostly large structures and industrial installations.



"Are You Buying a Cat in a Bag?"



Are you investigating (a)-Values, (b)-Satisfactory Service, (c)-Long Life, (d)-Prompt Deliveries?

Have you carefully considered what you will actually get with the low-priced bid?

Do you realize that a concern with a reputation for leadership can not afford to cheat with a low-priced bid? Imitations must be cheap or lose out.

Remember @ Quality will remain LONG after the price is forgotten.



ST. LOUIS



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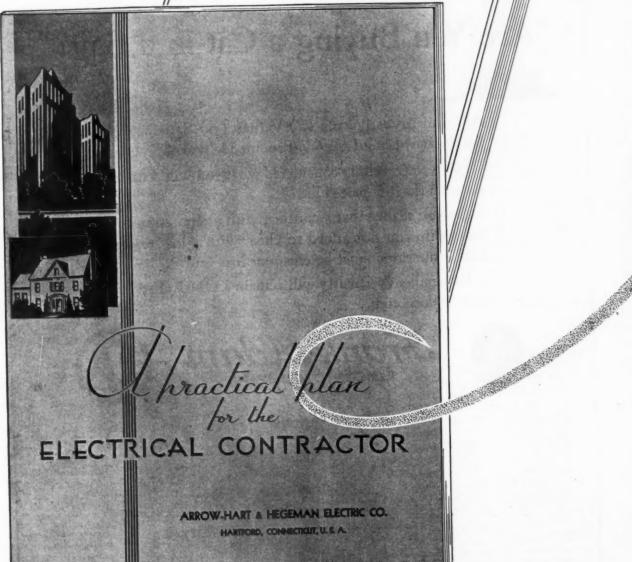
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To Increase the Volume of and the Profit in ELECTRICAL WIRING JOBS



HART & HEGEMAN DIVISION

Wait for Building but a NEW Plan-

Building business on what we HAVE!

NEW building is OFF more than average slump in other industries. Decline in home-building has not yet halted—and you can't hang wiring systems on trees. Not enough building now, or in sight, to support our present wiring industry. A new market must be found—and a new market EXISTS in the tremendous total of wiring installations made in the past ten years. These jobs are behind-times in electrical accommodations. They are not now adequate to care for the many advances in electrical conveniences, new appliances and lighting. Home owners do not realize the number of additional comforts and services which a completely up-to-date wiring job will afford. The H & H PLAN is to ORGANIZE this market and make it alive to its present needs.

You, the Contractor, are the industry's point of contact with our consumer. The home-owner is your customer; you have his name on your books. You're in position to know what he has, and see what he NEEDS to modernize his wiring installation. The PLAN explains how to approach him and sell him on the "SHOW PART" of his wiring job. This works up the sale of additional wiring on such attractive, appealing new devices as Radio Outlets, Clock Hanger Outlets, Fan Hanger Outlets, Pilot Light and Switch Combinations, Warning Light and Receptacle Combinations and others.

The PLAN Book gives you simple directions on how to analyze your old-customer list; coach your men in home-inspection and advisory service; lay out the new wiring requirements; present your customer a complete proposition including installed cost. It is a Plan of Experience, which has WORKED AS PLANNED and will surely succeed for you if carefully followed. Send for your copy and break into a new market without waiting for new building!



RETURN THIS COUPON

It Brings Action by Return Mail

HART & HEGEMAN DIVISION
THE ARROW-HART & HEGEMAN ELECTRIC CO. HARTFORD, CONN.

(Continued from page 24) ized as promptly as possible, and lay out the following program:

- (a) Analyze in detail the recommendations embodied in the Electragist Standards for Adequacy, as to outlets, switches, branch circuits for lighting and portable appliances, circuits for fixed appliances, service capacity and service equipment, and arrive at a common agreement as to its application in your territory.
 - (Additional copies of the "Electragist Standards for Adequacy in House Wiring Installations" may be secured from headquarters at at 25 cents each, for committee or general use.)
- (b) Secure the approval and endorsement of the utility company to the standards agreed upon by the committee.
- (c) Secure the endorsement of the local Chapter of the architects to these standards, and supply all local architects with copies of the standards and with the form of specifications for residence wiring covering the standards.
- (d) Place the adequate wiring standards in the hands of all builders, with the recommendation of your local committee attached.
- (e) Arrange a series of electrical contractors' group meetings to study the standards, until every electrical contractor is familiar with them.

Range Wiring

4. The local industry code and wiring standards committee should immediately contact with the local utility company regarding any plans the company may have for range selling campaigns, and offer its services for—



ELECTRAGIST ACTIVE IN BUILDING CONGRESS: J. R. Tomlinson, secretary of the Portland (Ore.) Chapter of Electragists, is actively engaged in the organization of the electrical department of the Trades Apprentice School. This school is promoted by the Oregon Building Congress established in 1921, and in which Mr. Tomlinson is very much interested.

(a) Development of satisfactory standard service and range wiring.

(b) Promotion of plans for selling the range customer as to the importance of putting in service equipment at that time adequate to take care of reasonable certainty of further load demands in the near future, and not make it necessary to do the work all over again when other heavy duty equipment is added.

Ordinances

- 5. The code and standards committee should turn its attention to the local ordinance governing wiring installations. (If there is no local code and inspection ordinance, the committee should take proper steps to secure the enactment of such ordinance.) The committee should give consideration to the following questions regarding the regulation of wiring within their city:
- (a) Does it require a permit before work is started, to assure proper inspection of all work?
- (b) Is the inspection being properly enforced?
- (c) Is reinspection being carried on, to prevent serious life and fire hazards being incurred by amateur wiring after the original installation has been inspected?
- (d) Does the ordinance provide the proper restriction as to the types of wiring methods and materials which may be used in your city, to assure the public of safety to life and property, with adequate degree of permanency and economy?

Simplification

The increasing numbers of wiring methods and materials being permitted in the National Electrical Code to perform identically the same function of carrying current, has increased the complexity of manufacturing, distribution and installation costs, until this complexity has become a serious burden and a real obstacle to economical installation.

The A.E.I. believes that three or four wiring methods are ample to meet practically all needs of diversity in average building conditions and occupancies, and that the All-Metal types of wiring systems provide the necessary range of diversity to meet such needs, embodying greatest safety to life and property, permanency and efficiency of operation, with greatest flexibility and economy of installation.

Adopt All-Metal

The A.E.I. recommends that electrical contractors work towards the adoption of All-Metal wiring installations—rigid metal conduit, flexible metallic conduit, metal armored cable and metal raceways—as the standard



MOTOR SPECIALIST IN ELECTRICAL BUSINESS 33 YEARS:—James L. Hardie, motor specialist of Hornbeck & Hardie Electric Co., St. Louis, Mo., has been in the electrical business 33 years. Originally he was with one of the motor manufacturers, then followed a long connection with one of the leading jobbers in charge of apparatus sales, and since 1919 with Hornbeck & Hardie Electric Co. The firm operates a modern motor repair shop and specializes in industrial installation work.

wiring methods in each community. In the interest of public safety and greatest ultimate economy. Experience has proven in many cities that the adoption of all-metal wiring by ordinance requirements has lowered the costs of wiring, through standardization of materials, simplification of distribution and handling, and increased efficiency in installation.

This program for adequate wiring is vital to the future of the contractors' business. Mr. Bennion's article proposes that materials for "lamp cord wiring" should be placed where "householders everywhere can buy them in convenient and attractive form," and "the National Electrical Code and city ordinances be modified to permit the use" of "cheap as lamp cord" wiring. There is no place in that proposal for the electrical contractor—nor for the safety of the homes where such wiring prevails.

Public Safety

Steadily, little by little, the industry standards for safety to life and property have been torn down and commercial interests have replaced them. The time has come to act! Every right thinking man in every community will support a movement to safeguard his own home. The A.E.I. urges every electrical contractor to participate in organizing a local industry code and wiring standards committee in his community.

America's most moderately priced Electrically-Wound Time-Switch

is made by

SANGAMO

America's first high precision electrically-wound Timeswitch was introduced a year ago by Sangamo, internationally-known manufacturer of electric precision instruments. Now comes its companion . . . a new Sangamo Time-switch, at a much lower price. Here are its main features:

- 1 ... Electrically-wound. Not synchronous, not affected by variations in frequency.
- 2... Ten (10) hours reserve in the event of current interruption.
- 3 . . . 40-ampere capacity.
- 4 . . . Frequent "on" and "off" operations without additional cost.
- 5... Automatic cutout for holiday, Sunday and/or daily operation.
- 6... Manual operation without disturbing sequence.
- Jeweled clock escapement . . . dust-proof . . . good time-keeping qualities.
- 8 . . . Clock mechanism enclosed in dust-proof housing.
- 9... 1/2" and 3/4" pry-outs back and bottom of switch case.
- 10.. Guaranteed by Sangamo, having sales, service and engineering facilities adequate to care for any requirement.

With the Sangamo Time-switches, you can meet any timecontrol problem...both on the basis of quality and of price. Write for complete details.



SANGAMO ELECTRIC COMPANY . SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

IN THE EDITOR'S

FIFTY-THREE YEARS A CONTRACTOR

Editor,

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

I am enclosing this clipping from the December issue of Electrical Contracting:

"Who is the oldest electrical contractor in years of service in the largest county in the largest state of the Union? The answer is Murphy Johnson, Alpine, Brewster County, Texas."

I wish you would date Mr. Johnson up and see how he compares with my record of 53 years in the electrical contracting business.

I would be pleased to see answer in your next issue.

S. R. PAYSON.

Providence, R. I.

PROBATION FOR NEW CONTRACTORS

Editor,

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

In my annual report to the State convention, I recommended that no man entering business be given credit, without at least six months proba-



ONE OF FT. WAYNE'S OLDEST FIRMS:

On the left is Earl Arnold, with his brother, P. B. Arnold, who founded the Arnold Electric Co. about 30 years ago, making it one of the three oldest electrical construction companies in Ft. Wayne, Ind. This is a partly specialized firm, with emphasis on large work, fixtures and remodeling. Earl Arnold supervises the construction.

tion, irrespective of his financial means or backing.

I am glad you made a similar recommendation in your article, "Weeding," in December issue of Elec-TRICAL CONTRACTING.

It is more important to control new contractors at the present time than it may be in the future. So many of the unemployed may go into business, and create a situation which will become more serious as times and conditions improve.

Keep on pounding this thought in your columns, so that jobbers and distributors will be thoroughly impressed.

LOUIS FREUND,
President, N. Y. State Assn.
of Electrical Contractors
and Dealers.

GARAGE WIRING ARTICLE HELPS

Editor,

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

The Garage Wiring Economy article in Practical Methods for October came just at the right time to be of real service to me. It solves an underground service between a new house and garage where a change was desired by owner after walls were all plastered and underground conduit all in. Many thanks.

NORMAN W. ALLEN.

Sycamore, Ill.

WANTS HELP IN CREDIT CONTROL Editor.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

We have in Fort Wayne in the neighborhood of twenty-five electrical contractors and three jobbing houses. About six of these contractors discount their bills. At least half of the entire group are extremely slow pay and many of them owe and have owed for a long time large sums. These fellows, however, seem to be getting materials. They purchase from one house and then another and eventually quit the game, but others follow in their footsteps.

Those who pay their bills feel they have at least in a degree the right to demand of the jobbers to insist on prompt payment of all bills by contractors and some arrangement made to pay old accounts in a systematic

Was wondering whether you might be in a position to offer some sug-

gestions. Surely some of the clubs around about us have had considerable experience from this standpoint.

A. H. WELKLIN, Director of Publicity,

Fort Wayne (Ind.) Electrical Club. [Other local associations are urged to write direct to Mr. Welklin, 3405 N. Clinton St., Fort Wayne, Ind.—Editor.]

THANKS

Editor,

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

We wish to congratulate you on the article on pages 10 and 11 of the October issue of the ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING, dealing with the reasons why electrical contractors should replace plant electricians.

We think this is one of the clearest and most concise articles on this subject it has been our pleasure to read.

Would there be any objections to our using a part or all of these twenty-five articles in our local advertising campaign which we have inaugurated to reclaim industrial work?

L. C. KUBACH,
Secretary,

Electrical Business Ass'n Cleveland, Ohio.

REPLACE PLANT ELECTRICIANS

Editor.

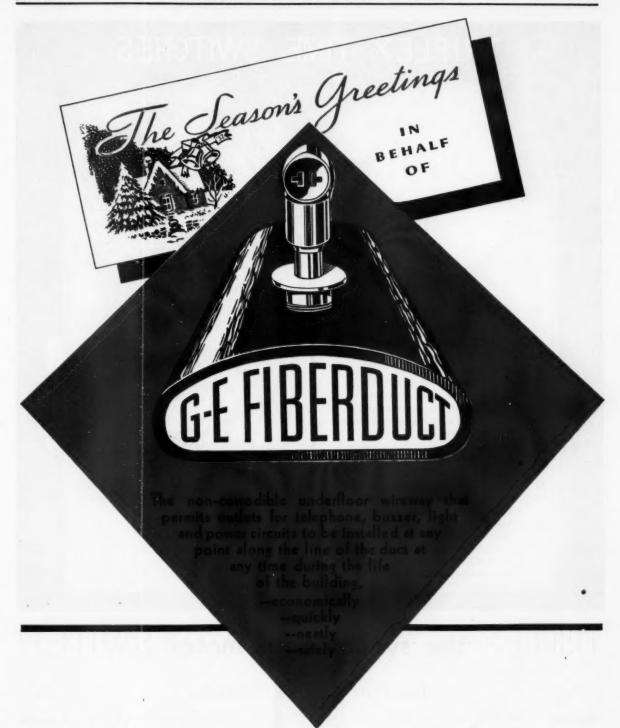
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

The article "25 Reasons Why Industrial Electrical Contractors should Replace Plant Electricians" in your October issue is chock full of meat for the industry to digest.

It would be Utopia if electrical (Continued on page 65)



TURNS BUSINESS OVER TO HIS SON:— T. J. Gleason, of Gleason Electric Company, Newport, Ky., has been an electrical contractor for thirty years in the same neighborhood. Although he still hangs around the shop he is proud to admit that he has turned over the business to his son, T. E. Gleason.



GENERAL & ELECTRIC

FIBERDUCT

MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT, GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT



TRIPLEX the synchronous motor SWITCH

An

Accurate

Electric

Clock

Two Year

Combining all of the best features that make for accurate electric time—Self-starting synchronous motor, current interruption tell-tale indicator, and highest quality made in America Waltham movement.



Write for Bulletin 10-C

Guarantee

Featuring Mercoid mercury tubes with a snap action switch mechanism, close setting with operation exactly at minute desired, extra on and off clamps for additional operations and 24-hour setting rim.

An

Accurate

Electric

Switch

TRIPLEX PRODUCTS CORPORATION, Clifton, N. J.

Suggested RESALE PRICES for Wiring Supplies

The prices listed on the following pages are merely suggested resale prices for the commonly used standard supplies and equipment employed in electrical construction work. They are based on average current trade costs throughout the country, very largely obtained from jobbers' price sheets, and are also based on average overhead charges.

Obviously, prices can be suggested only for the widely used products that are nationally distributed, and under no circumstances is this section intended to function as a directory of products or manufacturers.

The publishers wish to again emphasize that these are merely suggested resale prices and while every effort is made to make them universally applicable and accurate we cannot guarantee them or assume any responsibility for errors.

The prices appearing in this section will be completely revised each month as trade prices may change.

These prices apply only to the United States.

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Electrical Trade Publishing Co.

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LOOM-Non-Metallic FlexiblePL-15	RANGE-Units, Electric PL-19	Type Trumbull
" ClipePL-9	RAWLPLUGSPL-19	Trumbull-VanderpoelPL-22 & 23
LOCUST PinePL-7	DECEMBER OF BR. 10 . 10 . 10 . 10	Wadsworth
LUG8-Soldering for WirePL-15	Radio PL-18	WestinghousePL-23 & 24
LUMINOUS Acorns for CordsPL-4 & 19	** SignPL-18	(westingarder
" Buttons for SwitchesPL-20	" Surises PL-18	are not guaranteeth (Se
	" for ConduitPL-10 ro 14	T
MES SWITCH	REDUCERS-ConduitPL-9 & 16	ESISHVIIS -
M	" ChasePL-16	TABLE ClampsPL-7
WAL SWITCH IN MS	8ocket	TAPE-Priction and RubberPL-27
Neh and Reception Did or New Work	REPLECTORS-MetalPL-19	TAPLETS-Conduit FittingsPL-11
MAGNET WirePL-29	REMOTE CONTROL Switches PL-21	TAP—CurrentPL-19
MAIL BoxesPL-15	RODS for GroundingPL-18	TELEPHONESPL-27
METAL MoldingPL-15	ROMEX and SimilarPL-9	" WirePL-29
" Wiremold	ROSETTES-PorcelainPL-18	TERMINALS and Soldering LugsPL-15
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METER and Switch Cabinets PL-16	the state of the s	THREADLESS Conduit FittingsPL-12
METER Service Switches	S	TIME Switches
MINIATURE and Candelabra Sockets PL-18	So PETER NA SET HARDY TO SEE A SECURITY OF	TOGGLE BoltsPL-8
MOGUL SocketsPL-19	SAFETY Switches-All Makes PL-21 to 26	** SwitchesPL-20
MOTOR Cord Connectors	SALTS-SolderingPL-36	TRANSFORMERS—Bell and ToyPL-28
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The Contract of the Contract o	SHIELDS-ExpansionPL-10	TWIN SocketsPL-19
NO BOXES—CALVED	SKEEDOODLE Flasher Plugs PL-17	1 WIN SOCIETY
Somme Enter	SLATE Base CutoutsPL-9	Setra Heira
AILS—InsulatedPL-16	SNAP Switches-WallPL-20	TI THE UNITED BY
AILS-InsulatedPL-16	" Switches-Pull Cord Type PL-20 & 21	0
IPPLES for ConduitPL-16	SOCKETS-All TypesPL-19 & 20	UTILITY BoxesPL-5
ON-METALLIC-Park Cables PL-29	SOCKET Adapters PL-4	UNILETS Conduit FittingsPL-11
	" AttachmentsPL-4	Orticate Conduct Fittings
The state of the s	" Bushings PL-5 & 19	tree tops dince
17 A 18 A	" ExtensionsPL-19	V
O	" Handles	Coops Nuclear York Morden Cons.
Verent 17 11 0	" Twin	10 A A 2 00, 323 A AU
OPENERS—Door	SOLDER—All TypesPL-27	V. V. FITTINGS for ConduitPL-11
	" Paste	VAPORPROOF FittingsPL-12
OUTLET Bozes and CoversPL-4 & 5	SOLDERING LugaPL-15	VARNISH and PaintPL-17
OVALDUCT Metal MouldingPL-16	SOLDERLESS ConnectorsPL-16	18 M 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
Delait Smill	SPACERS—For BoxesPL-4	W
P	SPBAKING TubesPL-18	The second secon
the state of the s	SPRAGULETS Fittings PL-13	
	SPRINGS-Window and Door PL-6 & 7	WEATHERCAPS Entrance FittingsPL-13
PANELBOARDS Small House TypePL-17	SQUEEZE ConnectorsPL-14	WEATHERPROOF WirePL-29
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PARK CablePL-29	STEEL Taped Park CablePL-29	WIRE-Rubber CoveredPL-29
PASTE SolderingPL-27	STOVE BoltsPL-8	" WeatherproofPL-29
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PINS-LocustPL-7	SWITCH BoxesPL-4	" Connectors
PIPE—Rigid ConduitPL-9	" PlatesPL-20	" Damp ProofPL-29
Clamps and StrapsPL-9 & 27	SWITCHES-CanopyPL-21	" DeltabestonPL-29
** Nipples	" DoorPL-21	" Lead and Rubber Covered PL-29
" Threaded	" Entrance and Panel PL-21 to 27	" Magnet
PLATES for ReceptaclesPL-18	" Flueb-Push-Tumbler-	" Telephone and Telegraph PL-29
" for Switches	SnapPL-20	WIREHOLDERS and Brackets PL-7
PLUG CutoutsPL-9	" KnifePL-21	WIRELETS and SpraguletsPL-13
PLUGS-Attachment and AppliancePL-16	Meter and Cabinet P116	WIREMOLDPL-16
" ConduitPL-9	" PanelPL-21	WOOD Fixture BlocksPL-8
		SHITSHIFF

8445

Suggested Resale Prices Wiring Supplies

These are merely suggested resale prices for the commonly used products that appear regularly on jobber price lists. They are figured on generally accepted principles for computing resale prices and should cover average conditions but are not guaranteed. (See note on title page.)

Sin

	A11 19	-	-	 -
73.		113	DR	

ASBESTOS Asbestos Miliboard—Per Pound—30c.

ANNUNCIATORS

MINITURE OF	
House-Surface Type-Ha	nd Reset

21.	Anac	-1-	Dixie	Edw. & Faraday White	ъ.	k W.
No.			No. 81 or			
Drop		Metal	Faraday No.		Compe- tion	Automa-
2	\$ 8.25	\$11.00	\$ 9.85	\$13.00	*****	
3	9.35	12.45	11.60	14.80		
4	10.90	13.60	13.05	16.40	\$13.20	\$16.50
5	12.65	14.85				
6	13.60	16.10	16.40	19.40	16.50	19.80
8	16.10	18.90	19.40	22.75	19.80	24.75
10	19.00	21.60	22.75	26.00	23.10	29.70
6 8 10 12 15	21.50	24.25	25.90	29.15	26.40	
15	27.00	30.25				
16			34.60	40.00	84.65	
20	35.90	40.85			42.90	

	(All of	her Annu	2.25 nciators—Sell	at List le	*** 10%)	*****

COUCH Electrical Reset

Number	Face	yle D Type	Styl	e F Flush ood Face	Style 1 Meta	F Flush
of Drops 6 8 10 12 15 16 20	Number DA 4 DA 6 DA 8 DA 10 DA 12 DA 16 DA 20	Price \$21.50 36.50 31.50 36.50 43.10 56.50 69.75	Number FA 4 FA 6 FA 8 FA 10 FA 12 FA 15 FA 20 n any of abo	Price \$44.90 49.30 53.80 58.25 64.25 73.10 88.15 ove—\$4.15	Number FA 4 FA 6 FA 8 FA 10 FA 12 FA 15 FA 20 per drop	Price \$49.80 55.00 59.70 64.70 71.30 81.50

ADAPTERS & REDUCERS

				Pric
Mogulto Medium				\$0.5
Medium to Candelabra				2
Candelabra to Miniature				2
Medium to Intermediate				2
Parallel Blades to Edison				3
Plug in Pull Socket				1.9
Vase Adapters, Benjamin No. S, 831, 832, 833-Each	h			2.0
Two-Light Vase Adapter, Brush Brass or Gun Metal, Co	mpl	ete wi	ith Pul	1
Sockets, Plug, 6 feet Silk Cord-Rodale No. V-41				. 4.0

ADJUSTERS For Cords

Universal Co	rd Adjuster	Standard Size No. 1417 3%" Long	Price
		Factory No. 1418 516" Long	.15
Ball Type No	. 1403 & 5 . 4634 & 5	for Type C Cord. Whole	.10

ACORNS & TASSELS

Luminous Acorns and Pendants for Pull Chain	\$0.30
Brass Acorns and Tassels for Pull Chain	.10
Brass Acorns Adjustable for Linen Cord	. 10
Insulating Link for Pull Chain	. 11

BOXES, SWITCH

ngle Gang—For Switch				
Loom	Depth 234 or 234"	Without cla	mps \$.19	Price Galvd \$.21 .20

For Loom	234 or 234"	Without c	amps	\$.19	3.21
***************		With	68	17	.20
For BX Cable	234 " 236"	With	60.	.19	.21
66 66 66	3"	With	**	.34	.37
For Rigid Conduit	134 to 254"	Without	44	.20	.23
66 68 68	334"	Without	66	.34	37
Spacers-For Spacer only dedu-	ct from any of	above pric	es	.04	.05
Kruse Sw. Box Supports-G. E	. No. 6610-1	61/2" Long.			.15

With BRACKETS or EXTENDED EARS or LATH SUPPORTS

			Pi	rice .
For Loom For BX Cable or Loom Rigid Conduit	Depth 2, 214 or 214 2, 214 " 214 2, 224 " 214	Without clamps With "With "Without "	Black \$.24 .27 .33	Galvd. \$.27 .30 .36 .31

SOLID GANG BOXES-GALVANIZED

AND DESCRIPTION OF STREET		Covers E	ELTR			
Price of Box \$.85	3 Gang 31.20	4 Gang \$1.60	5 Gang \$2.15	6 Gang	7 Gang	8 Gang
Price of Cover 40			1.00			

TANDEM SWITCH BOXES

	Black	Galvanized	
Loom, BX or Conduit 2 Gar Tandem Bozes 11/4 & 2" Deep \$.6	3 Gang 4 Ga 8 \$1.10 \$1. 1 1.23 1.	ng 2 Gang 3 Gans 63 \$.81 \$1.23 90 .95 1.37	4 Gang \$1.90 2.18

DOOR SWITCH BOXES

Doon our and Dones	Black	Galvd.
For Rigid or Flexible Conduit without Clamps with Clamps	. \$.50	\$.55 .65
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		

LAUNDRY BOXES

Gem-Appleton or Raco, etc., with Single Receptacle	Black \$1.10 1.25	Galvd. \$1.25 1.35
For Concrete Boxes See Page PL-5. For Solid Gang Boxes See Page PL-5.		

BOXES & COVERS, OUTLET

CEILING BOXES, ROUND

nal sal		Knockouts	P	rice
Nos.	Size and Description Depth	Bottom Side	Black	Galvd.
36115	316" With Lugs 16"	3-14" & 4 Loom	80.10	80.12
36116	316" No " 16"	3-14" & 4 "	.08	. 10
36125	314" With " 14"	3-36" & 4 "	.14	.16
36126	31/4" No " 1/4"	3-14" & 4 "	.12	.14
36716	314" Flat Plate with Clamps	3-34" & 4 "	.09	.11
56111	4" With Ears 16"	5-14" or 14" K.O.	.10	.13
56112	4" No "	5-34" or 34" K.O.	.07	. 10
56115	4" With Ears-Loom & Cond. 34"	3-34" & 6 Loom	.12	.15
56116	4" No " " 33"	3-12" & 6 "	.09	.11
56121	4" With Ears 34"	5-34" or 34" K.O.	.14	.16
56122	4" No Ears 34"	5-34" or 34" K.O.	.11	.13
56125	4" Ears-Loom & Conduit %"	3-14" & 6 Loom	.16	.19
56126	4" No Ears " " %"	3-14" & 6 . "	.16	.17
56712	4" Flat Plate	5-14" or 14" K.O.	.07	.09

OUTLET BOXES, OCTAGON

sal Nos.	Size and Description I		tom Side	Pri Black	ce Galvd.
24151 334	Conduit Box	136" 1-36"	4-36"	\$0.11	\$0.13
24151 334		134" 1-34"	4-34"	.13	.15
24151 FS 334	" With Stud	133" 1-33"	4-13"	.21	.23
54151 4"	Conduit Box	134" 5-34"	4-15	.14	.17
54151 4"		134" 5-26"	4-24	.16	.18
54151FS 4"	With Stud	136" 5-36"	4-24	.16	.18
54155 4"	Cond. & Loom B	134" 9-34"	12-36	. 21	.24
54171 4"	Conduit Box	336 36-36-1	25-24-1	. 26	.30

COVERS For Octagon or Round Boxes	BOXES, OUTLET
Section Sect	NEW CODE OUTLET BOXES Size Stud Clamps Bush Price Plates Price Stud Clamps Bush Price Stud Clamps Bush Price Stud Clamps Bush Price Stud Clamps Stud Clamps Bush Price Stud Clamps Stu
OUTLET BOXES Square Price Square Size and Description Depth Bottom Side Black Galvd. No. Square Size and Description Depth Bottom Side Black Galvd. Square Square	### BAR HANGERS FOR OUTLET BOXES (With 3/2 Fixture Stud)
COVERS For Square Boxes 52C-1	SET-UP BOXES WITH BARS For Loom Size Ears Clamps Bush Plates Price Bush
EXTENSION RINGS For Octagon & Square Boxes 25151 34. Octagon Ring - 11/2 Deep	Locknuts-Each
Box 394x13 For Rigid Cond Sel Sel	A-8 A-4 A-7 A-8 A-8 A-7 A-8 A-9 A-9 A-9 A-9 A-9 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-2 A-2 A-3 A-4 A-4 A-3 A-4 A-4 A-4 A-5 A-5 A-5 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-7 A-7 A-8 A-8 A-8 A-9 A-8 A-9
SOLID GANG BOXES SOLID GANG BOXES SOLID GANG BOXES SOLID GANG BOXES Cover Extra 6 7 8 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 9	PORCELAIN NO CLAMP BUSHINGS Multi-With Spring Clip, Not Threaded Catalog No., Multi. 90A 90B 91 92A 22B Size of Wire Hole. 94 14 14 114 114 To Fit K. G. 94 14 14 114 114 Price. \$ 1.06 \$.06 \$.06 \$.07 y to the United States

THREADED COMPOSITION BUSHINGS For Entrance, Cut-outs and Panel Boxes Size 46' 46' 46' 1' 18' 2' 2' 346' Without Locknut	BELLS AND BUZZERS—Continued Skeleton and Weatherproof Bells Size 2½" 3" 4" 5" 6" 7" 8" 10" 12" 620 D.C.Skeleton \$4.55 \$5.00 \$5.75 \$7.00 \$8.75 \$12.35 \$13.20 \$20.00 622 D.C.Weatherprf
Socket Bushings 1/2	
BOXES, FLOOR	Name No. Size Description Price Nubel 735 24 Two Coil Non-Adjust.—Gray Enam. Bell Buzzer Dizie 720 234 Class C-Non-Adjust. Bell Buzzer 725 254 Buzzer 90
NON-ADJUSTABLE TYPE Latrobe R.& S. Steel City Particle Particle City	Compall 727 2127 Two Coil Non-Adjust Gent Ford Poll a
Mig. Co. & Stoll City Co. Description Mig. Co. & Stoll City Co. Description 100	Tubell 738
ADJUSTABLE TYPE 140 2502 400 Complete—Standard Box—Less Receptacle \$5.35 120 Standard \$5.35 120 with \$5.70	Skeleton D. C. & Transformer Inside Relis & Russers
ADJUSTABLE GANG TYPE 251 2511 441 Sgl. Gang Less Recep, with 1/4 Cov. Plate \$ 6.75 252 2512 442 Two 32 32 13.20 253 2513 443 Three 4 3 3 3 3 19.40	17 "Economy" Skelet, Bells \$5.50 \$6.75 \$8.75 \$14.25 \$21.25 \$27.50
NOZZLES	Size Price 1" \$3.00 1 &" 1.80 2 b" 1.90 3" 3.00 4" 3.20 6" 9.50 Cow or Sleigh 3.25
For All Types of Floor Boxes 283 2686 400 For Duplex Tel. with 34" Brass Pipe 5.70 284 2696 468 "Recept. 34" 5.70 285 2644 468B "Dble. Duplex Recept. with 34" Brass Pipe 9.10 296 For Duplex Recept, with 34" Brass Pipe 8.25	No. 15 Buzzere
207 2558 406 Bell 1.15 270 Stem Nozzle for Armored Cable 1.15 271 2617 Bell 1.65	No.0 Price S1.85 No.1 1.80 No.2 1.70 No.3 2.00 No.4 2.20
272 1946 Stem with Wire Slot & Serew Cap 1.90 280 Single Recept, Nozale 4.10 G. E. & T & B BOXES	Partrick & Wilkins Iron Box Bells
G. E. S. T. & B. S. Obscription Price S000 S200 Utility Outlet Box Non-Adjustable. \$1.00 \$220-40 \$1701-2 \$Three \$1.00 \$300 \$1703 \$Extension Tolor Tolo	Small 214" Iron Box Bell Non-Adjust. Dble. Magnet
14" 14"	Midget Buzzer Nickcled 1.90 Wood Box Buzzer 2.15 Flush Buzzer with Flush Plate. 2.15 Wood Box Bells
BOXES, CUTOUT	Regular Type
TYPE "A" STEEL SURFACE CUTOUT BOXES Black Width Length. Short Long Side Side Deep Deep Deep Deep Deep Deep Deep De	Standard Cow or Dinner. 2.65 10" 13.25 13" 13.25 13" 13.25 13" 13.25 13" 13.25 13" 13.25 13" 1
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Name
10 15 2.35 1.85 3.10 24 40 24.30 25.60 10 18 2.70 3.00 3.60 24 44 41.35 45.35 45.30 12 12 2.25 1.80 3.00 30 30 27.20 29.65 12 15 2.40 2.30 3.50 30 36 41.55 47.40 12 18 2.50 4.00 30 42 48.85 53.00 12 24 4.40 5.40 30 48 56.70 61.30 For Galvanized Boxes Add 25% to above prices.	Name No. Description Bell Sleigh
BELLS & BUZZERS	Midget 331-34 All Nickeled Bell
Name	Schwarze Buzzer 234" 3" 4" Tea Single Coil Bell or Buzzer No. 31 & 32 \$.55 \$.65 \$.70 \$1.50 \$1.35 Double Coil Combination Bell & Buzzer Double Coil Combination Bell & Buzzer
B.	No. 331-333

PUSH BUTTONS, TR	EADS. SPRINGS
------------------	---------------

	NDARD																	170
D	escription									1	10	3						Pri
Round 136" and 136	" Stamped .	Brass.																\$0.5
lound 216" Stamper	d Brass.		. 22	222														1000
tound 234" with Ca	rd Holder S	tampe	d Br								00						-	. 4
lectangular 4x2" St	amped Brass									-								4
lectangular 314x134	Stamped	Brass												-				
val 2 % "1% Stam	ped Brass.		111					• •	•		**			0				
val 416x2" Stampe	d Brass	1122	7.10		•			"	**							• •		
ear Push Buttons-	-Wood or C	ompos	ition						**			*				* *	*	
ear Push Buttons-	-Metal Nic	hel or	Rea		**				* *	0 0	* *	0 1				2.0	*	
Desk Buttons-%"	Hole-Nick	el or	2010		•••						0.0	0.				• •	0 1	
Desk Buttons-13"	Hole-Nick	-1	*			0.0	0.0			9 1							*	
Desk Buttons-%"																		
ligh Voltage %" H																		
Table Clamp with P																		
floor Pushes Combi	usn Dutton					00	0 0	0.0	0.0		9 0			0	0.0	9 4	0	
loor Pusnes Combi	nation Nick	El		***				* *					6.9		e ×			
loor Treads—"Dai	sy Dixie"				9 0													. 1.
Wood Push Buttons														4.				

	BAKELITE OR CO	MPOSITION PUSHES
Round	d Plain 13/" Diam \$0.30	Rectangular Plain 11/23/4"\$0.40 Rectangular Fancy 11/23/4"60 Rec. Dunble Card Holder
Oct C	and Halder 216v216"Diam 40	Ree Double Card Holder 81

DESK PU		SCO Button		JND		
ONO	1	2	3	. 4	5	6
	Button	Button	Button		Button	Button
Edw. #146-Bakelite Block		\$2.50	\$3.20	\$3.65	\$4.50	\$5.25
Edw. #197 Less Cord Bake. Bl		4.75	6.00	7.25	8.50	9.75
Edw. #197 with 6' Cord Bake. Bl	4.05	6.10	7.75	9.45	11.15	12.85
Edw. #190 Wood-Less Cord	4.00	5.35	6.60	8.10	9.40	10.80
Edw. \$190 Wood with Cord	4.45	6.65		10.30	12.05	13.90
Fara. MC Wood Less Cord	2.00	2.30	2.60	3.05	3.50	3.90
Fara, #2A Wood Less Cord	4.90	7.00	8.50	10.60	12.40	13.80
Fara. B.D.P.Bake. Less Cord	3.50	4.75	6.00	7.25	8.50	9.75
Fara. M. D.P. All Metal Less Cord	6.00	11.00	16.00	21.00		
P&W #4 Wood Less Cord	2.60	2.80	3.50	4.30	4.85	5.60
P&W #5 Wood Angle Less Cord				13.00		13.95
P&W #12 Wood Less Cord			4.25	5.45		6.00

DOOR AND WIN	DOW SPRINGS
Door Springs	Window Springs
Open Circuit Door Spring \$0.40	Open Circuit Single
	Open Circuit Double
Open Circuit Make and Break	
Open Circuit Door Trip 1.00	Open Circuit Transom 1.60

OTHER PUSE	H BUTTONS
Anso	onia
Round Stamped Price	Round Cast Price
514 1½" Loose Back	540 234" Loose Back
521 Stamped Push	545 Oblong 4 Gang for Cards. 3.65 546 Oblong 1 Gang. 1.65 547 Oblong 2 Gang. 1.50 548 Oblong 1 Gang. 75
538 Stamped Oblong Push. 1.25 541 Oblong for Card 1.65 544 Oblong for Card 1.20 Combination Floor Pushes Complete 573 700 1 Point Wood Base Switch	549 Oblong I Gang
Edwa	ards
Round Desk Buttons	Oblong Push Buttons
621-36" Hole	602-2 Gang for Cards \$1.00

Round Desk Buttons	Oblong Push Buttons
621—¾" Hole	602—2 Gang for Cards
Partrick &	Wilkins
Round Pus	h Buttons
Stained Wood Push #2 Oak Wood Regular #1 Oak Open, Closed and Dbl. Cont. #1 Oak Triple Contact #1 Cast Brass 1½" Diam. #8. Cast Brass 1½" Diam. #9.	
Ohlong	Pushes
16 Cust Brass 4½x1½4" Screw Cap. 31 Cast Brass 5x2½4" Screw Cap. 44 Cast Brass 4x2" Screw Cap. 708 Wrought Push and Speak 1 Pee. 907 2 Button and Card Holder. 908 3 Button and Card Holder.	2.15 1.40 1.00 2.15 2.95
Desk Push	Buttons
Car Push 1/4" Hole Black Center Multiple 1/4" Hole Black Center Pony R. C. 1/4" Hole Black Center	1.35
Pear Shap	e Pushes
Compound Maple 2 Button	

MULTIPLE	PUSH	BUTT	ONS
Couch	"Push	rites"	1111115

	44	ich Cara Ho	iners		. 65
	Wood	Base Type		Flush Brass	Plate Type
	Base	Weighted	Base		
Number	Price	Number	Price		Price
7900	\$ 3.35	7980	\$ 3.75	7940	\$ 5.00
740	4.60	789	5.20		
7910	5.80	7990	6.65	7950	9.15
7921	8.30	79010	9.60	7960	13.30
7930	10.80	79020	12.45	7970	17.50
793	13.30	7902	15.40	797	21.60
	Number 7900 740 7910 7921 7930	Plain Base Number Price 7900 \$ 3.35 740 4.60 7910 5.80 7921 8.30 7930 10.80	Number Price Number 7900 \$ 3.35 7980 7980 7990 7991 5.80 7990 7921 8.30 79010 7930 10.80 79020	Plain Base Weighted Base Number Price 7900 \$ 3.35 7980 \$ 3.75 7990 5.20 7910 5.80 7990 6.65 7930 10.80 79020 12.45	Plain Base Weighted Base Number Price Number Price 7900 \$ 3.35 7980 \$ 3.75 7940 7910 5.80 7990 6.85 7980 7930 10.80 79020 12.45 7970

COUCH UNMOUNTED PUSH BUTTONS "WORKEI	TES"
No. 97 for 1/2" Hole	\$0.50

BRACKETS, RACKS AND WIREHOLDERS

Findlay-G. E.-Hubbard-Joslyn and National

		HO	USE	BRAC	KET!	3
For	Pin	Type	Insu	lators,	Less	Insulators

Description Light Type	No. of Wires One Two Three One	Spacing	\$0.25 .55 .90	10.	No. of Wires One Two Three	Spacing	Price 80.30 .55 .80
Heavy Type		634"	.40 .80 1.10	E BOLTS			

HOUSE RACKS With Insulators Attached

		******	1100100	ore recentific	100		
	One	435"	\$0.40 .95		Two	8"	\$1.10 1.65
Light Type	Two Three	6° 3° 6°	.80 .95 1.20		Four Five	4" 4" 4"	1.75 2.10 2.20 2.70

WIREHOLDERS Separable Base With Insulator

\$0.55 | Light Type Three

414" \$0.80 6" .85

One		
Two Three	6" 9" 6"	\$0.65 1.25 1.30 1.85
-	AVV Type . "	avy Type " 9"

Light Type Two

SECONDARY RACKS With Insulators Attached

Light Type	Two Three Two Three Two Three	6" 6" 6" 8"	\$0.90 1.30 .85 1.20 .90 1.30	Heavy Type	Two Three Two Three	8" 8" 4" 8"	\$1.30 2.15 1.20 1.35 2.00
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WIRE HOLDERS All Porcelain Screw Type Single Point

Description																				Price
2%x21/4-20x2"	Wood	Screw								 										\$0.20
115 6x2 1/6-20x2"	-									 										.14
234 x354-22x234"	- 44									 			0		0.0					. 25
214x314-22x2"	4	#								 	. 15									20
21/2x31/2-22x2" Swinging Round	Knob	22x2"	W	o	od	S	CT	w		 					* .					35
" Oblong		22x2"		- 1	ĸ		- 46			 								U	u.	. 25
" Round		%x3"	L	ag	S	cre	w			 										. 35
Rigid Oblong Knob	22x	2" Wo	od	Si	cre	w			 	 										28
" Large "	24x	235"	*		*					 	, .						0 0			00

SPOOL INSULATORS

				_	-	-		-			-	-	-	-							_,												
3"	x33%"	One	Groove																														
3"	x31/6"	Two							٠,								5	. 1		6								*	٠.				.25
3"	x3%"	One																															
23/4	x214																																
224	2254	-		٠.																													
011	1979		r-Light	+				0	0 0	 •	0 4				. 4	0		0 0			6 1			• •					0 1				.18
Opi	ong In	mato	r-Light	I,	X.	Эe				*	B 1			9.1		*		4.1								*		*	0 ×		*	•	10
	-	-	Heavy	y .	а)	۲P	œ,		9 1			. 4			9 6				0 0				0	9 6	9				0 0	i e			.10

These prices apply only to the United States

Brackets and Rucks	Jan River I College
UNIVERSAL RACK UNITS \$0.20 4" Extension 25 35 12" 45 45 45	Cotton Covered Twisted Pair. Po 0.02 0.04 0.05
Universal Price Size Si	LAMP CORD, REINFORCED—TWO WIRE Price Per Foot Type No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 Cotton Covered Light Type 14. P5 8.03 8.04 8.07 8.12 Cotton Covered Light Type 14. P5 8.03 8.04 8.07 8.12
Standard Wood Brackets 1½x2 x10\$0.07 1½x2 x12\$0.08	Weatherproof
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	HEAVY DUTY PORTABLE CORD "Duracord" or Similar. Price Per Foot
Pins	No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 No. 10 Type PS Light 2 Cond. Port. Cord. \$.07 P Heavy 2
B-SUNDRIES, BOLTS, ETC.	ALL RUBBER CORD
CARRIAGE BOLTS Galvanized 3" 314" 4" 414" 5" 514" 6"	"Tirex" "Royal" "Super-Service" or Similar No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 No. 10 SI Junior 2 Conductor Black
3" 3\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	" 3 " Green
MACHINE BOLTS WITHOUT WASHERS Galvanized	" " 3 " "10 .13 .18 .22 .28 " "14 .15 .23 .27 .36 " " 4 " "15 .20 .28 .36 .45
Diam. 3' 4" 5" 6" 7" 8" 10" 12" 14" 16" 18" 5" Each	HEATER CORD Asbestos Covered Two Wire No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 Stand. Twisted or Wound Asbest. 14 \$.05 8 .08 \$.08 \$.10
FLAT CROSS ARM BRACES	Flexible
Galvanized 20" 22" 24" 26" 28" 30" 32" 114124 20 2.25 2.25 3.0 3.0 3.35 3.5 114124 2.2 2.25 2.25 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.5 3.5	"Deltabeston" Heater Cord Two Wire No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 Type A Asbestos Braid Loco Cab Cord
STOVE BOLTS Diameter Diameter Up to 1'' Langth 4'' 4	" C Cotton Braid
215 to 31" " "20 .25 .30 .40 .314 to 4" "25 .30 .35 .45	MISCELLANEOUS CORDS Price Per Foot
TOGGLE BOLTS, STEEL "Paine" Size—Diameter Long Long Long Long Long Long Long Price Each. \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.	Description
REDUCING WASHERS For Outlet Boxes & Steel Cabinets Reducing Washers Thomas & Betts. \$40' 1' 114' 114' 2' 214' 8.02 8.02 8.03 8.04 8.05 8.06 R. H. Green	BELL CORD Spun Silk Number of 2 3 4 5 8 10 14 18 Conductors Cond. Cond
K. O. SEALS For Outlet Boxes & Steel Cabinets For Closing 15 K. O	CONDUIT, ELBOWS, COUPLINGS, BUSHINGS, ETC.
CORDS, FIXTURE, LAMP AND HEATER	RIGID CONDUIT Black Galvd. Threading Only Per Foot Per Foot Per Thread Per Cut 10 11 12 20 10
FIXTURE CORD—ONE WIRE Type No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 Cotton Covered—Light. F-64 \$.01 \$.02 \$.02½ Cotton Covered—Heavy. F-32 .01½ .02 .03 \$.04 Artificial Silk—Light. F-64 .01½ .02½ .03 Artificial Silk—Heavy. F-32 .01½ .03 .04	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

These prices apply only to the United States

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		LL CONDU		134" \$0	2"	"ABC" LEAD COVERED ARMORED CABLE
Threadless Per Adaptor Wpf. Couplings or Conn	Foot#0.07 \$0 Each .10		.65	.85 1	.30	Single Conductor Solid Lead Covered
Elbows less Coupling			.65		.30	" Stranded " "
NOTE-No Coup	ling is included in	n the above thin	wall prices	No.		Three Solid
The street of the	7/10		N. C.		14.0	Price Per Foot
	OR BENDS, O					Single Conductor Solid Lead Covered No. 8 No. 6 No. 6
ВСЗ		ce Each	EDUCER	3		" Stranded " " \$.16 \$0.22
		CC Ziicii		crickson Coupl. or	11.2	Three Solid Stranded Solid Sol
Size Bends or E	Elbows Coupli	ings Bushings	Locknut	Unions	-dunana	" Stranded " "47 .67 \$.90
5 8 .14 8	.16 \$.09 \$	Galv. Galv. 3 .10 \$.0134	8.01 \$	Galv. Re	\$.20	"ABC" ARMORED LAMP CORD
18 28 38 51 51 83	.21 .15 .32 .16 .43 .23 .58 .28	.14 .02 .18 .041/4 .24 .07 .31 .08	.0134 .0234 .04 .0534	.40 .55 .90 1.20	.20 .26 .40 .53	Per Foot No. 18 No. 16 No. 14
234" 1.35	.95 .37 1.55 .53 4.08 .72	.41 .14 .59 .21 .79 .32	.09	3.10 5.95 9.50	1.24	NON-METALLIC SHEATHED CABLE
314" 7.87	9.00 .96	1.04 .63	.30		1.67 2.48 3.40	"Romex", "Loomwire", "Wireflex", or similar
Also on Pa	10.40 1.20 age PL-10.	1.30 1.00 Also on	.42		Also on	(With or Without Ground Wire) #14 #12 #10 #8 #6 #4 2 Conductor per Foot
30-31	4	Page PL-5			Page PL-12	3 Conductor per Foot
00.18 00.4	100-1	01.8 34310				Fitting-Clips Each
Size	CONDU	IT PENNIE	s			CUTOUTS OR FUSE BLOCKS
¥:	\$0.01	214"		\$0.	.04	PLUG CUTOUTS
W.	.011/2	314"			.07	30 Amp. Porcelain
3"	.03	4			10	Description Price Single Pole—Main Line
THE PARTY NAMED IN	4 4 4 4 4 4	(2002) 100/3 (4	A THE PARTY	CONTRACTOR OF	-	Double " " " 62965 35
FL	EXIBLE ME	TALLIC CO	ONDUIT			Double Pole Single Branch
"Gre	enfield", "F	lexsteel", o	r Simila	r.A.S.		" Single or Double Cross Branch 8020 40
Single Strip Per Foo	\$.09 \$.	12 8.14 8.19	1" 134 3.40 \$	45 8.84	3.79	Triple to D. P. Double Branch. 62199 60 Triple Pole Single Branch. 8042 65
Single Strip Per Foo Double Strip Per Fo For Fittings for Met	oot11 .	14 .17 .22	.42	50 .71	.89	
For Non-Metallic C For Steel Armored C	onduit or Loom	See Page PL-15	Itaan			DEAD FRONT CUTOUT BASES Plug Type—30 Amp.
or Steel Armored	Caple & Lead Co.	Acted Sec Mext	Item.			With Short Cover With Long Cover
01.1 00.1	- 4	rest libraries			01-170	BRYANT Numbers Price Numbers Price
	RUNNING	THREAD, P	IPE		OF IN CAR	3 Wire Double Branch—4Circuit. 72035 \$3.35 82035 \$3.65
Price per Foot	RUNNING	THREAD, F	IPE 34" 34" \$.30	34° 8.45	34° \$.55	G. E. or TRUMBULL With Covers Without Cov. G.E. Trumbull Price G.E. Price
Price per Foot	RUNNING	THREAD, F	PIPE 34" 8.30	34° 8.45	34° \$.55	G. E. or TRUMBULL With Covers Without Cov.
Price per Foot		WOOD PLU	* \$.30	34° 8.45	\$.55	G. E. or TRUMBULL G.E. Trumbull Price G.E. Price G.E. Price 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$.65 3 "Double "—4 "2440 4199 1.80 2441 .85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES
nig2 con is	CONDUIT 15"	WOOD PLI	UGS	\$.45	2*	G. E. or TRUMBULL G. E. Trumbull Price G. E. Price 3 "Double G. C. Trumbull Price G. E. Price 3 "Double G. C.
Price Each	CONDUIT	WOOD PLI	UGS 114, 8.08	11.14	2° \$.22	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2435 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$4.65 3 10 Double 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Price Each	CONDUIT	WOOD PLI	UGS 114, 8.08	11.14	2° \$.22	G. E. or TRUMBULL G. G. E. Trumbull Price G. E. Price 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2435 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$1.65 3 10 Double 1 6 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Price Each For Pipe Straps, see	CONDUIT 26" \$.02 Page PL-25. F	WOOD PLI 3.03 \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick	UGS 134" \$.08 is, etc., Pag	11/4 \$.14 • PL-25.	2' \$.22	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2435 3190 3 "Double " 6 " 2440 4199 1.80 2441 85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
Price Each For Pipe Straps, see	CONDUIT 26" a Page PL-25. F	WOOD PLI 3.03 1.03 For Solder, Stick	UGS 134" \$.08 is, etc., Pag	11/4 \$.14 • PL-25.	2' \$.22	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2435 3190 3 "Double " 6 " 2440 4199 1.80 2441 85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts — 8
Price Each For Pipe Straps, see	CONDUIT 26" a Page PL-25. F	WOOD PLI 3.03 \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick	UGS 134" \$.08 is, etc., Pag	11/4 \$.14 • PL-25.	2' \$.22	G. E. or TRUMBULL G. Trumbull Price G. E. Price G. Price
Price Each For Pipe Straps, see	CONDUIT 26" a Page PL-25. F	WOOD PLI 3.03 1.03 For Solder, Stick	UGS 134" \$.08 is, etc., Pag	11/4 \$.14 • PL-25.	2' \$.22	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit. 2435 3190 3 "Double " 6 " 2440 4199 11.80 2441 .85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
Price EachFor Pipe Straps, see	CONDUIT 1/5" 102 Page PL-25. F	WOOD PLU \$.08 \$.04 For Solder, Stick	UGS 134" 8.08 134" 134" 13.08 13, etc., Pag	11/14 • PL-28.	LIC	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2435 3190 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 1.80 2441 85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts Observable " 55 1.20 2.30 1.00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
Price Each For Pipe Straps, see	CONDUIT 25° \$ 02 Page PL-25. F	WOOD PLU \$.08 \$.04 For Solder, Stick	UGS 134' \$.80 UGS 1 \$.08 15.0	11/4 • PL-25. ETAL	2,* 4.22 LIC	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2435 3190 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 1.80 2441 85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts Observation of the process of the pr
Price Each For Pipe Straps, see CABLE, A ARMORED C	CONDUIT 260 8-02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE CABLE, "BX' SI	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO EATHED ", "ABC", "MILAR	UGS 134' 8.30 UGS 134' 8.08 N-ME	11/2° 8.14 • PL-25. CTAL FEEL", • Per Foo.	2, 4.23 LIC	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3190 \$1.35 2436 \$ 6.55 3 10 Double " 4 " 2440 4199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 2441 .85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
Price Each	CONDUIT 260 8-02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE CABLE, "BX' SI	WOOD PLU \$.08 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED	UGS 134' \$.30 UGS 134' \$.08 N-ME	134" \$.14 e PL-25. CTAL FEEL", Per Foo. No. 12 \$.08	2° \$.22	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2435 3190 \$1.35 2435 \$4.65 3 100 ble
Price Each	CONDUIT 1/5" 1/2	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", " MILAR Single Strip	UGS 134' 8.30 UGS 134' 8.08 N-ME	11/4" 8.14 e PL-25. CTAL FEEL", e Per Foo No. 12 5.08	2, 4.23 LIC	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199
Price Each	CONDUIT 26" 5.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE CABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", " MILAR Single Strip	UGS 134 8.08 8.08 Price No. 14 8.08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .0	11/4" 8.14 8.14 PL-25. CTAL TEEL", Per Foo No. 12 8.08 10	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$4.65 3 "Double "-4" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2443 \$4.85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT 26°0 8-02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE CABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", "MILAR Single Strip	UGS 114, 8.08 134, 8.08 14, 14, 15, 16 15, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16, 16 16 16, 16 16 16, 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	134" 8.14 e PL-25. CTAL FEEL", e Per Foo No. 12 5.08	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit. 2435 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$4.65 3 10 Double
Price Each	CONDUIT 26° 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", "MILAR Single Strip	UGS 134, 8.30 UGS 134, 8.08 13, 14, 15, 108 Price State S	11/2" \$.14 • PL-25. ETAL FEEL", • Per Foo No. 12 \$.08 10 10	\$.22 \$.23 LIC , OR \$.10 \$.10 \$.13 \$.11 \$.12 \$.11 \$.12 \$.11	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3190 \$1.35 2435 \$4.56 3 "Double "-4" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2435 \$4.56 3 "Double "-4" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2441 \$85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT 26°0 8-02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE CABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", "MILAR Single Strip	WFLEXS Price No. 14 8.08 Price No. 14 8.05 .06 .06 .06	11/2" \$.14 PL-25. ETAL FEEL", Per Foo No. 12 \$.08 110 12 16	2° \$.22 LIC , OR %No. 10 \$1.0 	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3190 \$1.35 2435 \$4.56 3 "Double "-4 " 2440 4199 \$1.35 2435 \$4.56 3 "Double "-4 " 2440 4199 \$1.35 2441 \$85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Single Pole Main Line Enclosed Porcelain. \$4.0 \$.65 \$1.20 2.30 Triple " 55 1.65 3.30 Triple 9 Single Branch Porcelain
Price Each	CONDUIT 1/2" \$.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE CABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Sconductor 3 Conductor	WOOD PLU *.03 *.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", MILAR Single Strip	WFLEXS Price No. 14 8.08 Price No. 14 8.05 .06 .06 .06	11/2" \$.14 • PL-25. ETAL FEEL", • Per Foo No. 12 \$.08 10 10	\$.32 LIC , OR 8.10 \$.10 3 3 13 11 12 13	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$6.56 \$3 "Double "6" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2443 \$4.55 \$3 "Double "6" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2441 \$85 \$1.35 2445 \$4.55 \$1.20 2440 \$199 \$1.35 2441 \$85 \$1.35 2441 \$1.35 241 \$1.35 24
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR ONE CONDUCTOR OVALFIEX TWO CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT 4.0 5.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE ABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", MILAR Single Strip	UGS 134' \$.30 UGS 134' \$.08 1.08 IFLEXS Price No. 14 0.00 06 07 Price No. 8 8.17	11/4" \$.14 \$.14 PL-25. ETAL TEEL", Per Food No. 12 \$.08 .10 .10 .10 .12 Per Food	\$.32 LIC , OR \$1.0 \$1.0 13 	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$4.65 3 "Double "-4 " 2440 4199 \$1.35 2443 \$4.35 \$3 "Double "-4 " 2440 4199 \$1.35 2441 \$85 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 2445 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35 \$1.35 245 \$4.35
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT 26" 3.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid	WOOD PLU *.03 *.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", MILAR Single Strip	M' 34" 8.30 UGS 134" 8.08 N-MF Price No. 14 8.05 .06 .00 .06 .00 .06 .00 .08	8.14 8.14 PL-25. CTAL FEEL", Per Foot 10.10 110 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 1	\$.32 LIC , OR 8.10 \$.10 3 3 13 11 12 13	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$4.56 \$3 "Double "-4" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2443 \$4.56 \$3 "Double "-4" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2443 \$4.56 \$1.35 2445 \$4.56 \$3 "Double "-4" 2440 4199 \$1.35 2441 \$85 \$1.35 2445 \$4.56 \$1.35 2445 \$4.56 \$1.35 2445 \$4.56 \$1.35 2445 \$4.56 \$1.35 2445 \$4.56 \$1.35 2445 \$1.55 24
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT 4.02 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE ABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid	WOOD PLU 3.03 3.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", "MILAR Single Strip	WGS 134 8.30 UGS 134 8.08 I Solve 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	134° 8.14 8.14 e PL-25. ETAL FEEL", e Per Foo No. 12 12 10 12 16 17 18 18 19 19 10 10 10 11 12 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2° \$.22 LIC , OR No. 10 13 12 12 16 No. 4 \$.38 5.50	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 1.80 2443 8.65 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT 1/4" \$.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE CABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Solid Stranded Solid Solid Stranded Solid Solid Stranded	WOOD PLU \$.03 \$.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", MILAR Single Strip	WGS 134 8.30 UGS 134 8.08 N-MF **FLEXS** **Price No. 14 8.05	134° 8.14 8.14 e PL-25. ETAL FEEL", e Per Foo No. 12 8.08 10 10 12 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	\$.32 LIC , OR \$10 \$10 113 25 112 126 No. 4	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199
Price Each	CONDUIT 26" 8.02 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Stranded	WOOD PLU **.03 **.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED **. "ABC", MILAR Single Strip Single Strip	94" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 \$.08 FLEXS Price No. 14 \$.00 .06 .00 .06 .02 Price No. 8 \$.11 \$.12 Price No. 8 \$.12 12 12 13 14 15 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	134" \$.14 e PL-25. CTAL FEEL", a Per Foo No. 12 \$.08	2° \$.22 LIC , OR No. 10 \$.10	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3190 \$1.35 2435 \$4.55 319 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 31.50 2441 .85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts
TWO CONDUCTOR DOUBLE	CONDUIT 26" 8.02 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Stranded	WOOD PLU **.03 **.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED **. "ABC", MILAR Single Strip Single Strip	94" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 \$.08 FLEXS Price No. 14 \$.00 .06 .00 .06 .02 Price No. 8 \$.11 \$.12 Price No. 8 \$.12 12 12 13 14 15 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	134" \$.14 e PL-25. CTAL FEEL", a Per Foo No. 12 \$.08	2° \$.22 LIC , OR No. 10 \$.10	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 13.35 2436 \$.65 3 10 2440 199 1.80 2441 .85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
TWO CONDUCTOR DOUBLE	CONDUIT 26" 8.02 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Stranded	WOOD PLU **.03 **.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED **. "ABC", MILAR Single Strip Single Strip	94" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 \$.08 FLEXS Price No. 14 \$.00 .06 .00 .06 .02 Price No. 8 \$.11 \$.12 Price No. 8 \$.12 12 12 13 14 15 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	134" \$.14 e PL-25. CTAL FEEL", a Per Foo No. 12 \$.08	2° \$.22 LIC , OR No. 10 \$.10	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 51.35 2435 3.65 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 1.80 2441 85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts
TWO CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR TONDUCTOR ONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR ONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR CONDUCTO	CONDUIT 26" 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Stranded 2 Conductor 3 Conductor Solid Stranded Solid Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Soli	WOOD PLU **.03 **.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED **. "ABC", MILAR Single Strip Single Strip Cable add 80% Cable, Each Non-Metallic C	94" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 \$.08 FLEXS Price No. 14 \$.00 .06 .00 .06 .02 Price No. 8 \$.17 20 21 21 20 21 21 20 21 21 20 21 21	134" \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.12 \$.08 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10	2° \$.22 LIC , OR No. 10 \$.10	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 \$1.35 2435 \$6.56 \$1.00 2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.35 2445 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2440 \$199 \$1.50 2441 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$2450 \$1.50 \$
TWO CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR TONDUCTOR ONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR ONDUCTOR CONDUCTOR CONDUCTO	CONDUIT 26" 8.02 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Solid Stranded	WOOD PLU **.03 **.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED **. "ABC", MILAR Single Strip Single Strip Cable add 80% Cable, Each Non-Metallic C	94" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 1.08 FLEXS Price No. 14 8.08 18 19 Price No. 8 11 12 12 13 10 12 13 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10	134" \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 PL-25. ETAL TEEL", a Per Foo No. 12 \$.08 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10	2° \$.22 LIC OR No. 10 \$.10 13 .11 .12 .12 .16 No. 4 \$.38 .50 27 \$.02	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 11.35 2436 5.65 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 1.80 2441 .85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR CONDU	CONDUIT 26" 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Solid Solid Solid Stranded 2 Conductor 3 Conductor Solid Stranded Solid Solid Stranded Solid S	WOOD PLU **.03 **.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED **. "ABC", "MILAR Single Strip **." Single Strip **." Cable add 30% Cable, Each Non-Metallic C	94" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 \$.08 S. 18.08 FLEXS' Price No. 14 \$.00 .06 .00 .06 .00 .08 \$.10 .00 .08 .01 .00 .00 .00 .00	134° 8.14 8.14 8.14 PL-25. Per Foot No. 12 10 10 10 10 10 11 16 Per Foot No. 6 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	2° \$.22 LIC OR No. 10 \$.10 13 12 12 16 No. 4 \$.38 .50 27 No. 4	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2445 3199 11.35 2436 5.65 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 1.80 2441 .85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
Price Each	CONDUIT 26" 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Solid Solid Solid Stranded 2 Conductor 3 Conductor Solid Stranded Solid Solid Stranded Solid S	WOOD PLU **.03 **.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED **. "ABC", MILAR Single Strip **." Single Strip Cable add 30% Cable, Each Non-Metallic C	134" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 \$.08 N-MF **FLEXS** Price No. 14 \$.05 .06 .00 .06 .00 .08 \$.17 .20 .21 .30 .31 .42 .43 .44 .45 .45 .45 .45 .45 .45	134" \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.10 \$.08 \$.08 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10	2° \$.22 LIC , OR No. 10 \$.10 .13 .12 .12 .16 .10 .13 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit, 2443 3199 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 1.80 2443 8.85 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts 0-30 31-00 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
CABLE, A ARMORED C TWO CONDUCTOR THREE CONDUCTOR CONDU	CONDUIT 4.0 8.02 Page PL-25. F ARMORE SHE SHE SABLE, "BX' SI Solid Stranded Solid Stranded 2 Conductor Solid Stranded Stran	WOOD PLU 3.03 3.04 For Solder, Stick D & NO CATHED ", "ABC", MILAR Single Strip Single Strip Cable add 30% Cable, Each Non-Metallic C	134" \$.30 UGS 134" \$.08 \$.08 N-MF **FLEXS** Price No. 14 \$.05 .06 .00 .06 .00 .08 \$.17 .20 .21 .30 .31 .42 .43 .44 .45 .45 .45 .45 .45 .45	134" \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.14 \$.10 \$.08 \$.08 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.10	2° \$.22 LIC , OR No. 10 \$.10 .13 .12 .12 .16 .10 .13 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10	G. E. or TRUMBULL 3 Wire Single Branch—2 Circuit. 2435 3199 11.35 2436 5.66 3 "Double " 4 " 2440 4199 11.80 2441 .82 ENCLOSED CARTRIDGE CUTOUTS OR BASES Porcelain Base, 250 Volts O-30 31-60 61-100 Amp. Amp. Amp. Single Pole Main Line Enclosed Porcelain. \$ 40 8.65 \$1.20 Double " 55 1.20 2.30 Triple Pole Single Branch Porcelain \$ 55 1.20 2.30 Triple of Double Pole Double Branch Porcelain

CORD & WIRE CONNECTORS

SMALL FIXTURE & WIRE CONNECTORS

Ovidertees	
Insulated Solderless Wire or Fixture Connectors Similar to "Ideal" "Marr" "Sherman" "Simplex" "S.R.K." "Wirelets" "Wiremold" Etc.—each	\$.08
E-Z or Simplex Insulated Solderless Wire or Fixture Connector	.03
Non-Insulated Solderless Wire Connectors-2 Screw-All Metal	.10

SET SCREW CONNECTORS

	Round Bri	ass			
Wire Size Divided Wall-2 Screws	No. 12-14 \$.06	No. 10 \$.08	No. 8 8.09	No. 6 8.10	No. 4 8.14
Hole Thru	:ii	.10	.13	.13	.17
Wire Size	No.	No. 1/0	No. 2/0	No. 3/0	No.
Divided Wall 2 Screws	\$.15	\$.26	\$.32	\$.50	\$.80
# # # # #	22	.28	.30	.45	.60

SOLDERLESS CONNECTORS

Dosser	t, I	Fran	kel	or Penn-Union	
1	No.	No.	No.	No.	

		No.						
Size Cond 3 to	1/0	2/0	3/0	4/0	250,000	300,000	400,000	500,000
2 Way L's 30.7	5 \$0.80	\$1.00	\$1.20	\$1.40	\$1.65	\$1.90	\$2.50	\$2.05
Cable Taps 1.0	5 1.20	1.40	1.75	2.10	2.40	2.85	3.75	4.65
	5 1.20					2.85	3.75	4.65
	5 .60	.70	.90	1.10	1.20	1.40	1.85	2.40

CORD & MOTOR CONNECTORS

	Com	plete		y Only	Cap	Only
Arrow	No.	Price	No.	Price	No.	Price
Midget Arrotes	8239	\$1.00	****	4****	RP	8.10
Motor Conn.	RP-8221	.60	8221	\$.55	RA	.15
	RA-8222 RH-8224	1.20	8222 8224	.55	RH	.45
	RG-8281	1.20	8281	.73	RG	.45
	RE-8335	1.60	8335	1.10	RE	.50
Bryant						
Motor Midget	KT-130	.70	130	.65	KT	.10
" Conn.	KG-103	.90	103	.65	KG	.30
GE						
Cord Conn.	1346-1347	.90	1347	.40	1346 2527	.40
	2719	1.25	1351 2720	.55	2721	.10
	2715	.65	2716	.55	2717	.10
Hubbell						
Cord Connector			5574	.50	5896	.30
4 4	6116	.75	6118	.65	5964	.10
			6630	.50	6631	. 20
	6180	.60	6630	. 50	6181	.10
	5518	.75	5574	.50	5420	.25
			7084	. 85	7056	.58
			7091	1.10	7092	.75
	****	****	6409	1.00	6149	.55
Weber						
Cord Connector	2274	.60	.74	.45	2200	.20
Wirt						
Cord Connector	56	. 85				
NOTE: For At	tachment Plugi	and other	caps -See	Pages PL	-16 & PL-	17

E-SUNDRIES

EXTENSION CORDS—MADE UP With Plug & Socket, but Guards-Lamps & Handles Extra

Length	With #18 Lamp Cord and Key			Silk C	rtificial ord and Socket	а	nd We	Socker	roof
Feet	Socket #18 Twisted	#18	#16	Twist,	or Parall	#18	#16		#16
5 F 10 1 15 20 25	t. \$0.80 .90 1.00	\$0.85 1.00 1.15 1.30 1.45	\$0.90 1.05 1.20 1.35 1.50	\$0.85 1.00 1.15 1.30 1.45	\$0.95 1.20 1.45 1.70 1.95	\$1.35 1.65 1.95 2.25 2.55	\$1.45 1.85 2.25 2.65 3.05	2.85	\$1.75 2.45 3.15 3.85 4.55
BELD CUTL HAM!	ER- 7012	Under-R	ug ete with	Cord, C	6'4" \$1.75 Cap and	9'4 \$2.0 Plug .	00 85	2'4"	15'4" \$2.50 \$1.75 1.35

ELBOWS & BENDS

Sine 14" 1" 1" 11" 1	
72 76 1 176 1	35"
Black \$.14 \$.18 \$.28 \$.38 \$.51
Galv	. 58
Sine 2" 234" 3" 334"	1
Black \$.83 \$1.35 \$3.58 \$7.87 \$1	9.10

EXPANSION SHIELDS & ANCHORS

(Ackerman—Johnson—Chicago Expansion Bolt -Diamond—Dryvin—Packtite—Paine—Star or Similar)

				Scr	ews No	Included.			
Expansiv Anchors	for N	dachir	e Screw	r Ca	Bolts.		Drive Anchors	With	Nail Price
	ze Scr				Price	16"x16" St	rield		\$0.05
	crew.					36"x136"	*		.06
8-32					.07	16"x1"			.07
10-24					.08	36"x136"	* ********		.08
12-24					.10	34"x134"			.09
1-4x20	Bolt				.12	% x116"	* ********		.10
5-16x18					.15	%"x1%"			.12
3-8x16					.18	4"x2%"			.14
7-16x14	-				.20	%"x2"	* ********		. 16
1-2x13					. 20	%"x314"	* ********		. 20
5-8x18					.30	24 x234			. 22
						35"x335"	*		. 25

Multi-Size Screw Anchors

	-	Screw	Size	
Length of Anchor	5 to 10	8 to 14	16 to 20 1" \$0.06	
Price Without Screw	\$0.04	\$0.05	80.06	\$0.08

LAG SCREW ANCHOL	RS (D	amond o	r Similar)	796
Takes Lag Screw Price Without Lag Screw \$.15	8.15 3.40	3.18 3.60	8.25 36 8.00	8.35
Takes Lag Screw Price Without Lag Screw	8.40	8.60	8.00	\$1.00

FUSES

PLUG FUSES

Standard Plug Fuses—Any Make—\$.07 each or 5 for \$.25 (Some Manufacturers put these fuses up 4 in a box, in which case they should be retailed at 4 for \$.25.)

ENCLOSED FUSES, NON-RENEWABLE

		dicating	Indicating		
	Price	Each	Price Each		
Amps. 1 to 30	250 Volts Fuse \$.15 .25	600 Volts Fuse \$.35 .50	250 Volts Fuse \$.25 .40	600 Volts Fuse 8 .55 .85	
70 to 100	1.55	1.15	2.30	1.85 3.10 6.80	
450 to 600	4.25 8.90	6.15 11.15	6.80 13.85	9.90 17.35	

RENEWABLE FUSES

	Link	26	Fuse				
\$00 Volts	250 Volts	600 Volts	250 Volts	Amps.			
.06	.05	1.25	1.00	35 to 60			
.10	.15	3.00 5.00	4.00	65 to 100			
.80	.80	16.00	11.00	450 to 600			
	.80	11.00 16.00	7.50	225 to 400			

FUSE WIRE

OPEN LINK FUSES Small Wire Type

Size in Amps	Amps. -0-1-2-3 \$.12	35 to 60 Amps. 2-3-5 \$.16	65 to 100 Amps. 5 5,23
Large	Strip Type		
Size in Ampe. Numbers Price Each.	7	110-200 7 to 16 3.30	225-400 10 to 16 3.60
Size in Amps	425-60 10 to 1		800-1500 40

STAMPED SHEET METAL LINK FUSES

l	Type of Link	В	C	D	E-F-H-I-L-M
į	Type of Link	156	\$.11	256	See Catalog
1	Price Each	\$.11	\$.11	\$.16	\$.80

THREADED CONDUIT FITTINGS	COVERS FOR FS FITTINGS For Threaded & Threadless Fittings Single 2 2 4 Description Gang Gang Gang Gang Gang
STANDARD TYPES, COVERS EXTRA "Condulets" "Taplets" "Unilets" "Electrolets" "V. V." "Adaptilets" Etc. Form 7	Metal Cover for Flush or Surface Push Button Tumbler Switches \$20 \$.40 \$.59 \$
F-PA 1 85 2 05 2 25 PC-PL 1 98 2 18 2 38 PT 2 25 2 50 2 77 T All One Size 3 75 1.05 1.61 2 23 TA All One Size 03 75 1.05 1.61 2 23 U.B 2 38 75 1.05 1.61 2 23 U.B 2 36 75 1.05 1.65 2 23 U.B 2 36 3 75 1.05 1.65 2 23 U.B 2 36 3 75 1.05 1.65 2 23 U.B 2 36 3 75 1.05 1.65 2 23 U.B 2 36 3 75 1.05 1.65 2 23 U.B 2 36 2 36 2 36 2 36 2 36 2 36 2 36 2 3	Crouse-Hinds or Similar
B 3.43 5.20 6.95 8.68 15.87 CO-COV 4.29 6.45 9.80 15.62 17.11 E 2.83 5.20 6.20 10.10 11.15 F Form 7 LB-LF-LL-LR-LBB 3.30 6.20 8.06 13.00 14.88 LBL-LBR-LW 3.30 6.20 8.06 13.00 14.88 LBL-LBR-LW 3.50 8.12 1.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 5.22 7.44 9.67 15.62 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 TA All One Size 6.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 9.30 13.65 16.12 5.20 9.30 9.30 9.30 9.30 9.30 9.30 9.30 9.3	Type Crouse Hinds or Similar 5 Amp. 1" 1" 10 Amp.
Covers COVERS For Above	GL 99 1.12 1.12 GA-GLA-GT 1.19 1.32 1.39 1.38 2. GTA-GX 1.39 1.88 2. 2. 2. 4. 2. 4. 4. 2. 4. <t< td=""></t<>
Porcelain Covers with Holes. \$ 13 \$ 20 \$ 3.3 \$ 47	Type G & H WITH ADJUSTABLE BAR Crouse Hinds or Similar G. 373 \$ 486 \$1.19 \$.86 \$1.00 \$1. GL 70 92 1.25 92 1.12 1. GA-GLA-GT .90 1.12 1.45 1.12 1.32 1. GTA-GX .1.19 1.32 1.78 1.32 1.52 1. GXA 1.39 1.82 2.05 1.52 1.72 2. H .50 73 1.05 73 92 1. HA .66 79 1.12 79 99 1. HA .73 86 1.19 .86 1.05 1.
Porcelain Covers with Holes. 3.63 \$.79 \$.168 \$.344	Type 20 Amp. 20 Amp. " " " " " " " " "
RECEPTACLES & ROSETTES For Threaded & Threadless Fittings Plug Receptacles 10 Amp. 2 Pole 250 Watt. \$3 50 66 " " 2 " 125 " 53 50 66 " " 10 " 3 " 250 " 72 79 86 " " 15 " 3 " 125 " 79 86 " " 15 " 3 " 125 " 79 86 " Lamp Receptacle 60 Watt with Shade Holdsr 40 46 53 Cord Rosette 60 Watt with Shade Holdsr 40 46 53	HH
FS SERIES FOR FLUSH DEVICES Shallow Type Without Covers, Any Make	Blank Sheet Steel Cover
No. Fipe	A B B B B B B B B B

DEVICES FOR J K SERIES	
Lamp Receptacle S. H. Groove. No S. H. Groove. Plug Receptacle 10 & 15 Amp. 20 41 10 43 -wire. Cord Rosette. Blank Cast Cover.	
SERIES V VAPORPROOF TYPE Adapti Crosse-Hinds or Similar Prices include Globe & Guard Form 75	

	1	Prices incl	ude Globe	& Gus	rd	
					Form 75	
V-VA & VDA VC & VL VE-VG & VT VX	4 4	******	* ************************************	\$5.60 5.70 5.90 6.00	\$5.65 5.80 6.00 6.25	\$5.70 5.90 6.45
VD & VJ	: :			6.10	6.20 6.50 Form 200	6.60
V-VA & VDA VC & VL VE-VG & VI VX VF VD & VI	66 66			\$6.70 6.80 6.80 7.05 7.15 7.35	\$6,75 6,90 6,90 7,30 7,25 7,45	\$6.80 7.00 7.50

ACCESSORIES & PARTS FOR V SER	IES	
	Price Form 75	Form 200
Globes only, clear glass	\$1.05 1.45 2.25 3.10	\$1.05 2.25 3.10 3.85
Guards Cast Aluminum Half Shades. Receptacle with Gasket. Reflector Holders Cast Aluminum. Adaptor	2.40 1.60 .55 .65 1.00	2.95 2.30 .55 .85 1.20

GS	VAPORPROOF	FIXTURES
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Crouse-Hinds Cat. 2200 Page 56
Adapti Bulletin 107E Page 19B
Pendant or Bracket Fixture with Recep. Globe and Guard Form 75.... \$7.55

FITTINGS, THREADLESS

STANDARD TYPES

"Kondu" "Adaptilets" "Appleton" Crouse-Hinds or Similar

	Size-	34" 3	(" 1"	134"	134"	2"	234"	3"	334"	4"
A Covers	Extra 80.4	180.58	0.79\$1	.23\$1	.65\$3	258	6.95\$	8.354	12.901	14.90
B "			.90 2							
B C CO	*7	.88	1.25 2	.05 2	.80 5.	.30	9.40 1	2.00	16.75	21.10
CO "	·90	1.20	1.44 2	.35 3	.30 6.	40.				
E "	5	.63	.88 1	.45 1	.95 3	.90	6.95	8.35	12.90	14.90
LB-LL-LI	R-L70	.92	1.32 2	.20 3	.05 5.	.40	9.651	2.40	18.60	22.30
LBL-LBR	1 Size	1.57	2.18							
T&TB A	1 Size9	8 1.27	1.74 2	.85 4	.00 6	.55 1	11.401	15.80	22.00	27.30
TA "	1 " 1.3	1.72	2.24							
TL-TR		5 1.30	1.74							
U-UB		1.05	1.50 2	.50 3	.40 6.	.10.	*****			
X All I S	ze 1.2	1.72	2.30 4	. 22 0	.uo y.	90				

TYPE	UCC	AND	UCB
------	-----	-----	-----

Unions Thick	Walls	\$.37 96	\$.53	\$.79	\$1.19	\$1.65	\$3.30	\$5.30	\$7.90	F 10.50	\$15.84
Conn. Thick		.26	.37	.76	.92				****		
UCT Adapter		.05	.08	.13		****				*****	

TYPE FS SERIES For Flush Devices

		One Gang		Two	Gang	Three Gans	Four Gang
Type	36"	34"	1"	35"	34"	36"	34"
FS FSA	\$0.99	\$1.19		\$1.72	\$1.91	\$2.57	\$3.10
FSA FSC	1.25	1.52	81.9i	1.98	2.18	2.90	3.50
FSD FSL-FSR	1.25	1.52	2222	2.24	2.57	****	
FSLA	1.25	1.02	****		****	****	****
FSCT	1.65	2.18	2.57	****	****	****	
FSX	2.04	2.84	3.23	****			

	TYPE With Adj	_	-	Without Ba
G	Form 8	35:	\$0.96	\$0.77
9	Form 10	3	1.00	1.20
GL	Form 5	14.	1.03 1.16	.85
GT	Form 5	M.	1.36 1.60	1.14 1.45
Н	Form 5 Form 10	14.	.72 .90 .85	.52 .70 .66

J	¥:	\$1.05 1.33	
K	36"	.79	
Rising pri	rid Con (Thin ce. Covers, vices sa	Threadless I duit and Me Wall) are Gaskets as ame price as L-11 and 12	tallic To the sa nd Wir Thread

			REDU	CING	BUSHINGS		14
Small	End	End	\$0.38	\$0.50	134" \$0.67	136° 80.75	\$0.99
44	66	. 14	***	.57	.71	.84	1.12
66	44	114	***	***	***	1.07	1.35
**		135	00.0	***	***	****	1.43

FITTINGS, SPRAGULETS, WIRELETS OR T & B

			BRANCH TYPE		
			Series 48		
		-	Description	G.E., Steel City or T& B Numbers	Price
Cover	Metal	Flat	tangular for 1/4 & 3/4" Conduit Closed with 1/4" Knockout	SP-48C1	\$0.25 .10
66	48	66	Pendant Type with 1/4 Bushing	SP-48C8	.12
66	66	68	Pendant Type with 34 Bushing	SP-48C11	.15
66	64		with 1/4 Male or Female Nipple	SP-48C22 & 23	.30
44	**	44	with 34 Male or Female Nipple	SP-48C24 & 25	.40
Cover	Porcel		with one or two wire Holes three or four wire Holes		.14

	SHALLOW TYPE Series 14		
Rade	Description Octagonal Shape for 14" or 34" Conduit	G.E., Steel City or T & B Numbers SP-14241	Price Each \$0.35
Cover	Metal Flat Closed	SP-14C1	.10
Cover	Metal Flat Pendant with 14 Bushing	SP-14C8 SP-14C11	.12
**	" with 16 or 16 Male Nip	SP-14C22-24	.30
	" Raised for Sign Receptacles	SP-14C31-34-35-36 SP-14C39	.12
4	" Flat for all Fluted Devices	SP-14C75 & 76	.15
**	" Three or Four holes	SP-14C77 & 78	.15

		DEEP TYPE Series 34		
			G. E., Steel City or	Price
		Description	T& B Numbers	Each
Body	Deep	Octagonal Shape 36" & 36"	SP-34461	\$0.45
Coves	Meta	l Blank Flat	SP-34R1	.14
Cower	Meta	For Push Button Switch	SP-34R2 & 3	.14
4	64	" Single Receptacle		.14
45	68	" Standard Duplex Receptacle	SP-34R7	.14 .14 .16 .16
66	66	For GE 30 Amp. Polarized Plug Recep.		16
44	65	Tumbler Switches		14
44	48	Hubbell and H&H Tumbler Switches.	SP-34R15	.18

COUPLINGS	
SP-1410 Complete Coupling for 1/3" Conduit	Price \$.15 .25

FITTINGS, ENTRANCE OR SERVICE

"ADAP	TI"			
Ent. Ells with Cov. Ser. 1100	36" \$0.35 .40 .45	\$4.7 \$0.40 .45 .50	\$0.50 .60 .60	134° \$0.85 .75 .95
Signal Ent. Caps No. 2810-2811	136	2,,80	236"	3*
Ent. Ells with Cov. Ser. 1100	\$1.50 1.70 1.80	\$3.00 2.95 3.00	\$5.95 6.35	\$7.60 7.20
Signal Ent. Caps No. 2810-2811	****	*****	*****	

FITTINGS, ENTRANCE O	R SERVICE	2—Continu	ied	"TAPLETS" ELEVED
**APPLE FEB Elbow with Cov. 1700 & 1900 FB Elbow with Cov. 1713 to 16. FC End Fitt. with Cov. 1723-34-43. AY Angle Fitt. 1960 to 64. LAY End Fitt. with Cov. 1790 to 94 MF Reversible Fitt. 3200-3230	34" 34 \$.30 \$. .35 .20 .50	35 8.40 50 .60 .25 .30 .55 .70 .35 .45 .55 .75	11/4" \$.65 1.85 .80 1.30	36" 34" 1" 134" 134" 2" 23 234" 3" AR End Fitt, with Bushing
FEB Elbow with Cov. 1700 & 1900. FB Elbow with Cov. 1713 to 16. FC End Fitt. with Cov. 1723-33-48. AY Angle Fitt. 1950 to 64. LAY End Fitt. with Cov. 1790 to 94	\$1.90 \$3.		3° \$9.00	**T & B** (Thomas & Betts) Ent. Cap 1525-32 with Cover \$0.30\$0.33\$0.43\$0.70\$1.75\$3.35\$6.20\$9.20 Cap. Elbow 1480-84 with * 45 .50 .60 1.70 2.25 Ent. * 1490-97 * 40 .45 .55 1.00 1.75 3.00 6.95 8.75 Insulets 1610-11-12 * 15 .20 .25
"BEND I	IICKS"	100 000 100	100	Angle Insulets 1640-1-2 with Cover 80 45 .60
Bend Hicks Galvanized		60 \$.65	\$1.75	" Ell No. 5490-95 " " ,80 .90 1.30 3.00 4.10 6.70
Bend Hicks Galvanized		.10 \$6.60	\$8,25	"V. V."
"CAP-SWIV" "A" Inside Work #1010 to 1064 \$ "BW" Threadless Fitt, 4112-4134 "BW" Threaded Fitt, 2112-2124 "FW" Outside Work 1412-1464 "EW" Conce Entrance 3110-3130 Type "AM" for Nipple 1/6" Long Type "AM" for 1600 to 1613 From 1632-1634	14" 14" 1 0.20 \$0.25 \$0. .45 .50 . .35 .45 .	30 \$0.55 \$0. 75 \$0.	85 81.30	34" 34" 1" 134" 12" 2" 234" 3"
"CONDULET:				FITTINGS, "ADAPTI"
F Type Ent. Fitt. with Porc. Cov LB Type Ent. Fitt. with Metal Cov		.35 \$.45 .40 .45	136° 8.70 .90	ROUND "ADAPTI" BOXES
F Type Ent. Fitt. with Porc. Cov LB Type Ent. Fitt. with Metal Cov	135"	2" 2½" .95	3"	Series Numbers Style 34" 34" 1" 134" 134" 2" No. 2900 to 2903 1 Back Outlet \$.40 \$.46 \$.60 \$1.05
"ELECTR				Threadless " " 48 .55 No. 3170 to 3175 . " " 46 .53 .66 1.15 1.85 2.4 No. 3200 to 3205 . 2 " 48 .55 .73 1.25 2.11 2.7
FB Angle Fitt, with Cov. 713-83 KA End Fitt, with Cov. 1013 to 43 SLB Elbow Fitt, with Cov. 1 to 4 Y Capped Elbow Y1 to 5	8.40 \$	(* 1* .45 \$.50 .20 .25 .45 .50 .50 .60	134" \$.80 .35 .90 1.65	No. 3200T & 3201T Threadless No. 3270 to 3275. " " " 60 .67 .93 1.40 2.25 2.51 No. 32170 to 3275 " " 58 .60 .85 1.34 2.20 2.81 No. 3300 to 3305. 3 " 64 .75 .98 1.60 2.65 3.00 No. 3300T to 3305T
FB Angle Fitt, with Cov. 713-83 Rad Fitt, with Cov. 1013 to 43. SLB Elbow Fitt, with Cov. 1 to 4 Y Capped Elbow Y1 to 5	\$1.00 \$3	2" 234" 3.00 \$6.60	3° \$8.50	Threadless
"GENERAL I		1"	*****	POSTERIO DE LA COLLANA
Entrance Ells 1490 to 1495	0 .50 25 30 .40 40 .45	.30 .50 .50 .55	1.65 1.65	PARTS For Above Boxes Series No. Description ½" ½" 1" 500-501-502 Base Only \$.27 \$.27 \$.50 500X-501X Extension Ring .27 .27 .47 501A Base Concealed to Expd66 .66 .60 6500 "with Tapped Boss .33 .33
With Covers 11/2 Ent. Caps Series 1525 to 1532 \$1. Capped Elbow Series 1470 to 1472 Capped Elbow Series 1483 to 1484 2 Insulets Series 1610 to 1612 Insulets Angle Series 1040 to 1642 Entrance Ells 1490 to 1495 1.	75 \$2.95	\$6.60 8.35	\$8,45 10.50	510 to 512 Base .40 .40 .8 520 to 532 " .27 .27 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .6 .7 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5
GEE				100 & 101 Straight for No. 500 Base .10 .22 110 to 113 "No. 501 " .26 .33 .4 130 to 138 " No. 502 " .48 .53 .4
F Service Cap Series 8000. B " " 16000. F Pipe " " 1000-1310. B " " 2000 & 2100. F B Universal " 3000.	. 8.35 I	4" 1" \$.40 \$.50 .50 .70 .45 .65 1.25 1.65	1.75 .85 .75	130 to 135 "No. 504 "2.65 3.05 3.4 100 to 145 "No. 504 "2.65 3.05 3.4 300 & 301 Threadless Outlet .20 .25 310 & 311
FB Universal " 3000. Weathercap " 40122. Service Elbow " 19000. Endo Terminal Series 90000. Endo with Male Thread Series 70000. Endo for Armored Cable 31143. No. 14-2 or No. 12-3 Wire.	30	.30 .45 .50 .20 .25 .35 .50	.95 1.05	Series No. Description 134" 134" 2" 500-501-502 Base Only \$.54 \$1.08 \$1.0 \$00X-501X Extension Ring .40 .
Series 30000. Nos. 14 and 12 wire, \$. SEG Service Elbow Series. 400-34x34x34	15; No. 10 wire ", 8.70;1x1x1/4".	\$.30; No.6; \$1.15; 1½x13; 2" 234"	wire, \$.45 (x) 1.75	520 to 522 1.08 1
F Service Cap Series 6000. B " 16000. B 1000-1310. B 1000-1310. B 2000 & 2100. FB Universal 3000. Weathercap 40122.	\$1.90 \$. 1.90 1.20 1.05 3.75	3.35 \$7.55 3.35 7.60 1.75 3.00 5.40 9.80	\$9.20 9.25 4.15	100 & 101 Straight for No. 500 Base
Service Elbow " 19000 Endo Terminal " 90000	1.40	3.60 2.40 4.88	7.40	300 & 301 Threadless Outlet 310 & 311
	1932 The	se prices a	ipply on	ly to the United States

COVERS FO	r Round Adapti B		FITTINGS OR BOX CONNECTORS, ARMORED CABLE—Continued
Porcelain One Hole Metal For Devices. Porcelain One Hole Porcelain	Rescription Cover Cover Nipple Nipple		PANEL BOX ADAPTOR FOR CONVERTING ANY CONNECTOR INTO A PANEL CONNECTOR COUPLINGS FOR COUPLINGS FOR ADAPTOR PORT CONDUCTOR COUPLINGS FOR ADAPTOR ADA
16 "For Surf. Sw. 18 & 19 Cast Iron For Rec. 19-P "With " 20 Metal Cov. 1/5" K. O 25 "Self Adjusting. NOTE: For "Adapti" Entr	ance Fittings See Page F		5 CONDUIT 19 1.00 2 113 4 1.22 2 2 1 1.60 For 16" Coaduit 40
"GROU Appleton, Cr	FITTINGS & DE JNDULET'', ETC. ouse Hinds—& Sir Type GCA	nilar	
With Angle Adjustment GCD-12 Fitting without Lug GCD-172-22-32 with With Angle Adjustment GCD-173-22-32 with The Angle Adjustment GCD-173-22-32 with GCD-173-22-32 with GCD-173-22-32 with	Type GCD ne Strap ¾"Two Straps .80 .85 \$1.55 Type GCE	1" Three Straps \$2.50	Number Description Price
GCE-142 For 14° Conduit & 34° GCE-242° 4° 4° GCE-342° 4° 4° 6° CONDUIT END T	ERMINAL Witho		0
GCE1 For 14 Conduit	Lug & One Strap 34 to 27 .ug & Two Straps " 2" METER SHUNTS	1 Water Pipe \$.77 Water Pipe7	5 Fitters NOT INCLUDED Diameter or Width Depth or Length Fitter 6 Diameter 8 Diameter 5 1 Inches to 6 Inches 8 Diameter 5 4 7 4 4 1.75 10 6 8 8 4 1.75 11 6 8 8 6 11 1 6 6 3.25 16 8 8 6 11 1 6 6 5.25 18 9 12 6 8.25
Without Screw or Lug. \$1.10 \$ \$1.10 \$ \$ \$.20 \$	S For Groundule 4" 1" 134" 134" 13 8.20 8.24 8.31 .24 .31 .32 .40 E. & T. & B.		Fitters NOT INCLUDED 8" Diameter 014 Inches 4" \$ 1.40
G. E. T. & B. SP-800-05 3670-80 347 Body Sa SP-810-15 3671-81 347 SP-820-25 3072-82 1 GROUI SP-900 to 3650 to 347 947 911 3659 15c 20c	JND FITTINGS Description wa ½" to 2" " ½" to 2" " ½" to 2" " ½" to 2" " NDING WEDGES 1" 1¼" 1½" 2" 2½ 24c 26c 30c 45c 90 NDING JUMPERS	3" 3½" 4"	0 7 Diameter 7 1 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 1 2 0 1 0 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1
FITTINGS OR BOX C		MORED CABLI Size of Pric K. O. Eac	LAMP GUARDS
Standard Squeeze Connector 1/6- "Set Screw Connector 1/6- "Slip In Connector 1/6-1/4 "Duplex Connector 1/6-1/6	•	95 .1	Loxon
STRAIGHT BOX CONNECTORS	Squeeze or Tangent Type	1 1 2 3 1 4 5 5 1 0 6 2 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	5 Lamp Size Fits Socket McGill Loxon Nos. Price Each 5 15-25-40 Watt Brass or W. P. 1420-1420A-1420B 50-60 Watt Brass or W. P. 1425-1427A-1427B 160 510 Watt Brass or W. P. 1425-1427A-1428B 60 515 Watt Brass or W. P. 2443 48A-1428B 80 200 Watt Brass or W. P. 2444-2446A-2446B 85
90 DEGREE ANGLE BOX CONNECTOR	Squeeze or Tangent Type	133 136 136 13. 1.1	5 200 Old Style Weatherproof 2447A-2447B 1.00 Hubbell Non-Locking Type 15-25-40-60 Watt 75 Watt
45 DEGREE ANGLE BOX CONNECTOR	Squeeze or Tangent Type	14. 1.0 14. 1.2	5 Open Bottom with Collar for Brass Socket
46	These	e prices apply o	only to the United States Electrical Contracting, January, 1932

HANGERS	LOOM & L-SUNDRIES		
FOR CABLE & CONDUIT Minerallac Hangers Porcelain Bushings Migs. For RC	LOOM, NON-METALLIC CONDUIT Size 14 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
No. 51ze	SOLDERING LUGS—One Hole Sherman-Trumbull or aimilar For Wire Size Wire Price Size Amps, Hole Each Size Amps, Hole Each		
T & B ADJUSTABLE HANGERS For Standard or Thin Wall Conduit Price Each ype A Clamp Including Bolts Fits Flange 234 to 734"	4		
HANGERS & PERFORATED BAR Grabler and Paine	LINKS—For Chain Price Non-Insulating Splicing Links—Any Make—Each \$.0 Insulating Luminous Acorns—See Page PL-4 and Page PL-18.		
Grabler Perforated or Extension Strip For 1/4 to 11/4 Conduit Per Foot	MAIL BOXES		
Paine Adjustable Pipe Hangers W" 1" 14" 15" 2" 25" 3" 35" Hanger Ring, Perforated	COUCH No. 73 Tilting Mail Boxes Post Office approved per Receptacle		
Hanger Ring, Perforated Hanger Iron, and Flat Head Ag Screw	"TILTING" Speaking Tube Type Series 7303 to 7309 and 73010 to 73012 No. of Boxes Price ea. 12,90 17,20 21,50 25,75 30,00 34,35 38,60 48,00 47,20 51,50		
200 Band Hanger Only 10 10 12 15 2 21 7 8 1 15 2 21 7 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SINGLE GANG Non-Tilting No. 78 or 780 with call button or speaking tube unit		
5 Band Hanger Extn. Bar and Beam Clamp .20 .30 .30 .30 .33 .34 Hinge Hanger, Socket and Beam Clamp .40 .47 .48 .50 .00 Band Hanger Only .14 .16 .18 .20	MOLDING, NATIONAL		
STANDARD SHADE HOLDERS 214" Uno with Screws . \$0.10 224" W.P. with Screws . 36 24" " Spring . 15 34" . 36 Form H with Screws . 30 4" . 60 314" Spring . 35 24" Contractile Collar . 10 314" Screws . 30 314" . 30 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	PITTINGS Number Description Price Number Description Price Number Description Price Description Price Description Price Description Descri		
KNOBS, TUBES & CLEATS, PORCELAIN	235 Tee . 23 377 Adaptor . 1 236 90 Deg. Elbow . 20 392 Snap Switch		
No. 1 Natlit Knob. With Screw Natl	103 104 401 105		
TUBES Diam. under 4' 5' 8' 8' 10' 12' 14' 18' 4' Price Each 8.01 8.011/2 .02 8.02 8.02 8.08 8.17 8.25 8.32 8.40 18' "" 011/2 .02/2 .03 .03/2 .09 .19 .27 .35 4.32 18' "" 07' .68 .09 .11 1.5 .25 .34 4.3 8.22 18' "" 10' 12' 13' 15 .18 .29 .39 .49 .59 CLEATS	342 3" 10 Amp. Box.		
Standard No. 334 2 & 3 Wire Unglazed Cleats without Screws Per Pair \$.04			
ONE WIRE CLEATS B & D Type—2 Piece Porcelain Dimensions No. Height Length Width For Size Wire Price Each 1A 1 1/4 1/4 to 6 3.04 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 to 6 3.04 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4	348 X 3° Cord Rosette 38 Box 1. 355 Ground Clamp 12 440 D Two Gang Box 1. 355 Ground Clamp 12 440 D Two Gang Box 1. 1. 356-7 Keyless Recep 60 Single Plates 447-48-360 Conven. Outlet 80 360 X 3° Plug Recep. 000 W 95 452-62-92 Two Gang Plates 452-62-92 Tree Gang Plates 452-62-92 Tree Gang Plates 452-62-92 Tree Gang Plates 452-63-93 Single Adaptor 35 365 A 45° Spit Base 65 365 A 45° Stud 65 365 W 4° Comb. Plate 15 2155-6 90 Deg. Connector 366 6° Canopy Base 85 2150 Straight Box		
114A	366 6" Canopy Base, .85 2190 Straight Box "		
4B	3 Wire		

SAVE TIME in Live-Line Connections



HOW much time do your linemen need to make live-line connections for temporary grounds on transmission lines, for connecting lightning arresters, and for connections during construction work? Is your method expensive and hazardous? General Electric live-line disconnecting clamps are economical and easily adapted; they provide safety for your operator and equipment because of the following features:

- Large opening for main conductor. Large opening for operating hook. Easily operated at a distance.
- Rigidly secured to operating hook; cannot fall off and cause damage.
- 3. Special operating hook unnecessary.
- 4. Eliminates soldered connections.
- 5. Strong design and light weight.
- 6. Corrosion-resisting parts.
- Suitable for wide range of main- and branch- conductor sizes.
- 8. Finished for either copper or aluminum conductors.
- Clamp-pressure contact for main and branch conductors. Branch conductors held by bolted V-shaped serrated contact surfaces.

Why not ask your nearest General Electric office for a copy of GEA-481C, which describes these new live-line disconnecting clamps in detail?

500-75

PROTECTORS OF SERVICE



Architects: Simon & Simon

Electrical Contractors: Riggs Disture
& Co.

General Contractors: Irwin & Leighton



Trip-free, triple-pole air circuit breaker with two overcurrent inverse-time devices

CARVING a new contour in Philadelphia's ever rising skyline, the building of the Fidelity Philadelphia Trust Company rises more than 30 stories above the traffic of Broad Street. From its basement 3½ stories below the street level, to its roof, electrical service that will attract and hold tenants must be available for the myriad electric devices that modern business demands. Day and night, G-E air circuit breakers protect the main power and light feeders in this building.

General Electric air circuit breakers are built for all required voltages and ampere capacities either a-c. or

ENGINEERING

d-c. They are trip-free, solenoid and manually operated, and are made in single-pole and multipole combinations for instantaneous operation, and for time delay on overcurrent.

Operating within 20-degree temperature-rise requirements, these breakers protect circuits against overcurrent, reverse current, and undervoltage as conditions may require.

JOIN THE "O-E CIRCLE"-SUNDAYS AT 5:30 P.M. E.S.T. ON N.B.C. NETWORK OF 54 STATIONS-WEEK-DAYS (EXCEPT SATURDAY) AT NOOR

AL SELECTRIC

Molding	Pluga, Appliance
OVALDUCT FITTINGS Price Each 24-CQ Extension box cover for 4" outlet boxes \$4.5	Size Conduit Size Conduit Length Conduit 2
MOLDING, WIREMOLD	7"
No. 500 2-Wire, price per ft. \$.10 " 700 4-Wire, " " 12 " 1000 Master Size," " " 23	3. Long. 3. 14 \$0.14 \$0.20 \$0.24 \$0.30 \$0.38 6. 15 17 22 28 34 40 \$0.30 \$1.00 7. 18 21 27 34 40 55 1.05 1.25 8. 21 23 30 37 45 60 1.12 1.40 9. 22 25 33 40 50 67 1.22 1.55 10. 24 27 37 40 56 75 1.35 1.65 11. 30 35 45 58 70 95 1.45 1.80 12. 30 35 45 58 70 95 1.45 1.80 12. CHASE NIPPLES & COUPLINGS Size 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3
FITTINGS FOR No. 500 2 Wire Description Price 502 Bushing	CHASE NIPPLES & COUPLINGS Size 14' 14' 14' 14' 114' 114' 12' 2' 214' 3' Chase Nipples . each \$.10 \$.10 \$.10 \$.14 \$.25 \$.28 \$.32 \$.50 \$.70 \$ 1 .10 Couplings 12 .12 .12 .14 For Erickson Couplings, see Page PL-8. CHASE MALE REDUCERS AND FEMALE ENLARGERS Malleable Iron Galvanized 4 to 14' Reducer, each . \$.20
526 Keyless Recotacle	PLUGS, ATTACHMENT
Strict Strap Str	Polarized Standard Comp. Plug. 25
5738 4\% fixture Box. .55 1082 Pipe Coupling. .60 67381D Diple Thru Hook Conn. 1.45 1085 Comb. Connector. .35 5738E Stamped Hook 1086 Offset Connector. .70 Canopy. .00 1087 Kick Plate. .32 7739 6\% fixture Box. .90 1089 Reducing Connector. .15	20 AMP. CAPS—For Polarized Devices 2 Wire Brass Covered Cap. \$0.90 3 \$1.20 2 \$ Steel Covered Cord Grip Cap. \$1.30 3 \$1.30
LEWIS METER AND SWITCH CABINETS CLASS A Main FUSE ACCESSIBLE Amp. Voits Wire Fuse Neutral Numbers Price 30 125-250 3 2 50id M7311-ML7311 \$14.30 30 125 2 1 4 M7311-ML7311 13.90 30 125 2 1 4 M7311M-ML7311M 13.90 30 125 2 2 Fused M7311M-ML7311M 13.90 60 125-250 3 2 Solid M7312-ML7312 10.75 60 125-250 3 2 Solid M7312-ML7312 10.05 60 125-250 3 2 Solid M7312-ML7312 10.05 60 125-250 3 2 Solid M7312-ML7312 10.05	30, 40 & 60 AMP. CAPS—For Polarized Devices 30 Amp. 2 Wire Porcelain Cap
60 125 2 1 " M7212M-ML7212M. 19.05 60 125 2 2 Fused. M7212D-ML7212D. 19.30 CLASS B SEALED MAIN FUSES 30 125 2 1 Solid. M5211 or ML5211. 12.30 30 125-260 3 2 " M5311" ML5311. 12.80	PLUGS, APPLIANCE
30 125 2 1 Solid. M5211 or ML5211. \$12.30 30 125-250 3 2 Fused. M5311 ML5311. 12.80 30 125-250 3 2 Unfused. M 211 ML 211. 12.20 30 250 2 2 Fused. M 221 ML 221. 12.96 60 250 2 2 Fused. M 221 ML 221. 12.96 30 125-250 3 2 Unfused. M 311 ML 312. 12.70 30 125-250 3 2 Solid. M 321 ML 322. 15.30 60 125-250 3 2 Solid. M 321SN or ML 321SN. 12.70 60 125-250 3 2 M 322 or ML 322. 15.30	Make

I togs, appliance	Keceptacies, Flush
PLUGS, APPLIANCE, Continued	G. E. or TRUMBULL—Residence Panel Boards
Beaver F-31 Standard Heater Plug-Single Sided Cont. \$0.15	" No harked 4 and Wilcons and 10 12
F-83 Armored Casing (F-82 Type Armored)25	Surface or Flush Mounting Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Single No 3104 to 3212
F-33 Armored Casing (F-32 Type Armored)	Flush Mtg. or Fusing 2906 to 2912
F-38 Armored Casing (F-32 Type Armored). 25 F-36 Medium Heater Plug—Bakelite. 25 F-30 Small Heater Plug—Bakelite. 25 G-1 "Gripall" Heater Switch Plug Adj. Cont. 80 G-2 "Gripal" Heater Switch Plug Nickle Alloy	Surface Mtg. \$2.80 \$ 4.55 \$ 9.85 \$11.25 \$13.00
Contacts	Surface Mtg. Double No. 3404 to 3412 Flush Mtg. or Fusing
G-21 Competitive Push Button Type	2704 to 2712 Surface Mtg. 9.10 12.40 18.15 23.10 26.40
G-22 New Toggle Type	SQUARE D—Fuse Cabinets
Bryant 668 Universal Appliance Plug with Switch	Series 37000 to 39000 Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt.
752 Appliance Plug with Indicating Switch	Flush Series 37000 Black \$1.85 \$2.50 \$4.50 \$7.90 \$ 9.50 \$11.15
2906 Small Switchless Plug	
G. E. 2602 Armored Heater Plug No Switch 25 2633 Large Heater Plug 20 2642 Switch with 445 2699 Small No 25	NOTE: 2 & 4 Circuit Flush Type arranged for mounting direct to front side of studding with channels for lathe ends, each
2642 Switch with	Combination Fuse Cabinets
2826 "Handy Pull" Heater Plug	60 Amp. Fuse Break and 30 Amp. Circuits 60 Amp. 2 Circt.
Hemco	Flush Mounting Aluminum \$7.45 \$12.40 \$14.00 \$14.85 \$23.00
Hetpoint CD6P1 Iron Plug No Switch	Surface Black 6.45 10.75 11.55 12.40 20.65
CD79P1 * * with *	WADSWORTH Fuse Cabinets & Panelboards
Kool-Pull 8037 Appliance Plug No Switch	All Dead Front Single Fusing Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Surface Mtg
Propp 5 One 4-All Appliance Plug—No Switch 30 52 Iron Plug with Switch 50	I Flush Mtg Hanger Support 2.85 3.80 5.10 7.55 10.20 12.00
55 Standard Iron Plug-No Switch	Flush Type for Tgle Sw 6.85 11.10 13.75 16.40 19.85 16 Circt. 20 Circt. 24 Circt.
Rool-Pull 8037 Appliance Plug—No Switch 75	Surface Mtg. Enc. Panel Boards 100 Amp. \$22.00 \$25.35 \$32.00 Flush 24.75 28.00 34.65
800 with Switch	WESTINGHOUSE Junior Residence Type
P-29 " " Armored20	. 2 3 4 6 8 10 12
450 F tsall Heater Plug—No Switch	Junior Residence Panels Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. No. K-64012-21 & 64052-61 \$2.50 \$2.70 \$3.75 \$5.35 \$8.75 \$10.30 \$11.70
615 Armored Heater Plug-No Switch .30 850 Iron Plug with Switch	Junior Building Panels for Toggle Switches
	No. K-64034-42 & 64074-81 6.60 9.90 13.20 15.70 19.80 Pothead Compound Per Pound 55
Simplex 890 Armored 102 Armored 63	
Sunbeam A-85 Heater Plug	PLATES & PLUGS, RECEPTACLE
B-080 * Safety * 1.00	PLATES—For Flush Receptacles
Waage 3 & 4 Heat Plug Only	All Types Bakelite Lacquer B. Brass Lacquer B. Brass
Westinghouse 299423 Appliance Plug—No Switch	All Types Bakelite Lacquer B. Brass Lacquer B. Brass Single or Duplex Plate. \$0.15 \$0.15 \$0.15 \$0.20 \$0.25 Lift Cover Plate 1 Outlet. \$0.15 \$0.55 .55 .65
PANEL BOARDS OR FUSE CABINETS	Radio Plates Jack Type—Sgie. or
	Telephone One Outlet
FRANK ADAM	Disappearing Door Plate Sgle
BX Safety Type Fuse Boxes. \$ 3.80 \$ 5.60 \$ 11.90 \$ 11.90	Chapman Receptacle Duplex 1.15
"NR" Main Cable Lug Only \$ 8.90 \$11.90	Chapman Receptacle
NR3G Solid Neutral 11.15 13.40 15.60 NR3G Main Cable Lug Only 16.50 19.80	* and 1 Switch Comb
All for Plug Fuses BENJAMIN-STARRETT	and 1 Recep. 1.00 Switch and Sgle, or Duplex Recep50 .55 .70 .80 Steel Plates for 30 and 40 Amp. Polarized Receptacles .80 Solid Brass Plates 30, 40 & 60 Amp. 1.65
Cat. No. Type and Description Circt. Circt, Circt. Circt. Circt.	Solid Brass Plates 30, 40 & 60Amp. "
66104-12 NP -One Fuse 8 Wire Serv \$ 5.20 \$ 7.40 \$ 8.90 \$10.40 \$11.90	Screwless Plates Bakelite for Hubbell Receptacles
66204-12 P —Two Fuse 2 and 3 Wire Serv 7.50 11.15 13.35 15.60 18.60	Mirror Glass Plates for Single Receptacle
66304-12 NEP-One Fuse with Switch Pl 7.10 10.30 12.80 16.50 19.15	Mirror Glass Plates for Single Receptacles
66404-12 EP -Two Fuse with	CAPS & PLUGS For Receptacles Price
Switch Pl 10.30 15.25 19.15 21.80 25.15 BULLDOG FUSENTERS	10 Amp. Pony Bakelite Cap
2 4 6 8 10 12	10 " Cap With Extension Knob
No. Description Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt. Circt.	10 Steel 20
Black Finish with-	10 * Tandem Blade Compo. Cap
out Shield 1.65 2.15	CAPS & PLUGS For Receptacles Price 10 Amp. Pony Bakelite Cap 50.10 10 ** Standard 10 10 ** Cap With Extension Knob 10 10 ** Brass Covered Cap 45 10 ** Steel 20 10 ** Cord Grip Cap 30 10 ** Tandem Blade Compo. Cap 25 Radio Jack Plug 45 Radio Plug For #2144 Receptacle 25 Chapman Plug Compos 75 Chapman Plug Porcelain 45 Disappearing Door Plug Brass Top 1.20 10 Amp. 2 Wire Polariz. Comp. Cap 25
BBF Black Finish 2.00 2.75 4.70	Chapman Plug Compos
Toggle Switches 5.60 9.90 13.20 15.70 19.80	Disappearing Door Plug Brass Top. 1.20 10 Amp. 2 Wire Polariz. Comp. Cap
BSSF " Lum. Finish with 30 A. Saftofuse 20.50 22.00 31.75 33.35 35.00	10 * 2 * Cord Grip Cap
Boor Lum, rinish with	20 2 Comp
BEF Lum. Finish with	20 2 Cord Grip
Pull Box 6.60 9.90 14.85 17.35 19.80	10 3 Cord Grip
FUSE CABS-All-Steel-Equip. Co.	30 2 Cord Grip 1.65 10 3 Comp. 4.85 10 3 Cord Grip 70 20 3 Comp. 70 20 3 Cord Grip 1.10 30 3 Pore 1.10
Style and No. Description Circ. Circ. Circ. Circ. Circ. Circ.	20 3 Comp
Style and No. Description Circ. Circ. <td>1 20 4 9 4 Comp. Cord Grin 1.75</td>	1 20 4 9 4 Comp. Cord Grin 1.75
D3008 & 12 Surf. Sgl or Two Fuse	40 3 Heavy Duty Angle Cap. 2.40 60 3 With Cord Grip 2.10 110 Volt 2 CP SS Carbon Lamp for Bull's Eye Receptacle 68
D3038 & 42 Flush	110 Volt 2 CP S7
DS3304-6-8-12 Flush * * * * 4.95 7.00 9.10 14.45	RECEPTACLES, FLUSH
KILLARK	
Standard Flush Type Panels Ciret. Ciret. Ciret. Ciret. Ciret. Ciret. Ciret.	STANDARD RECEPTACLES OR CONVENIENCE OUTLETS Without Plates Plates Extra
Series KRP-2 to 12 Inclusive. \$2.00 \$2.90 \$4.75 \$6.50 \$8.50 \$10.75	Shallow Bakelite Side Wired Single \$.20
CUTLER-HAMMER—Fuse Panels—Flush Mounting	* Porc. * * Single
All 30 Amp. 2 Cir. 4 Cir. 6 Cir.	* Duplex
Black Finish Series 4355 H25-30	Dupler
Aluminum Finish Series 4355 H25-30 2.30 3.30 5.10 Circuits 8 Cir. 10 Cir. 12 Cir.	Dupler
Black Finish Series 4355 H25-30	Shallow Bakelite Side "Single
	Duplez,
	Duplet.
	ly to the United States

SUNDRY RECEPTACLES Plates Extra Except Where Marked "X"	OUTLET BOX RECEPTACLES or Lampholders Pull and Keyless—Porcelain and Brass Shell
Price	Standard Beae Price
Duplex 1.50 Duplex Separate Feed Com. Gr 40 Screwless Plate Recep, Single	Brass Shell " 31/4 4" 2.15
xSgle. With 31/8 Box Cover30 Duplex60 xDup. 31/845 10 Amp. Pol. 2 Wire Single55	Brass Shell " Std & 4" Box
xSgle. 4"35 20	One Piece Porc. Pull Cord or Ch. 314" Bos
xSgle. Small Brass Pl 1.20 30 2 2 3.20 2 2 3.20 2 2 3 Single 1.50	Two " Pull with 7" Ch. 314"
Chapman Receptacle	Ch. & Cord 3\6" Box
* Duplex *	Ch. & Cord 4" Box
YAXLEY RADIO RECEPTACLES Or Convenience Outlets Price	Keyless Mounted Bik. Metal Cov. 314" Box
Radio Recep. Aerial Ground & Power 1.50 YAXLEY RADIO RECEPTACLES Or Convenience Outlets Price Brass Bakelite 30.90 40.	Porcelain Pull Cord & Chain for 314 & 4" Sox. \$1.85 Brass Shell
A242 " with Duplex AC Receptacle & Box	
A133 Antenna & Ground with AC Receptacle & Box & 2 Plugs 1.70 1.70 1.35 1.35	T-SLOT BOX RECEPTACLES—Surface Type Price 10 Amp. Standard Receptacle
156 " with 2 Plugs	10 Receptacle with Covered Term
241 * * * * * * & 2 Plugs	20
RECEPTACLE COMBINATIONS—With Places Price	10 Amp. Standard Receptacle.
	T-SLOT HEAVY DUTY & POLARIZED Cleat and Concealed Bases Price
Recpt. Only With Plate	10 A. Small Concealed 2 Wire
Hubbell Switch Tap Combination Screw Plate #7093-Recep. #7163 1.75 RECEPTACLES, PORCELAIN	10 A. For Wood Molding 2 "
ALARAY RECEPTACIES AND FITTIBES	10 A. Polarized Concealed 2
Symbol: Column No. 1—Number of Alabax Fixture. Column No. 2—Resale Price Standard White Glaze Finish. Column No. 3—Resale Price All Over Color B-D-E-F-G-H-J-K-L-M. Column No. 4—Resale Price Stripe Decoration No. 1A-2A-4A.	10 A. Fielding Receptacle 2 "
Column No. 4—Resale Price Stripe Decoration No. 1A-2A-4A.	20 A. Polarized Concealed 2
Column Column Column Column Column Column Column Column No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4	20 A. Polarized Concealed 3 "
Column No. 5 and 6—Resale Price Stripe Decoration T and U. Column Column Column Column Column Column No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 Number White Color Stripe Number White Color Stripe AL 844 \$2.75 \$3.15 AL 1469-70 \$3.00 \$3.30 \$3.43 45 845 \$3.00 \$3.50 AL 1469-70 \$3.00 \$3.30 \$3.45 45	30 A. Polarized Composition 2 1.80 40 A. Polarized Composition 3 1.60 40 A. Polarized Composition 1.80
010-00 2.00 0.00 (0.00) 1110-10 2.10 2.00 2.00	Porc. Sub. Base for 40 Amp. Rec
847 3.15 3.60 4.00 1477 2.45 2.75 2.90 848 2.00 2.25 2.40 2007-9 1.40 1.70 1.85 849-50 2.45 2.75 2.90 2008-10 1.55 1.80 1.20	CANOPY OR FIXTURE RECEPTACLE
851 1.50 1.75 1.90 2011-12 1.25 1.50 1.70	Pull for Ceiling Ring 7" Chain. 40.35 4" Cord
852 2.60 3.05 3.50 2013 1.70 2.00 2.20 859-63 1.95 2.25 2.40 2014 1.85 2.15 2.30 864 2.20 2.55 3.10 2015 1.55 1.85 2.00	& Cord
865 2.55 3.00 3.45 2371 1.25 1.50 1.70 866 2.45 2.90 2469 3.10 3.55 4.00	one chairmann and a second
867 2.80 3.25 2471 2.70 3.15 3.60 869-70 2.60 2.85 3.05 2669 3.95 4.40 4.85	SIGN RECEPTACLES—Standard Base
871 1.65 1.90 2.10 2671 3.40 3.85 4.30 872 2.45 2.90 3.35 2846 3.08 3.55 4.00	Keyless Removable Ring Price Stand. Shallow Screw Term
875 2.45 2.70 2.90 2852 2.85 3.30 3.75	Covered
898 .95 1.25 1.40 2853 3.15 3.60 4.05 919-20-221.70 2.00 2.15 2864 2.45 2.90 3.40 921 .75 1.00 1.20 2865-72 2.90 3.25 3.70	Competitive Shallow Screw Term
923 2.45 2.70 2873 3.10 3.55 4.00	Covered 25 No. 14 Wire Lead 20 Deep Type With Screw Term 30
929-30 2.05 2.30 2.50 2991 1.60 1.90 949-30 2.10 2.40 2.00 3100 2.45 2.90 3.35	* Covered *
951 1.15 1.40 1.60 3101-02 2.20 2.65 3.10 952-62 2.10 2.40 2.60 3103 1.85 2.30 2.75	Solid Siga Rec. With Screw Trim
960 1.05 1.35 1.50 4070 1.50 1.75 969-70 2.25 2.55 2.75 4071 1.30 1.55	Porcelain Cleat Receptacle
971 1.30 1.60 1.75 4072 1.55 1.80 980-83 1.70 2.00 2.20 4073 1.35 1.60	" 2 Serew .30 " with Spring Stud25 " Removable Ring30
984 1.50 1.75 1.95 9826-36 2.20 2.50 2.65 980 1.95 2.25 2.45 9806 2.40 2.65 2.85 1200-02 1.70 2.00 2.15 9006 2.45 2.75 2.90	
1201-03 1.85 2.10 2.30 1273 .50 .65 .75	R-SUNDRIES
1274-75 .90 1.05 1.10 No. 5 No. 6 1276 .20 .30 .40 Column Column Stripe Stripe	
1349-50 2.75 3.05 3.20 10000 3.10 \$3.55 \$5.20	Cleat—1 Piece Junior Fuseless Rosetta
1369-70 2.90 3.20 3.35 1 10004 3.95 4.40 6.05 \$5.30	2 Fusible 35
1371 1.95 2.25 2.40 10005 3.55 4.00 5.65 4.95 1449-50 2.85 3.10 3.30 10006 3.70 4.15 5.80 5.05 1451 1.85 2.15 2.33 10007 3.30 3.75 5.40 4.70	Concealed-2 Piece Jr. Concealed Fuseless Rosette
The above Prices do not include Glassware o' Lamns. RECEPTACLES, SURFACE	2 r. For Wood Moulding Fuseless
STANDARD RECEPTACLES or Lampholders	2]r. For Wood Moulding—Fuseless
Keyless Porcelain Uni-	Box Type—I Piece Rosette Screw Terminal\$.40 \$.55 1 Without Terminal
Standard Base Nos. Price Pony Cleat Receptacle No. S. H. Groove—Side Screws 50715 80.10	For Special Conduct Noseties -See Fages F 12-10, 11 and 12.
Standard Cleat " - Side " 28795 .35	GROUND RODS
With - 4 4013 .40	Copper- Galva- Galva- weld nized weld nized weld nized weld nized weld nized
Concealed No. S. H. Groove	Not Wired Not Wired Wired Wired Size Price Price Price Price Price Price Price Price
Oblong With	5.126 Frice
Removable Rings	3, x5 * 1.20 .50 \$.65 \$ x10 * 3.40
	26"x8
The state of the s	34°x5 * 1.80
These brices abbly on	1 4 11 TY 14 I CLAIN
52	ly to the United States Electrical Contracting, January, 1932

		Sockets, Heavy Duty
Number of F	AWLPLUGS—Standard Types or Screw Price Number of For Screw Price	CAPS For Above Sockets
Rawlplug Drill Hole	No. Each Rawlplug Drill No. Each Any Length	Pend. 34 34 34 36 36 Cord Brass Brass Brass Brass Brass Angle Angle Grip Standard Brass Cap \$.10 \$.15 \$.30 \$.45 \$.65 \$.50 \$.30
6	6-7 8.02 14 34 14 8.06	Brass Threaded " .15 .15 .30 .35 .65
8	8-9 .03 16	Brass Threaded 1.15 .15 .30 .35
	Rawlplugs for Lag Screws Price Each	BODIES FOR STANDARD SOCKETS Put
Size of Size ag Screw Drill	te Size of Length Hole Rawlphus 114° 2° 216° 3° 316°	Standard Brass Shell Body Only \$,20 \$.15 \$.25 \$.26
12. 12	14 .17 .20 .23	Standard Electrolier Shell Body Only
H: H	20 .23 .26 \$.30	All Porcelain Body Only
OTE: For Expansio	a Shields—See Page PL-10.	D. COO C
RE	PAIRS & REPLACEMENTTS Chromalox	Cleat Base For Open Wiring. 3. Concid. Base for Concid. Wiring—Small. 3. Brass Cov. Base Concid. Wiring—Small. 5. Brass Covered Base for 314 Bbx. 5.
000 Watta	c Range Units for Replacements Purposes 1200 Watts 1500 Watts 2000 Watts	Brass Covered Base for 3 & Box
\$6.90	\$8.00 \$8.30 \$8.75	Augle Concealed Base. All Porcelain Cleat Base. 2 All Porcelain Concealed Large 3
METAL R	REFLECTORS — Glassteel Diffusers Opal Glass Daylight Globe	All Forceiain For sea Dox
Threaded Pendent Ho	18" 20" 24" 18" 20" 24" ad 8 9 95 \$13.80 \$10.50 \$14.65	BRASS BAYONET SOCKETS or Wall Sockets
Ceiling Hood Detachable Can., Pend	9.95 13.80 10.50 14.65 Hood, 10.25 14.10 \$20.75 10.75 14.95	BRASS BATUNE! SUCKETS OF Wall Sockets Keyless Brass Shell with Small Conc. or Slotted Base. 50717 & 18 \$ 4.4
Detachable Can., Ceili	ng Hd. 10.25 14.10 10.75 14.95 10" 12" 16" 10" 12" 16"	Key Small Concealed Base 0184 76
NOTE.—150-200 W	2.50 3.95 7.95 3.10 4.80 , 18"; 300-500 W., 20"; 750-1000, 24". , 10"; 300-500 W., 12"; 750-1000, 16".	Covered60018 .81
	ARD INDUSTRIAL REFLECTORS on do not include holders or sockets	Pull Adaptor Socket—No Outlet
A. 2010	For Diameter Collar for Neck for Complete	Pull Adaptor Socket—No Outlet. 1.1 Pull Adaptor Socket T Side Tap. 1.4 Pull Twin Socket-Sorew Side Outlet 2.0 Pull Socket 1/4" Cap T Side Tap 1.1 Keyless 1/4" Cap Side T Side Tap 7 Key 1/4" Cap Side T Side Tap 7 Key 1/4" Cap Side T Side Tap 7 Key 1/4" Cap Side T Side Tap 8
Style	Lamp Size Bowl Shade Reflector With Holders Sockets Sockets Price Price Price	Key & Cap Side T Side Tap
	25-40 W. 10" \$1.40	
R. L. M. DOME TYPE	100 * 12" 2.10 2.35 3.65 150 * 14" 2.45 2.65 3.90	Composition Mica or Porcelain with Leads. \$0.2 Decorative Sockets for Temporary Work
	200 * 16" 2.90 3.10 4.75 300-500 * 18" 4.00 4.20	
	750-1000 4 207 5.85 6.40	CANDLE SOCKETS Stand. Base Keyless Candle Socket with Rigid or Adjust. Hickey 8.1 Stand. Base Keyless Candle Socket with Rigid or Adjust. Hickey 8.1
	25-40 * 5" 1.25 3.20 50-60 * 7" 1.70 3.20 100 * 8" 3.45	atd. base 1 um or 1 umbier
DEEP BOWL TYPE	150 4 814" 1.75 2.00	Levolier Bracket Candle Sockets Lever Brass No. 103 to 120
OT BOLL	200 * 10" 2.45 2.65 4.20 300-500 * 12" 4.00 4.20	Intermediate Base Puli Candle Socket with Paper Jacket
and mile and	750-1000 * 15" 4.90 5.15	Intermediate Base Keyless Candle Socket Porcelain
William In the sa	25-40 * 10" 1.40 1.80 50-60 * 12" 1.60 2.00 3.65	Candelabra Type Pull Chain Socket. 1.5 CANDELABRA OR MINIATURE SOCKETS Price Code Code Code Code Code Code Code Cod
SHALLOW DOME	100 * 12" 1.90 2.15 3.90 150 * 14" 4.20	Reviess Candle Porceiain Maie.
FI W. W.	150 * 15" 2.80 3.10 5.10	Brass Shell & Cap.
1 10 10 10 10	25-40 * 7° 1.30 50-60 * 8° 1.60	Diase Shell I dell 78 Cav
ANGLE TYPE	100 * 8° 1.60 2.50	DIM-A-LITE & LO-LITE SOCKETS No
	300-500 * 12" 3.85 5.05 750-1000 * 15" 6.05 6.90	11.20 11.20 11.20 11.20
	or Standard Brass Sockets	STANDARD BASE HUSK AND REFLECTOR TYPE Porcelain Keyless
SOCKETS N	dd 10% to manufacturers' list prices.	One Piece with Threaded Cap
	SOCKETS	Two Piece Body Only Two Piece Body with 1/2 Brass Cap.
CON	MPLETE STANDARD SOCKETS Pend.	Two Piece Body with 1/2 Brass Cap. Two Piece Body Pendant Cord Grip.
Complete With Ca	nd. 36 36 36 36 36 Cord	INTERMEDIATE BASE Sockets Brass and Weatherproof
Ker · S .	25 \$.25 \$.30 \$.45 \$.65 \$.75 \$.70 \$.45	Key Socket ½ Cap
Keyless Pull	20 .20 .25 .40 .60 .70 .65 .40 30 .30 .40 .55 .70 .80 .75 .60	COOPER A COPORORING
Posh	25 .25 .30 .45 .65 .75 .70 .50 Electrolier Brass Shell	Adaptors for Sockets—See Pages PL-4 and 18.
Keyless	.80 .25 .40 .6070 .80 .25 .30 .35 .5565 .75	Acora Luminous Hubbell 7015 Bryant 750 GE 860—or Similar—Each
Push	40 .35 .45 .7080 .90 30 .25 .40 .6070 .80	Chain for Pull Sockets—Per Foot.
V-10	7 Threaded Catch Bress Spekets	Adaptors for Sockets—See Pages PL.4 and 18. Acora Hubbell 5919-5092-7004—or Similar—Each. Acora Luminous Hubbell 7015 Bryant 750 GE 860—or Similar—Each. Bushings Hard Rubber 3/6" Each. 01c—3/6" Each. Chain for Pull Sockets—Per Foot. Cord for Devices—Light Type—Per Foot. Cord for Devices—Heave Type—Per Foot. Extension—Benjamin No. 91. Handles for Sockets—Bryant 1240-1338—or Similar. Splicing Links Non-Insulating for Chain—Each.
Key Keyless	.50 .50 .65 .7070 .45 .45 .60 .65	Handles for Sockets—Bryant 1940-1938—or Similar Splicing Links Non-Insulating for Chain—Each Splicing Links Insulated for Chain—Each
	.50 .50 .65 .7070	
Key	.55 .70 .80 1.05 1.65 .80	SOCKETS, HEAVY DUTY
Key	All Porcelsin Sockets	MOGUL SUCKETS
Keyless Pull 1:	.50 .65 .75 .95 .90 1.30 .75 .00 1.15 1.25 1.45 1.40 1.80 1.25	With Work of Mark
Push	.70 .85 .95 1.15 1.10 1.50 .95 Lock Type Brass Shell	Body Only Iron Voke Brees Co.
Key Keyless	.65 .65 .75 .85 1.00 1.15 1.10 .90	
Push	.75 .75 .85 .95 1.15 1.30 1.30 1.00 .70 .70 .80 .90 1.05 1.20 1.15 .95	One with Lead Wires80 1.00 1.20 Brass Shell Keyless Mogul Socket 1/4 or 1/4 Brass Cap
	These prices apply on	ly to the United States
Key Keyless Puli Push	Cock Type Brass Shell	Body Only For 150 or 150 o

HEAVY DUTY WEATHERPROOF SOCKETS	Plate and Boxes Extra—Continued Price
Copper or Aluminum Shell All Keyless Price	Special High Grade Composition Cup—Single Pole
1 Piece with % or 1/4 Nipple	3 Way 1 85 4.20 Lock Type Standard Porcelain Cup—Single Pole 1.80 Double 2.85 8 Way 2.35 4 0.00 Electrolier Non-Indicating 2.00
2 * * 34 *	Double
2 " Cord Grip	5.00
Shadsholders for above sockets. Price 214 Aluminum or Copper Extra	Extra for Luminous Button Add Per Switch
HEAVY DUTY SOCKETS—Benjamin Price Each Benox Keyless Socket with Clamp Ring Medium Base	PUSH SWITCH COMBINATIONS With Plates Price
Benox Keyless Socket with Clamp Ring Medium Base \$1.25	Bryant 117 D. P. Indicat. Switch Flush Receptacle & 060 Plate
Drass	#13 One Push Switch-Bulls Eye and Solid Plate. 4.80 518
Pull Brass, Copper or Alum	558 Duplex Duplex 7 00
Mogu Copper Clad 2.00	PLATES For Flusb Push Switches Price
Copper	Description Comp Comp Comp Comp
BENJAMIN MOGUL SOCKETS With With	Brush Brass * .040 *20 .40 .60 1.35
Without Yoke Yoke Yoke Yoke Yoke Yoke Yoke Yoke	Sprayed 060 25 50 75 1.35 Brush Brass 060 30 60 90 1.60 Bakelite or Composition 15 30 45 80
One Piece Socket with Lamp Grip	Bakelite or Composition
Two Piece Socket with Lamp Grip. 1.20 1.45 1.70 BENJAMIN REFLECTOR SOCKETS	Bakelite or Composition 15 30 45 80 80 80 1.80
Porcelain or Similar With Type X or XR Fitting	Glass Mirror Plates
Medium Base Keyless Tapped %-14-14	
Medium Base Keyless Tapped %-14-16. \$1.20	" " " " " Guth Enameled, .65 1.75
" Not Shock Absorbing	SWITCHES, SURFACE SNAP
If X or XR Fitting not supplied on above sockets deduct	METAL COVERED SNAP SWITCHES 5 10 20 30
SWITCHES, FLUSH TUMBLER	Poles Volts Type Size Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp.
All Square Handle	Non-Indicating Standard 60 \$ 80 \$1.75 \$2.90
Plates and Bozes Extra	Indicating
- 3-Way	Indicating 1.05 1.25 2.55 3.50
STANDARD 4 3.25 Compo* -S.P. .90 -D.P. 1.50	Indicating 3.10 5.10 6.00 3.90 5.30 6.35 3.90 1.70 3.20 3.80 3.90 1.70 3.20 3.20 3.80
a a -D. P. 1.50 a -3-Way 1.15	4-Way Non-Indicating 1.85 4.00
COMPE- PorcS. P. 3.50	Electronier Non-Indicating 2.10 2.30
COMPE- Porc. "—S. P. 20 ITIVE "—S. W.P. 40 Compo. 20 A.—S. P. 1.35 HEAVY 20 A.—D. P. 1.55 DUTY 30 A.—S. P. 1.75 30 A.—D. P. 1.75 4 30 A.—D. P. 2.35 A.—3-Way 2.35 LOCK "—D. P. 2.36 TYPE "—9-Way 2.36 LOCK "—D. P. 2.30 TYPE "—9-Way 2.36	ALL PORCELAIN SNAP SWITCHES 5 10 20 80
* 20 A.—D. P	Poles Volts Type Size Amp. Amp. Amp. Amp. Single 125 Non-Indicating Pony \$.50
DUTY 30 A.—S. P	125 Indicating
A.—3-Way	" 125 Indicating " .75 1.00 \$2.45 3.20
TYPE3-Way	3-Way 125 Non-Indicating " 1.10 1.40 3.25 3.75
4 90	4-Way 125 Non-Indicating " 1.80 3.80
Twin 2 S. P. Switches 1.40	TUMBLER OR TOGGLE SURFACE SWITCHES
TYPE Triplet—3 S. P. Switches	Metal or Composition Covers Single Double 3 4
EXTRAS—For Luminous Tip add for Each Handle	125-250 Volt Pole Pole Way Way 5 Amp. Closed or Slott. Base
TUMBLER SWITCH COMBINATIONS	5 Amp, with Outlet Box Cover 314 or 4" .00 1.00 10 Amp, Closed or Slott, Base
	SNAP SWITCHES FOR WOOD MOLD, CONDULETS, ETC.
10 A. D. P. Switch-Pilot Lt060 Plate	Metal Covered All Porcelain
10 " " " " Receptacle " " 1.90 20 " " " 15A " " 2.20 Switch — Tap & Receptacle with " 1.65	Single Pole
PLATES For Tumbler Switches Price	Three Way
1 2 3 4 Cons Cons Cons Cons	Electrolier 1.50 1.50
Stamped Brass Sprayed Finish .040 Thick \$.10 \$.20 \$.30 \$1.10 Brush Brass .04015 .30 .45 1.35	PARTS FOR SNAP SWITCHES Price Handles—Standard Type Each \$.12—Ratchet Type
* Sprayed * .060 *20 .40 .60 1.35 * Brush Brass * .060 *25 .50 .75 1.60	Handles—Standard Type Each \$ 12—Ratchet Type
Stamped Brass Sprayed Finish .040 Thick. \$.10 \$.20 \$.30 \$ 1.10 ** Brush Brass .040 * .15 .30 .45 1.35 ** Sprayed .000 * .20 .40 .60 1.35 ** Brush Brass .000 * .25 .50 .75 1.60 Bakelite Plate for Receptacle or Switch .15 .30 .45 .80 *** 30 Amp. Tumbler Switch .25 .50 .75	
Twin & Triple B. B. or Bakelite Plates25 .25	SWITCHES, PULL CORD, CHAIN,
Comb. Switch and Recept.—Moulded Comp	CANOPY, LEVOLIER, ETC.
Hubbell Bakelite Screwless Plates	PULL SWITCHES—BODIES ONLY
Guth Porcelain Enamel Plates	
Glass Mirror Plates. 1.00 1.75 2.50 3.25 Blank Plate .040 Brush Brass Finish	Wall—Side Pull 1.00
	Fixture—Bottom Pull. 1.25
SWITCHES, FLUSH PUSH	Small Socket Type
Plate & Boxes Extra	Small Cleat Base
Double	Caps and Bases Large Concealed Base
Deep Type Porcelain Cup—Single Pole	Above Switch Small Box Base Brass Covered
Double	4° Box Base Brass Covered
a a way	4 Box Cover with Ring
T1	I. A. At. Thuitad Chatan

These prices apply only to the United States

CEILING PULL SWITCHES MOUNTED ON OUTLET BOX COVERS Arrow — H & H or Equal For 3 4 Outlet Box Single Pole. \$2.00 D. P3 & 4 Way-2-3 Circuit. 2.40 4 Single Pole 2.00 D. P3 & 4 Way-2-3 Circuit 2.40	BABY KNIFE SWITCHES Any Make Porcelain Base 250 Volts 125 Volt 250 Volts 15 Amp. 30 Amp. 15 Amp. 30 Amp. 3
HEAVY DUTY PULL CORD SWITCHES, METAL COVER With Chain or Chain & Cord Price S. P. with Small Porc. Slotted or Solid B	TYPE "C" OPEN KNIFE SWITCHES Slate Base Front Connected Not Fusible Pusible Pusible Type "C" OPEN KNIFE SWITCHES Slate Base Front Connected Fusible 3
TYPE "O" PULL SWITCHES For Ceiling Fixtures or Ceiling Fans Single or Double Pols—3 & 4 Point Electrolier & Motor Control—Similar to Bryant \$2473 to 2480 with \$6 Cape, cord & Ball Each	Pole
McGill Co. Price Twi-Lite Canopy or Fixture Switch #50-51-52 \$1.00 Conduit Box & Fixture Switch #41-62 & 63 1.00 Switch Hickey 64 & 64 A for above 15 Center Pull \$38 1.00 Switch Hickey 64 & 65 1.00 1.	* 100 A 10 15 15 12 20 10 85 28 85 10 18 25 80 21 45 34 35 43 90 SWITCHES, REMOTE CONTROL
PENDANT SWITCHES With Pendant Cap	TYPE "F"—"DIAMOND H" Single Pole Double Pole Three Pole Cat. No. Price Cat. No.
Composition Feed Thru Switch Flat Back 50	SWITCHES, RESIDENCE, METER SERVICE, INDUSTRIAL, ETC.
DOOR SWITCHES & OPENERS Edwards Price	SQUARE D For Cadmium Plated or Galvanized Switches Add 40% SMALL SERVICE ENTRANCE SWITCHES 30 Amp. "Square D" Switches Residence Type Numbers Volts Description 2 Pole 3 Pole 97211-97311 125 For Plug Fuse Solid Neut 41.75 42.50 99211-99311 125 Meter Test 2.55 4.10 1211 125 Porc. Entr. Switch 1.80 97251-97351 250 Encl. Fused Solid Neut 1.76 3.20 99251-99351 250 Encl. Fused Solid Neut 2.50 4.35 4
MOTOR STARTING SWITCHES For Small A. C. Motors Arrow or H & H Double Pole 5 Amp. 900 Volt Price Price Price Price Price Price 14 H. P. 2.30 \$2.40 \$4.90 \$1.10 \$1	METER SERVICE SWITCHES Branch Fuses, Cabinets Attached and Wired Accessible Main Fuses Main Branch Main Br
Bryant Sentinel Circuit Breakers Single Pole for Protection of Fractional H. P. Motors No. BSB-1-2-4-0-8-10-12 and 14. \$2.65 Trumbull Small Motor Starting Switches No. 2221 —2 Pole 30A. 125 Volt—30A. 230 Volt —3A. 000 Volt without	ENTRANCE RANGE AND LIGHTING SWITCH No. 38372 Range & Lighting Switch 1-60A. 250V. & 4-30A. 125V. Br. \$23.80 No. SK-2259. Back Meter Plate & Switch Support for Above
No. 2361 —3 Pole 30A. 125-250 Volt—3A. 600 Volt without Overload Protection. No. 2322-6—Single Pole up to 1/2 H. P. 230 Volt A. C. and 1/4 H. P. 118V. A. C. with Thermostatic Overload Protection. 2.90	SERVICE SWITCH Two Meter Combination No. 38312 For Range—Water Heater—Lighting Circuits
SWITCHES, KNIFE, ENTRANCE & PANEL ENTRANCE & PANEL SWITCHES 30 Amp. 125 Volts, Plug Fused Location	METER SERVICE SWITCHES "Square D" Accessible Main Fuses Without End Walls Meter Non-Meter Test Type Test Type Test Type
Description of Fuses Price Price Price Bottom S0 Top 8.60	Amps. Poles For Neutral Number Frice Number Price 30 2 2 Plug Fessel 30211 \$4.00 10211 \$3.65 30 2 1 \$2.00 \$2.00 \$3
	ly to the United States 55

METER SERVICE SWITCHES "Square D" Main Fuses Sealed Without End Walls Meter Non-Meter	TYPE A WITH ARC SUPPRESSORS "Square D", Quick Make & Break, Single Throw 230 V. DC. and AC. Fusible 250-600 V. DC. and 575 V. AC. Unfused Amps. 2 Pole 3 Pole Amps 2 Pole 3 Pole 3 Pole 3 Pole 5 Pole
Fused Test Type Test Type Test Type Test Type Solid Soli	Amps. 2 Pole 3 Pole 230 #88251 \$10.80 #88351 \$13.65 a20 #84252 \$9.55 #84351 \$11.40 60 #88252 13.65 #88352 18.20 30-60 #84262 12.75 #84342 15.95 100 #88253 20.90 #88353 27.30 100 #84263 20.95 #84343 24.10 200 #88254 36.40 #8354 40.95 200 #84264 28.20 #84344 34.60 400 #88255 81.67 #83855 90.75 400 #84265 81.50 #84345 90.75 800 #88256 107.25 #88356 127.85 600 #84266 18.00 #84345 132.00 Amp. Sw. with 30 Amp. Spacing
60 2 2 * Fused 362.52 12.90 162.52 11.95 60 3 1 * Solid 362.72 12.00 162.72 11.10 60 3 2 * Solid 383.72 18.75 163.72 12.85 100 2 2 * Fused 362.53 21.25 162.53 20.35 100 2 1 * Solid 363.73 21.25 162.73 19.45 100 3 2 * Solid 363.73 23.00 163.73 21.25	30 AMP. TYPE C "Square D", Quick Break, Single Throw 250 Volts No. 83251 No. 83251 No. 83251 2.65 Not Quick Make & Break No. 83251 2.65 Not Quick Break No. 83351 2.65
UNIVERSAL METER SERVICE SWITCHES "Square D" Meter Service Types Ganging Type No. 32211 or 33211 . \$3.70 All 30 Amp. 125 Volt No. 12211-13211 . \$4.15 No. 32311 4.00 Single Phase & DC No. 12311 4.45 No. 34211 5.25 Without end walls No. 14311 5.65	(x 60 Amp. Switches with 30 Amp. Clips). TYPE "C" SWITCHES Cutler-Hammer Single Throw Industrial Type Series 4131 250 Volta DC or AC Fusible
METER SERVICE SWITCHES "Square D" Without End Walls Live & Dead Fuse Type METER TESTING Food Natural Description Price	30 4131H2 \$ 2.90 4131H3 \$ 4.70 30 4131H24 \$ 19.90 4131H34 \$ 416.50 60 4131H3 7.45 4131H14 9.10 60 4131H25 12.40 4131H36 18.15 100 4131H3 11.55 4131H15 14.00 100 4131H26 19.80 4131H36 33.00 200 4131H3 18.15 4131H16 24.00 200 4131H27 34.65 4131H37 47.00 400 4131H36 44.55 4131H37 61.05
Solid Single Type Fuse Dead \$2.35	125-250 Volt Solid Neut. Fusible Amps 3 Pole 4 Pole 30 41311430 \$ 3.70 41311444 \$ 7.45 x8 60 41311440 \$ 8.25 4131145 10.30 90.41311456 \$ 2.90 41311468 \$ 4.70 100 41311441 13.20 4131146 18.60 100 41311465 9.90 41311460 11.15 200 4131143 57.75 41311448 74.25 x80 4mp 250 Volts Only ENTRANCE SWITCHES, LIGHT TYPE
Saga Type Acces M. Fuses Saga Type Acce	Cutler-Hammer Cutler-Hamme
Number Amps. Pole Fused Neutral Description Price 26311 30 3 2 Plug Solid Plug Type Fuse Dead \$2.58 26351 30 3 2 Cart 10 Cart Type Fuse Dead 4.05 Sk.650 30 3 2 Cart Switched Cart Type Fuse Dead 4.60 Sk.660 60 3 2 4 Cart Type Fuse Dead 11.70 Sk.674 100 3 2 4 Cart Type Fuse Dead 11.70 19.2	METER SERVICE SWITCHES Cutler-Hammer Without End Walls Meter Test Type Live Fuse Type 30 For Plug Fuses
POLYPHASE METER SERVICE SWITCHES	100 For Cartridge Fuses. 4307 H4x8 15.05 4307 H12 16.00
"Square D" Sealable Main Fuses METER TEST TYPE Number Amp. Pole 5033	30 For Cartridge Fuses. 4325H4&5 4.80 4325H6 4.80
SK-672 60 3 3 111.70 SK-673 100 3 3 19.20 FITTINGS FOR STANDARDIZED SWITCHES End Walls for 30 Amp. Switches 9.30 60 & 100 Amp. Switches 80 Trough Closing Plates No. 20533 & 34 15 Connecting Trough No. 20733-31/6 Long 45 20738-81/2 80 Universal End Wall & Shutters 80 Meter Shutter only No. 24358 5 15	All 230 V.—A. C. Description Sealed Fuses-Meter Test 3 Phase 3 Wire. \$11.35 \$17.50 \$37.10 \$48.50 \$1.75 \$2.00 \$4.20 A. Acces. \$3 \$4 \$11.50 \$20.55 \$30.00 \$1.75 \$
OUTDOOR METER BOXES No. Description Black 12601 With Test Block \$7.25 \$10.00 12821 Without Test Block 5.00 7.70 12811 W. P. Meter Sw. Box 10.00 10.00	No. Without End Walls 4311H1 4311H2 4311H3 4311H4 & 5 SHUTTERS END WALLS Cutler-Hammer 30 Amp. Without End Walls Price 43.70 43.70 43.70 4.60 5.25 SHUTTERS END WALLS Cutler-Hammer 30 Amp. Amp.
TYPE C—"Square D" Single Throw Oulck Break D" 250 Volts Fusible Amps. 2 Pole 30 685221 8 3 20 60 561d Neutral 47313 14.60 100 501d Neutral 47314 22.75 200 Solid Neutral 44344 213.85 200 Solid Neutral 44344 23.85 200 Solid Neutral 44344 23.85	Shutters for Shutter Type End Wall
56	ly to the United States Electrical Contracting, January, 1932

SHITCHES .	SHACCHES
TYPE "A" SWITCHES Single Throw—Series 4111	ENTRANCE RANGE AND LIGHTING SWITCH #18422-2W Switch with 1-60 A., 250 V. & 2-30 A. 125 V. Branches \$23.00 18422-4W Switch with 1-60 A., 250 V. & 4-30 A. 125 V. Branches 23.80
Non-Fusible 250DC or 500-600 AC Amps 2 Pole 3 Pole 230 4111H74 \$ 8.65 4111H84\$10.30 200 4171H77\$25.60 4111H87\$31.35 30-60 4111H75 12.40 4111H85 14.45 400 4111H78 74.25 4111H88 82.50	END WALLS, SHUTTERS, TROUGHS, ETC. Trumbull Electric
MOTOR STARTING SWITCHES Manual Operated Cutler-Hammer Single Pole Push Button with Overload Protection	End Wall One Piece for Standardized Switches \$.30 \$.80 \$.80 End Wall One Piece for Polyphase Switches .30 \$.80 Shutters for End Walls for Standardized Switches .15 \$.30 .30 Shutters for End Walls for Polyphase Switches .15 \$.30 .30 Shutters for End Walls for Polyphase Switches .15 .15 Troughs 2-3° & 4 \$.40 \$ 5" \$.45 \$ 6" \$.50 7" \$.55
Type of Switch Relay Number 115 V. 110 V. 220 V. Cycles Price Open Fast Trip 9101H1 4 H. P. 34 H. P. 34 H. P. 25-60 32.60 Open Slow 9101H54 2.60 3.60 Open Slow 9101H54 2.60 3.60 Series Description Amps Volts 2 Pole 3 Pole 4 Pole	TYPE "A" INDUSTRIAL SWITCHES Trumbull Single Throw, Quick Make & Break
Series	Amp 2 Pole AC-DC 2 Pole AC Only 2 Pole AC-DC 30. 72221 \$10.95 72321 \$13.85 36221 \$9.60 60. 72222 13.65 72322 18.20 36222 11.85 100. 72223 20.95 72323 27.30 36223 20.00 200. 72224 36.40 72324 41.00 36224 25.60
Cutout	Trumbull "SNUF-ARC" TYPE Fusible 2P. 230-575 3P. 230-575 Amp AC & DC AC Only AC & DC AC Only 30
SMALL ENTRANCE SWITCHES Trumbuli Electric Closed or Open Ends Numbers Amps. Volts Fusior 2 Pole 3 Pole	30
Numbers Amps. Volts Fusing 2 Pole 3 Pole 5790 EW Porc. Base. 30 125 For 1 Plug Fuse. \$1.70 5791-2-3-4 & 5893. 30 125 For 1 Plug Fuse. \$1.85 \$3.45 5891-5892 Porc. Base. 30 125-250 " 1.85 2.40 13040-13044 Kappa. 30 250 No Fuse-Slate Base. 2.75 4.10 13042-43 & 13743 Kappa. 30 250 For Enclosed Fuses. 2.75 4.35 13221-13321 Quick Break. 30 250	TYPE "C" SWITCHES Trumbull Single Throw, Quick Make & Break 230 V. Fusible 230 V. Fusible 230 V. No Fuse Amp 2 Pole AC-DC 3 Pole AC Only 2 Pole AC-DC 3 Pole AC 30
STANDARDIZED MAIN ENTRANCE SWITCHES Trumbull Electric Single Phase or DC Solid End Plate 16301 to 16308	100 40223 12.75 40323 15.50 20223 10.95 20323 12.30 200 40224 20.00 40324 26.40 20224 10.10 20324 22.75 2P. Amp 230 AC-DC 3 Pole V.AC 3 Pole Blades 4 Pole Blades
STANDARDIZED METER SERVICE SWITCHES	30044224 20.00 44324 26.30 43324 22.70 43423 20.40
Trumbull Electric For Meter Testing Open End Without End Walls 16300 to 16300 30 128-250 For Plug Fuses \$ 2.95 \$ 3.75 16315 16324 30 Enclosed Fuses 3.35 4.10 16330 16338 60 8.45 8.90	WESTINGHOUSE All 30 Amp. Porcelain Base 2 Pole "Midger" S N 1 Blade 1 Fine #69612 8 62613 81 75
16330 16338 60 8.45 8.90 16341 16348 100 15.05 15.05	"Midget"—S. N.—1 Blade—1 Fuse—f62612 & 62613 \$1.75 "Type 00" Fasible—125-220 V.—Plug Fuses, 60090 1.80 \$60061 \$3.00 -S. N.—60091 1.75 62328 2.70 -S. N. 3 Blades —60091 1.75 62328 2.70 -S. N. 3 Blades —250 Volt. 60990 2.55 62323 2.70
Trumbull Electric With Test Blades With and Without	-3 -250
1811	"Type WK-45" Fusible Cart. Fuses—3 Blades—250 V
†19111 30 125 For 1 Plug Fuse\$ 3.35 †19211-19311 30 125-250 Plug Fuse\$ 3.70 \$4.05 †19121 30 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	TYPE C METER ENTRANCE Westinghouse "WK-62" Ouick Break
19221-19321	2 Pole Fusible 3 Pole Fusible 4 Pole Fusible 60 Amp.—230 Voits62304 \$ 9.15 62305 \$10.90 62307 \$13.00 100 " —230 "62308 13.60 62309 17.25 62311 29.05 200 " —230 "62312 21.80 62313 29.05 62315 47.20
SEALED FUSE METER SWITCHES Trumbull Electric With Test Blades With and Without End Walls †15827 30 125 For 1 Plug Fuse\$ 2.40	SOLID NEUTRAL FUSIBLE 2 Blades—2 Fuses 3 Blades—2 Fuses 60 Amp.—3 Poles
15827 30 125 For 1 Plug Fuse\$ 2.40 28111.28211.28311. 30 125 Plug Fuses 3.55 \$3.75 28121.28321. 30 125 1 Enclosed Fuses. 3.85 28122.28322 60 28123.2822.28322 60 28123.223.323 100 8 8 22.00 23.75	UNIVERSAL METER SERVICE SEALED MAIN FUSES Westinghouse "WK-57" Meter Testing One & Two Circuit Four Circuit
Without Test Blades †29111. 30 125 For 1 Plug Fuse. \$ 3.10 †29211-29311. 30 125-250 " Plug Fuse. 3.10 \$ 3.30 †29121. 30 125 " 1 Enclosed Fuse 3.45 †29221-29321. 30 250 " Enclosed Fuse 3.75 3.90	57924 \$3.70 All 30 Amp. 57925 \$5.00 57928 4.05 125 Volt For 57499 4.60 57928-31 5.60 Plug Fuses 57928 5.60 57498 5.25 57500 5.26
250 250	STANDARDIZED METER SWITCHES Westinghouse "WK-54" Without End Walls
UNIVERSAL METER SERVICE SWITCHES Trumbull Electric Without End Walls 6971-123	Dead Fuse Type Live Fuse Type 2 Pole 3 Pole 2 Pole No. Price
972-123 30 125 For 1 Plug Fuse. 4.70 973-333 30 125 For 2 Plug " Solid Neu. 4.10 975-333 30 125 For 2 Combinations. 5.30 5.30 979-333 30 125 For 4 Combinations. 5.30 5.30	30
POLYPHASE ENTRANCE & METER SWITCHES Trumbull Electric	METER SERVICE AND ENTRANCE SWITCHES ACCESSIBLE FUSE TYPE
Series Nos. Style 3 Wire 4 Wire 16379 Entrance—"DO-ALL" \$ 4.70	Westinghouse "WK-65" With Test Facilities Without Test Facilities Fused 2 Pole 3 Pole 2 Pole 3 Pole Amps. For No. Price No. Price No. Price No. Price
26321-36623 Sealed Fuse with Test Conn. 11.50 14.40 17.60 33.50 100 Amp. Series Nos. Style 3 Wire 4 Wire 15321-15623 Acc. Fuse—Test Conn	30 Plug 65000 \$ 3.50
man C. Large Man (1)	ally to the United States 57

POLYPHASE METER SWITCHES Westinghouse "WK-54"—Sealed Main Fuses	Noark Doall Without End Plate
30 Amp. #60266—3 Pole—230 Volt AC—Less End Wall	Amps. Fused For Numbers Price Numbers Price 30A Plug. 913123-911123 \$ 2.95 19233-914333 \$ 3.75 30A Enclosed 921223 3.30 92233-624333 \$ 0.05 4.05 4.05 4.05 4.05 4.05 4.05 4.05
Westinghouse "WK-65"—Accessible Fuses Meter Test 3Phase 4WS.N. Non-Meter Test 30 Amp—Less End Walls 65100 \$11.00 65143 \$15.00 65103 \$10.40 60 " " " 5101 20.20 65146 35.95 65104 18.45	100A " 921221 14 95 925331 15.85 "TYPE C" "NUBLADE"—Quick Break
METER TRIMS—END WALLS—TROUGHS For Meter Switches 30 Amp. 60 & 100 Amp. One Piece Meter Trims. Blank End Wall or Shutter Type End Wall. 35 .80	2 Pole 3 Pole Number Price Number Price Sumber Price Sumber Price Sumber Price Sumber Sumber
Shutter Type Meter Trim or Adapter Trim .15 .30 New Universal Trim with Silde 35 Replacement Plate or Adapting Plate	230 Volts Solid Neutral 3 Pole 4 Pole Number Price 8983 \$ 5.20 8943 \$10.00
"TYPE A" INDUSTRIAL SWITCHES Westinghouse "WK-66"—Quick Make & Break 250 V. DC—230 V. AC—Fusible 600 V. DC—575 V. AC—Fusible Amps. 2 Pole 3 Pole 2 Pole	00 All Solid 8936 10.00 8946 14.50 100 Switching Neutral 8931 15.40 8941 28.15 200 8932 26.30 8942 45.40 400 8934 67.15 8944 90.75
30 #66100 \$10.90 #66101 \$12.70 #66020 \$16.35 #66021 \$19.95 60 #6103 13.60 #6104 18.15 #60023 17.25 #66024 20.90 100 #66109 36.30 #66110 27.25 #66026 27.25 #66027 31.75 200 #66109 36.30 #66110 40.85 #66029 42.85 #66030 52.65 250 V. & 600 V. DC Non-Fusible 230 & 575 V. AC—Non-Fusible Amps. #60127 \$ 9.55 #66128 \$11.35 #66120 42.85 #66320 32.85 30.60 #66127 \$ 9.55 #66128 \$11.35 #66120 \$16.	Non-Fusible 2 Pole 250 VDC-230-AC 30 8723 \$ 3.15 8736 \$ 5.15 8743 \$ 8.15 8726 8.15 8726 8.15 8736 8.65 8746 13.60 8721 10.80 8731 12.25 8741 20.90 8722 19.05 8732 22.70 8742 38.10 400 8724 38.30 8734 47.20 8744 63.55
100 66056 20.90 66057 24.50 66058 31.75 200 66059 28.15 66060 34.50 66061 46.30 "TYPE C" INDUSTRIAL SWITCHES Westinghouse "WK-97"—Quick Make & Break 250 V. DC—230 V.AC-Fusible 575 Volt AC-Fusible Amps. 2 Pole 3 Pole 3 Pole 4 Pole	Quick Break "TYPE C" "NUBLADE" 575 VAC 575Volts AG Fusible 575 Volts Non-Fusible 3 Pole 4 Pole Amp. Number Price Number Price Number Price Number Price 30 8433 \$10.90 8443 \$18.15 8633 \$10.90 8446 19.95 60 8436 13.60 8446 19.95 8636 10.90 8646 18.16 100 8431 21.80 8441 36.30 8631 17.25 8641 27.25
30 59/103 \$ 1.5 597104 \$ 0.59 59/154 13.60 59/155 19.85 100 59/106 12.70 59/107 15.45 59/154 13.60 59/155 19.85 100 59/106 12.70 59/107 15.45 59/157 21.80 59/155 38.30 200 59/109 19.95 59/110 26.30 59/160 38.10 59/161 51.75 250 V. DC. & 230 V. AC-Non-Fus. 575 Volts AC-Non Fusible 50 59/101 \$ 5.00 59/101 \$ 6.35 59/105 19.81 50 59/101 5.00 59/101 \$ 6.35 59/105 19.00 59/105 \$ 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 19.00 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 19.00 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 19.00 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 19.00 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 19.00 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 19.00 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 19.00 59/105 18.15 100 59/105 18.15	200 8432 38.10 8442 51.75 8632 29.00 8642 42.65 ACCESSORIES FOR NOARK SWITCHES Single Piece End Wall for 30 Amp. Switches\$.30 For 60 & 100 Amp\$.80 Shutter for 15 00 100 30 Amp\$.30 Universal End Wall No. 909103 40 Blanking Side No. 908103-908203 15 Trough 3-4 & 5' 8 40-6' 8 45-7' 50 8'-\$.55-9' 80 Cabinet Fuse Block No. 902413 1.28
ENTRANCE SWITCHES Noark Closed Ends	Cabinet Fuse Block No. 902413
Number Amp. 8283 30 125 1 Plug 1 Solid \$1.75 Neutral 2 Pole 3 Pole 38283 30 125 2 1 Plug 1 Solid \$1.75 1 Solid \$1.75 30.00 \$1.75 30.00 125 2 1 Plug 2	Meter Service and Entrance Switches 125-250 Volts Without End Walls
METER SERVICE SWITCHES Noark Sealed Service SECO Without End Walls	100 851231 19.05 77031 28.05 67031 30.00 67531 26.30
Sealed Service Number No Enter Enter Service No End Walls Neutral 2 Pole 3 Pole 9903 No 125 1 Plug 1 1 2 Pole 3 Pole 9903 Solid 3 2.40 \$2.40 9053 9553-9523 30 125-250 2 2 2 2 Pole 3 Pole 9903 \$2.50	SOLID NEUTRAL SWITCHES Noark Fusible—Quick Break Amps. Volts 3 Pole-2 Blades 4 Pole-3 Blades Price No. Price
66536 60 125-250 2 2 2 Solid 13.65 66561-66571 100 250 1or2 1or 2 None 21.00 66531 100 125-250 2 2 2 2	BULLDOG SWITCHES Toggle Type—Quick Make & Break
Noark Meter Service & Entrance ACCO Without End Walls	30 Amp. Switches
Meter Service Test Type Spole	Cat. Number Volt Poles Blades Fuses Neutral Price 92211 k T-82211 125 2 1 1 Plug \$1.80 90211 125 2 2 2 4.55 90311 115 3 3 - 8.20 92311 125-250 3 2 2 Solid 5.00 91311 125-260 3 3 2 - 7.25 902211 250 2 1 1 Cart. 1.80 9.0221 1.80 9.0221 5.45 9.0221 8.20 9.1321 250 3 3 3 8.20 9.1321 9.035 7.75 9.0351 575 A. C. 3 3 3 8.20 9.15 81321-81321U 230-460 3 3 3 9.15 9.15
Branches	"TYPE C" NON-INTERLOCKING
No. 30Meter Back Plate and Switch Support for above	Quick Make & Break Single Throw Fusible Type "C"
UNIVERSAL Meter Service Switches No End Walls Service Switch Branch Circuits Branch Circuits Service Switch Branch Circuits Service Serv	Amps 250 Volts DC—230 Volts AC 375 Volts AC 2 Pole 3 Pole 4 Pole 30 A. Porc. Base. 50221S \$ 3.20 50321S \$ 5.15 Equipped with Arc 30 A. Find Plates. 50221P 3.20 50321P 5.15 Chokers 30 A. Slate Base. 50221 5.40

TYPE "C" NON-INTERLOCKING—Continued Single Throw Fusible Type "C"	ENTRANCE SWITCHES Range and Lighting Columbia 3 Pole 125-256 Vol
Solid Neutral 3 Pole 2 Blades 4 Pole 3 Blades 5 Pole 4 Blades Blades 0 mitted 250 VAC & DC 115-230 VAC 115-230 VAC	Cat. No. Amp. 3551 60 1-30A-1-60A. 250V. N. E. C. Fused & 2-30A. Plug Fused 834.6
x 30 Amp. Type C 52311P \$ 2.50	3552 60 1-30A-1-60A. 250 V. * * * 4-30A. * * 35.4 3553 60 1-30A-1-60A. 250 V. * * * 6-30A. * 38.6 BRANCH CIRCUIT ENTRANCE SWITCHES
400 A	Columbia 30 2 4 6 8 Amp. Circuit Circuit Circuit Circuit
30 A. 2 Pole—250 Volt	Series 2 Pole 2 Pole 3 Pole 2 Pole 3 Pole 8 Pole 8 Pole 2401 to 2406 \$3.90 \$4.90 \$5.20 \$5.85 \$6.20 \$7.15 \$4.45 9.80 3401 to 3406 4.90 6.20 6.00 7.15 \$4.45 9.80 3501 to 3506 4.75 5.85 6.20 6.90 7.50 8.45 Series 30—Quick Break—250 Volts for Meter Trims For Cartridge Fuses
30 AMP. SERVICE ENTRANCE SWITCHES Buildog—Not Meter Test	Pole
Cat. Number Volt Poles Description Price 100211S & P 125 2 Fusible—For Plug Fuses \$1.65 10421S — Quick Make & Break 2.75 100221S & P 250 2 — For Cattridge Fuses 2.50 103221S & P 250 2 Not 2.75 100311SP & 101311P 115 3 A.C. Plug Fuses 3.00 104311S 115 3 A.C. a Quick Make & Break 4.35	INDUSTRIAL SWITCHES Columbia Series 70 Type C Fusible Amps
MAIN SERVICE Meter Test Switches Combining a Meter Test Switch with Range and Lighting Circuits Number Amp. Volt Poles Neutral Branches Price 721204 60 125-250 3 Solid 1-00A & 4-30A \$24.10	Number Price Number
721204 60 125-250 3 Solid 1-60A & 4-30A 224.10 721206 60 125-250 3 Solid 1-60A & 6-30A 28.50 431101 Meter Mounting Plate and Cabinet Support. 1.10 412112 End Plate	Amps 2 Pole 3 Pole 1 Series 71-500 Volts 200 A A7001 10.30 A7002 \$12. Fusible 60A A7004 13.10 A7005 17. Quich Mahs 100A A7007 21.45 A7008 27. 200A A7016 200A A7016 20. Series 71-500 Volts Fusible 2 Series 71-500 Volts Fusible
Buildog Single Throw Quick Make and Break 2 Pole 3 Pole No. Price	Amps 2 Pole 3 Pole 500 Volts 30A 7101 \$13.60 7105 \$15.0 Quick Make 60A 7107 23.50 7105 16. & Break 100A 7107 23.50 7108 20. 200A 7110 37.70 7111 42. Series 73-500 Volts Uniused 42.
200 1024 36.30 10324 40.85 10424 54.45 40.95 10424 54.45 40.95 10424 54.45 40.95 10424 54.45 40.95 10424 54.45 40.95 10424 54.45 40.95 10424 54.45 40.95 10425 107.25 875 Volts—AC Fusible 30 Amp 10262 17.25 10353 20.90 10452 26.30 100 10263 27.25 10353 31.75 10453 41.75 200 10264 42.55 10354 52.65 10454 63.50 400 10265 90.75 10355 90.0 10455 128.00	Amps 2 Pole 3 Pole 500 Volts 30A 7301 \$10.80 7802 \$12. Quick Make 80A 7304 10.90 7806 13. & Break 100A 7807 17.15 7808 19. Scries 72-800 Volts Fusible 25.
400 10285 90.75 10385 99.00 10485 128.00 Not Fusible. 230 VAc. D.C. 575AC.AreChok 575AC.AreChok 30 Amp. 30 VAc. D.C. 575AC.AreChok 31 31.21 \$11.35 13421 \$16.35 \$16.90 \$13421 \$16.35 \$18.15 \$1352 \$1.80	Amps 2 Pole 3 Pole 600 Volts 30 Å 7301 814.60 7302 816. Quick Make 60 Å 7304 14.60 7305 16. & Breah 100 Å 7307 24.10 7308 27. & 200 Å 7310 42. & Series 74.900 Volts Unissed
Not Fusible	Amps 2 Pole 8 Pole 97 Price Number 97 Price 100 Volts 30 A 7401 \$11.70 7402 \$14.4 Quick Make 60 A 7404 12.45 7405 14.
COMPENSATOR SWITCHES Buildog Quick Make & Break Fusible Amps. 30 Volt AC 3 Pole \$16.35 \$30421 \$25.40 60 A. 30322 \$20.40 30422 \$20.30 100 A. 30323 \$28.15 30423 \$47.20	Series 20-250 Volts Fusible Amps 2 Pole 3 Pols
200 A. 30328 46 30 30424 65 35 400 A. 30325 86 60 30425 118 80 575 Volts AC Arc Chokers 30 A. 30351 \$23 10 60 A. 30352 23 60	Amps 2 Pole 3 Pole 3 Pole 1 Price Number Pri Combon 1 Pole
100 A. 30353 37 20 200 A. 30354 54 90	Wadsworth Switches
MOTOR STARTERS Bulldog	Single Phase and D. C. Accessible Fur Number Amps, Volts Poles Blades Fuses Neutral Pri
3 Pole 4 Pole 4 Pole 4 40321 \$16.35 40421 \$22.70 60 2 230 4 40321 \$16.35 40421 \$22.70 40422 31.75 60 4 40341 \$22.70 40441 31.75 60 4 460 4 40342 32.70 40441 31.75 60 7 8 460 7 8 460 8 40342 32.70 40441 31.75 60 8 460 8 60 8 60 8 60 8 60 8 60 8 60	1450-1250 30 125 2 1 1 Plug Solid \$3. 1403-1202 30 125 2 2 2 None 3. 1403-1203 30 125-280 3 2 2 Solid 4. 2250 30 125 2 1 1 NEC 4. 2202 30 250 2 2 2 None 4. 2203 30 125-250 3 2 2 Solid 4.
SMALL ENTRANCE SWITCHES Columbia, 30 Amp. Description 2 Pole	1800 60 125 2 1 1 " 13. 1802 60 125 or 250 2 2 2 " None 14. 1803 60 125-250 3 2 2 " Solid 15. 1900 100 125 or 250 2 1 1 " 22. 1902 100 125 or 250 2 2 2 " None 23. 1903 100 125-250 3 2 2 " Solid 34.
Single Fused Single Blade-125 Volt-Plug Fused 330-321 \$1.50 Double " Double " 125 " " " 1930 1.25 " " " " " " 3330 1.90 " " " " 250 " Cartridge Fused 322 2.36	4803 400 125-250 3 2 2 " " 93.
Description 3 Pole Single Fused Single Ride 125 Volta Plug Fused	Single Phase and D. C. Accessible Fundamental Philipse Rinds Fundamental Ph
Double " Double " 125 " " 1031-3 \$2, 15 3931-2 2, 45 3931	5 2230 30 250 3 3 3 NEC None \$10. 1830 60 250 3 3 3 3 19. 1930 100 250 3 3 3 2 28.
Electrical Contracting, January, 1932	ly to the United States

Wadsworth Switches-Continued	ACCESSIBLE MAIN FUSE TYPE AA Without End Walls
Single Phase METER SERVICE SWITCHES—Continued	Meter Test Type Not-Meter Test Type
and D. C. Accessible Fuses 1451 30 125 2 1 1 Plug Solid \$3.80 1423-1223 30 125 2 2 2 None 4.25 1423-1223 30 125-250 3 2 2 None 4.75 2212-2223 30 125 or 250 2 3 2 2 None 8.50lid 14.75 1851-1842 60 125 or 250 2 2 2 None 15.65 1843 60 125-250 3 2 2 8.0lid 16.50 1961 100 125 or 250 2 2 2 8.0lid 16.50 1943 100 125 or 250 2 2 2 8.0lid 16.50 1943 100 125 or 250 2 2 2 8.0lid 26.10 4643 200 125-250 3 2 2 8.0lid 26.10 <	Amps, Poles Fused for Neutral No. Price No. Price 30 2 1 Plug Fused 755 83.25 754 83.05 83 25 754 83.05 83 25 754 83.05 83 25 2 Plug 748 3.70 752 3.35 83 25 2 Plug Solid 756 4.20 753 3.70 830 3 2 Plug Solid 756 4.20 753 3.70 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Plug Fused 756 3.25 774 3.05 830 3 2 Cart. 757 4.25 779 3.70 830 83 82 Cart. 757 4.25 758 4.25 758 4.25 758 83 15.05 80 2 2 Cart. 80 100 2 2 Cart. 90 100 2 2 Cart. 90 100 2 2 Cart. Fused 766 15.95 763 15.05 830 100 2 2 Cart. Fused 766 15.95 763 15.05
POLYPHASE 2234 30 250 3 3 NEC None \$11.25 1834 60 250 3 3 3 * 20.85 1934 100 250 3 3 3 * 30.45 4634 200 250 3 3 3 * 60.65	100 3 2 Cart. Solid 719 25.60 717 23.85 x—Made with cover to permit sealing fuses independent of main cover. POLYPHASE ENTRANCE & SERVICE Entrance With End Walls
METER SERVICE SWITCH—Range and Lighting Circuits No. 1843-5 No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60 Amp. 125-250 Volt—Branches 2-60 Amp. No. MB-4 Accessible Fuse 60	Amps. Nos. Description 3 Wire 4 Wire 30 790-2 Three Legs Fused. \$11.00 \$11.00 \$11.00 \$11.00 \$11.00 \$10.00 <
All 30 Amp. Volts Poles Blades Fuses Neutral Number 125 2 1 1 Plug Solid 1451T 54.05 1402T 4.35 125 2 1 1 NEC Solid 2251T 4.55 2250T 4.65 2250 2 2 2 None 2212T 5.55 2202T 5.25 2203T 5.25 2	30 791-3 Three Legs Fused
Single Phase METER SERVICE SWITCHES	(Universal Standardized Switches)
and D. C. Amps. Volts Poles Blades Fuses Neutral Price 9.15 161 60 250 2 2 2 NEC None \$9.15 161 60 125-250 3 2 2 Solid 9.55 112 100 250 2 2 2 None 15.65 111 100 125-250 3 2 2 Solid 16.50	Number Pole Fuse Neutral Branches & Fusing Price 235B 2 Single 2-2-Wire 2 Fuse 33.25 236 2 37 3 Two Solid 1-3- " 2 " 3.75 237 2 " Solid 2-2- " 2 " 3.75 237 3 " Solid 2-2- " 2 " 3.75
SERVICE FUSES DEAD WITH SWITCH OPEN 38 30 125 2 1 1 Plug Solid \$ 2.65	238 3 " Solid 4-2- " 4 " 4.85
395 300 125 2 1 1 1 4 4 4.00 X360 30 125 2 1 1 4 3 3.45 X362 30 125 2 1 1 4 3 3.45 X362 30 125 2 1 1 4 4 4.52 272 30 125 2 2 2 2 8 None 4.30 271-292 30 125-250 3 2 2 8 Solid 4.30	METER SERVICE SWITCHES Fuses & Blades Dead Sealed Fuses Without End Walls Amp. Volts Description No. Price No. Price
2351 30 125 2 1 1 NEC 4.05 2312 30 250 2 2 2 None 4.35 2323 30 250 2 2 2 Solid 4.55 2051 60 125 2 1 1 1 12.60 2042 60 125 or 250 2 2 2 None 13.50	30 125 For Plug Fuses 232 \$ 2.20 233 \$ 3.35 60 250 For Cart. Fuses 364 12.85 365 13.75 60 250 For Cart. Fuses 368 12.75 Fuses Alive 30 125 For Plug Fuses 230 2 2 6 2 23 2 3 3 5 3 5 5 6 5 2 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 5 5 6 5 2 3 3 5 3 5 5 6 5 2 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 5 5 6 5 2 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 5 5 6 5 2 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 5 5 6 5 2 3 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 5 3 5
2043 60 125-250 3 2 2 * Solid 14.35 2151 100 125 2 1 1 * Solid 21.75 2142 100 125 or 250 2 2 2 * None 21.75 2143 100 125-250 3 2 2 * Solid 23.45 4743 200 125-250 3 2 2 * None 101.00 4043 400 125-250 3 2 2 * None 101.00	60 250 " " 380 8.45 361-3 8.90 100 250 " " 310 15.05 313-4 15.95 SEALABLE MAIN FUSES
2334 30 250 8 3 NEC None \$9.85 2034 60 250 3 3 NEC None \$9.85 2134 100 250 3 3 3 4 20.97 4734 200 250 3 3 3 4 40.77 4934 400 250 3 3 3 3 1 113.00	3 Pole-3 Biades-For Cart. Fuses 250V. 332 \$11.10 362 \$16.80 311 \$26.50 Fusible Description Ampa. All Cart. Fuse 2 Pole 3 Pole 4 Pole
Single Phase and D. C. 172 60 250 2 2 2 NEC None \$ 9.11 171 60 125-260 3 2 2 2 NOne 15.66 110 100 125-250 3 2 2 2 None 15.66 110 100 125-250 3 2 2 5 Solid 16.66	No. Price No. Pr
2330 30 250 3 3 NEC None \$9.11 2030 60 250 3 3 3 NEC None \$9.11 2130 100 250 3 3 3 4 255.11	200 Solid Neutral 125-250 621 18.50 623 22.75 629 40.85
INDUSTRIAL TYPE SWITCHES Quick Make & Breat	
Amps. Poles Blades Fuses Number Number Price Price Sumber Price Sumber Price Number Price <	Closure Plate
OUTDOOR METER SERVICE SWITCHES 30 Amp. 3 Pole Solid Neutral Outdoor or Weatherproof	
Murray Switches	S-Sundries
ENTRANCE SWITCHES	WOOD SCREWS—Flat Head
With End Wall Wall Wall Continued Wall Wall Wall Wall Wall Wall Wall Wal	Price Per Per Per Per Doz. Size Size Size Size Size Size Size Size
780-782 125-250 2 Plug Fuses 2-2 Wire Branches. Without End Wall 781-783 125-250 4 4-2 6.55 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 125-25 4 8-2-2 8-3 7.50 6.60 7.85 125 4 8-2-2 8-3 7.30	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

S-SUNDRIES	Clifton
MACHINE SCREWS—Round or Flat Head Price per Dozen Iron Brass Size Iron Brass Iron Brass Size Iron Size Size Size Size Iron Size S	G. E. 301. Grimshaw. Hightest Firestone. Holdfast * Holdfast * Holdtite U. S. Johns Manville Armature. Jomanco. White. #\$1 Now #S. #\$2 #40. O. K. P & B. Security Slipknot.
Lag screws Square Heads or Coach Screws Price Each 2" 234" 3" 34" 4" 414" 5" 6" 4 Black 0.03 3.03 3.04 3.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.06 4 Black 0.04 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.07 0.07 0.07 4 Black 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.08 0.09 4 Galv 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.06 0.07 5 Galv 0.04 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	Two Plex. Vim Gray. RUBBER Akron Firestone. Amazon. Dutch Brand. G. E. 362. Imperial. Okonite. Paragon. P. R. Splicing. Relio U. S. Security. Twoplex.
STRAPS—CLIPS OR CLAMPS For Pipe Price Each 1	U. S. USCO. TOO No. 74 Armored Cord Receive No. 74A Swing Arm Receive No. 74C Cordless Loud Spea Above prices are for telephone Add for buttons—Janitor Ca Add for Each Suite Calling I
Allen Bar or Bar or Wire Wire Core 30.70 Flux	Series 2800 to 2840 or 1900 to Number of Buttons Price Ea. Surface or Flush TE
SOLDER PASTE	16 B-16 21 B-21 25 B-25 31 B-31 37 B-37 EDW No. 321 and 397 Armored C No. 322 and 396 Cordless L Above prices are for telephon
SOLDERING SALTS 1 Lb. 1 Lb.	Add for each Call Button Aii Box Ap No. 3322 and 3352 Surface V No. 3332 and 3362 No. 3342 and 3372 Flush Above prices are for telephol 3 Buttons.
Burnley \$.25 Samson .20 Allen .40 Crescent .25 GE .25 Star .25	STANLEY & No. 9-PE Armored Cord No. 8-PVE Cordless Loud Above prices are for telepho Add for each Call Button No. 12803—3 Gang Mail Be, Add for each additional Gan
FIXTURE STUDS	No. 2524-PE Surface Walf No. 1172-PE No. 2530-PE Flush Above prices are for Telepho
STAPLES	GENERAL I
### TAPE FRICTION Price Per Roll Roll Foot	TYPE T-8C- 15 Amp. Indoor Serv T-8C1

				1 time 3	witche
lifton utch Brand E. 501 irimshaw. lightest Firestons. loldfast loldfast ohns Manville Armature Jomanco White 63 Now #5. Anson A. K. & B. eccurity liphnot wo Plex im Gray	.35 .30 1.00 .30 .25 .30 .90 .55 .70 .25 .30 .90 .35 .30	.20 .20 .20 .50 .15 .15 .15 .30 .35 .15 .30 .15 .15 .30 .15 .30 .35 .35 .30 .35 .30 .35 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30	.10 .10 .10 .25 .10 .10 .10 .25 .15 .20 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .10 .1	.05 .05 .05 .05 .05 .05 .05 .10 .10 .05 .05 .05 .05 .10 .10	.01 .01 .03 .03 .01 .01 .02 .02 .02 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01 .01
RUBBER Akron Firestone Mazon Outch Brand J. E. 392 Mperial Okonite Aragon P. R. Splicing Relio U. S. Security I woplex J. S. J. S. J. S. J. S. J. S.	\$0.30 .50 .30 .30 .75 .85 .30 .25 .30 .65 .25	\$0.15 .25 .15 .15 .15 .40 .45 .15 .15 .15 .15 .15 .25	\$0.10 .15 .10 .10 .20 .25 .10 .10 .10 .25 .10 .10 .10	\$0.05 .10 .05 .05 .05 .10 .15 .05 .05 .05 .05	\$0.03 .04 .03 .03 .04 .04 .04 .03 .03 .03 .04 .04
Т	ELEF	HON	ES		9
No. 74 Armored Cord Receive No. 74A Swing Arm Receive No. 74C Cordless Loud Spea Above prices are for telephone Add for buttons—Janitor Cal Add for Fack Swite Calling	r Typeker Type.es complete	but do no ons if fitte	include fo	r any call b	. 37.3 . 30.7 outtons \$.9
SU Series 2800 to 2849 or 1900 to Number of Buttons Price Ea. Surface or Flush	S11.40 LEPHO	Page 22 B \$11.	NES ulletin No.	*********	Couch Couch S
Series 2809 to 2849 or 1900 to Number of Buttons Price Ea. Surface or Flush Number of Conductors 12 B-12 16 B-16 21 B-21 25 B-25 31 B-31 37 EDW No. 321 and 397 Armored C No. 322 and 396 Cordies L Above prices are for telephor Add for each Call Button No. 332 and 3352 Surface V No. 3322 and 3352 Surface V No. 3322 and 3362 No. 3342 and 3352 Surface V No. 3332 and 3362 No. 3342 and 3352 Flush Above prices are for telephor Above prices are for telephor Above prices are for telephor and the surface of the surface	VARDS Vestibord Received Speak	ELEPHO Page 22 B \$11. NE CAI B" Per Foot . 14 . 18 . 22 . 23 . 30 TELEPI ule Typ rer Type. rer Type. ret but do: t Telepl Watch Ca Long Hann	NES ulletin No. 40 40 SLES Lead Co. Number L-8 L-16 L-25 L-31 L-37 HONES e nones se Receive	89 S. H. 2 812.45 overed Ty, Price	Couch Co \$13.6 per 'L" per For \$.18 .21 .27 .29 .32 .30 .44 .\$25.6 .30.7 .uttons. \$3.5 \$3.
Surface of Flush Number of Buttons Price Ea. Surface or Flush Number of Conductors 12 B-12 16 B-18 21 B-21 25 B-23 37 B-37 EDW No. 321 and 397 Armored Conductors are for telephoral and	VARDS Vestibord Received Speaker are complex, for uses artmen Type with Type	LEPHO Page 22 B \$11. NE CAI B" Per Foot 18. 14 18 22 24 23 27 30 TELEPI ver Type rer Type r	NES ulletin No. 40 40 SLES Lead Co. Number Les	89 S. H. 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Couch Co \$13.6 pe "L" Per Fo \$.18 .18 .27 .39 .44 .\$25.6 .\$0.1 uttons. .\$12.1 d\$1.10 fc

GENERAL ELECTRIC TIME SWI	TCHES
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15 Amp. Indoor Service

Type Cat No. Price
Cl. 34x979 to 984. \$22.00
23.00
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27 PE T-9— Dble. Pole
30 Amp. In or Outdoor Service
and 50 Cycle. 10x637-40. 40.00
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27 Cycle. 10x637-40. 40.00
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These prices apply only to the United States

TIME SWITCHES—Continued	Synchronous and Large A. C. Types Hand Wound and Large D. C. Types
TYPE T-13 ELECTRICALLY OPERATED Two Adjustable Riders	Amp. Pole Indoor Outdoor Amp. Pole Indoor Outdoor 20 1 \$121 \$30.00 \$221 \$38.00
Switch Model Numbers Volts Amp. Pole Throw 60 Cycle 50 Cycle 25 Cycle Price 115 30 1 1 3713AA7 3713AA9 3713AA11 \$25.00	20 2 122 35.00 222 43.00 20 1 121H\$22.00 221H\$30.00 20 3 123 40.00 223 48.00 20 2 122H 27.00 222H 35.00 40 1 141 35.00 241 43.00 40 1 141H 27.00 241H 35.00 40 2 142 45.00 242 53.00 40 2 142H 37.00 242H 45.00
230 15 1 3T13AA2 3T13AA4 3T13AA6 26.00 115 30 2 1 3T13CA7 3T13CA9 3T13CA11 28.00 1230 15 2 1 3T13CA2 3T13CA4 3T13CA6 29.00	40 1 141 35.00 241 43.00 40 1 141H 27.00 241H 35.00 40 2 142 45.00 242 53.00 40 2 142H 37.00 242H 45.00 60 1 161 45.00 261 53.00 60 1 161H 37.00 261H 45.00 60 2 8062 75.00 Omitting 60 2 7062H 97.00 Omitting
With Astronomic Dial Two Moving Riders 115 30 1 3T13AB7 3T13AB9 3T13AB11 \$40.00	125 2 8122 135.00 Device 125 2 7122H142.00 Device 200 2 8202 160.00 Included 200 2 7202H222.00 Included
230 15 1 1 3T13AB2 3T13AB4 3T13AB6 41.00 115 30 2 1 3T13CB7 3T13CB9 3T13CB11 43.00 230 15 2 1 3T13CB2 3T13CB4 3T13CB6 44.00	20 1 & 1 1211 40.00 2-Circuit 20 1 & 1 1211H 32.00 2-Circuit 20 2 & 2 1222 50.00 Apartment 20 2 & 2 1222H 42.00 Apartment 40 1 & 1 1411 50.00 Types 40 1 & 1 1411 42.00 Types 20 1 & 1 111 40.00 Mom. Cont.
With Plain Dial 115 30 3T13EA7 3T13EA9 3T13EA11 \$31.90	20 1 & 1 1171 40.00 Motor Cont. 20 1 & 1 1171H 32.00 Motor Cont. On and Off Twice-a-Day \$2.00 Extra—3 to 16 Times Per Day \$5.00 Extra.
230 15 3T13EA2 3T13EA4 3T13EA6 32.00 With Astronomic Dial 115 30 3T13EB7 3T13EB9 3T13EB11 46.00 230 15 3T13EB2 3T13EB4 3T13EB6 47.00	MARK-TIME SWITCH Type A Model 15-S & 3M Switches & Plates (Regular
HARTFORD TIME SWITCHES	B 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Type B Double Pole	TRANSFORMERS
HOROLECTRIC TIME SWITCHES	BELL & TOY TRANSFORMERS
Type Wound Capacity Description Price	Secondary Name Style Watts Volts No. Price No. Price
Elec. 60 Amp. H Hand 60 Double Pole. 24.00 EW Elec. 60 Same as Type E & Hon a Mounting Plate in 42.00	Midget 8 201 \$1.00 201 \$1.30 Tri-Volt 6-8-14 281 1.30 281 1.55
HW Hand 60 " Weatherproof Box	Ace 8 280 1.30 280 1.55 M-26 8 1211 1.40 1211 1.75 T-26 6-8-14 296 1.40 206 1.75
HO Hand 60 With Automatic Cutout for omitting opera- EOW Elec, 60 tion on Sunday or any days desired 48.00	Heavy Duty 30 6-12-18 401 4.00 401 5.00 DONGAN 4 50 6-14-20 455 5.00 455 6.25 472 7.56 6-14-20 472 7.50 472 9.35
ET Elec. 60 ° 35.00 HT Hand 60 ° Equipped for Four Operations per day. Two 27.00	* 100 6-12-18-24 304 9.00 304 11.25 * 125 6-12-18-24 351 10.00 351 12.50
ETW Elec. 60 ° "Ons" and Two "Offs" in 24 hours 45.00 HTW Hand 60 ° 37.00	" 150 6-12-18-24 357 11.00 357 13.75 Champion Toy 100 2 to 20 880 5.85 880 7.80 Jupiter 80 2 to 20 821 4.10 821 5.10
ETO Elec. 60 With automatic day cutout and four opera- HTO Hand 60 tions per day	Master 150 1 to 24 850 8.25 850 10.30
EM Elec. 30 Amp. HM Hand 30 ° Single Pole, Double Throw, for operating 30.00 EMW Elec. 30 ° large open circuit awitches	Steel Clad Bell 25 Single 86 \$ 1.25 86 1.45 87 1.75 87 1.75 87 1.75 87 1.75 87 1.75 887 1.75 887 1.75 888 1.25
EC Elec. 30 4 HC Hand 30 5 Single Pole, with special contact for connect- ECW Elec. 30 6 ing automatic electric time motor 45.00	ED- Heavy Duty 50 8-16-24 88 4.25 88 4.65 WARDS " 100 " 90 7.40 89 7.00
HCW Hand 30 ° 37.00	Toy 50 3 to 18 870 3.50 870 4.20 75 3 to 24 871 5.85 871 7.00
E-Electrically Wound M-Single Pole, DoubleThrow O-With Automatic Day Cutout W-In Weatherproof Box H-Hand Wound T-For Four Operations per Day.	" 100 2 to 30 872 8.75 872 10.50 Bell Residence 12 Volt 2332 1.25 102340 1.45
PARAGON	G. E. Box Type 12 " 2488 1.40 2490 1.75 Heavy Duty 50 8-16-24 2333 5.00 2339 7.00
Type Sgle, Pole 125 V.—A. C\$22.00	Witard 5 10 Volt 230-101 1.00 230-102 1.15
A Sgle, Pole 125 V.—A. C. \$22.00. B Dble. 250 V. A. C. or D. C. \$25.00. \$28.00\$30.00. \$35.00 SA Sunday Cutout 125 V.—S. P. 26.00. SB " 250 V.—D. P. 40.00. TB Two Circuit 125 V. 30.00. 33.00.	Nucode 5 10 Volt 230-111 1.40 230-112 1.65 Tri-Volt 5 6 to 18V. 230-121 1.40 230-122 1.65
SB " 250 V.—D. P. 40.00	Porcelain 5 10 Volt 230-131 1.40
C Sgle, Pole 115 V.AC 50-60 Cy 30.00 50.00 TK Two Circ. 110-250 V.50-60 40.00. 45.00 50.00	Model 3 Toy 150 1-30 535-141 8.65
D Dble. Pole 125-250 V. 50-60 "	" 100 4 to 24 231-111 8.90 231-112 11.00 " 150 6 to 36 231-131 10.90 231-132 13.50
F Dble " 115 V. 50-60 "	" 250 6 to 24 231-141 21.00 231-142 26.40 Blue Bell 10 8 6166 1.00
RELIANCE & RACINE SWITCHES	Tri-Volt 20 6 to 16 6163 1.40 Grey Bell on Cov. 10 8 7166S or R.1.40
Racine Type 1R-2R	KIL BlackBell H. D. 50 6 to 20 816-50 5.00
Racine Type 1R-2R	* * * 250 6 to 24 816-250 24.25 500 5 to 24 816-500 28.85
SANGAMO TIME SWITCHES	Box * In Box 10 8 9166 Dor S 2.30
No. 115V. AC 230V. AC 115V. DC 230V. DC Poles Throw Amp. Price Amp. Price Amp. Price Amp. Price Amp. Price	Mold 2 Circuit 25 6 to 18V. 222 1 55
TCoTTM-11 Sgle. Sgle. 30 \$50.00 30 \$50.00 30 \$56.00 15 \$59.00 TC "TM-12 " Dble. 30 53.00 30 53.00 30 59.00 15 62.00 TC "TM-21 Dble. Sgle. 30 56.00 30 56.00 30 62.00 15 65.00	RICH- Steel Sgle. Cir. 25 10 Volts 225 1.25 235 1.35 ARDS Steel 3 Circuit 25 6 to 18V. 226 1.40 Cov. Ty'e Sgle. Cir. 25 10 Volts 227 1.40 237 1.55 Cov. Type 3 Cir. 25 6 to 18V. 228 1.58
TC * TM-22 * Dble, 30/10 59.00 30/10 59.00 30/10 65.00 15/5 68.00 TM-31 Triple Sgle, 5 62.00 5 62.00 5 68.00 5 71.00	Porcelain Clad 25 Single 200D1 1.65 201G1 2.10
TM-32 * Dble, 5 65.00 5 65.00 5 71.00 5 74.00 Type Poles Throw Amp. Price Amp. Price Form V.W. 11	Steel 25 6-9-15 203D1 2.10 204G1 2.55 Steel 15 Single 205S 1.25 206SG 1.40
Form V.W. 11	STAN- Heavy Duty Porc. 50 6-12-18 209HD1 6.45 210HE1 7.20 DARD 100 8-16-24 212EHD 7.75 213EHE 10.30
TRIPLEX Self-Starting-Synchronous Motor and Mercury Tubes 110/220 V. AC.	* "B" 100 6-12-18-24 302B 9.25 303B 10.75
No. Throw Total Amp. Capacity Indoor Outdoor Poles Per Pole Per Switch Type Price Type Price	* "E" 300 6-12-18-24 306E 21.45 307E 25.75 * "F" 500 6-12-18-24 308F 28.90 309F 36.00
1 Sgle 20 30 201 \$25.00 201W \$35.00 2 * 20 40 402 30.00 402W 40.00 3 * 20 60 603 35.00 603W 45.00	STAN- TB H'vy Duty 50 8-16-24 501 4.25 502 4.75 LEY TB H'vy Duty 75 8-19-24 751 6.40 752 7.00
4 4 20 80 804 40.00 804W 50.00 1 Dble 20 20 202 30.00 202W 40.00	SON TB H'vy Duty 150 8-16-24 1501 9.10 1502 10.00
2 * 20 40 404 40.00 404W 50.00	NOTE: For 220 Volt Transformers add 20% to above prices

New Colbe Rights New Septial Prices on No. 18 Sh. No. 19 Prices New York New Y	WIRES	Covered Inside & Outside
Special From on No. 18 S.B. Was Paper Paper Soc. 18 S.B.		Size Ins. Description Price
	Bar Foot	#19 3/32" Inside 2 Cond Twisted Pr 8 .
The state of the	Coil Lots	
CALVANIZED TELEPHONE WIRE	Frice Fer Foot	14 5/32" * 2 * * Connerweid-Drop W
Part		
Page Single Bingle Bin		Size BWG No. 4 No. 6 No. 8 No. 10 No. 12 No. 1
Section Color Co		B. B. Beat Beat " "11 .11 .11 .11 .12
Care	Deuble	Weight Per 1000 Feet
Signate Braid.		Price Per Pound
Target of Egh. Braid		Single Double Single Double Enamel- ed Single ed Double Silk ed Cotton Cotton
Days		12 .33 .3632 .37
LARGER SIZES DOUBLE BRAID STRANDED Price		16 .37 .43 \$.62 \$.77 .35 .41 .41 .50 .68 .67 .37 .47
Section Price Pr		20 .48 .60 .76 1.00 .40 .54
10	Price Price	26 .61 .93 1.06 1.30 .48 .80 1.0
CIRCULAR MILL CABLE	8. 8 D. B	30 .88 1.21 1.35 2.27 .54 2.16 1.32 1.04 1.35 1.78 3.10 .61 1.40 1.4
CIRCULAR MILL CABLE	o. 4 D. B	34 1.30 2.12 2.30 4.75 .71 1.80 2.13 36 1.95 2.86 3.30 7.18 .82 2.46 3.
GIRCULAR MILL CABLE Price	0. 2 D. B	NOTE: For odd sizes use half the increase of next larger size.
300,000 C. M		For 14 lb. lots use one third of above prices. For one ounce lots use one tenth of above prices.
### Stranded Light 16 Per Found Extra. ### Stranded Colord Wire Fee Found Extra. ### Stranded Light 16 Per Found Extra. *## Stranded Light 16 Per Found Extra. **# Stranded Light 16 Per Found Extra. **# Stranded Light 16 Per Found Extra. *** Stranded Li	6' P P	Single Double Single Double Enamel- ed Single ed Doub
Size From No. 14 to No. 10	100,000 C. M	Size Cotton Cotton Silk Silk ed Cotton Cotton
Size From No. 14 to No. 10	450,000 C. M	10 1.20 1.30 1.60 1.75 2, 12 .75 .80 1.00 1.25 1.
Size From No. 14 to No. 10	500,000 C. M	14 .60 .7075 1.00 1.
Form No. 16 to No. 10.	dditions to Code Wire for 25% (Intermediate Grade) and 30% Wire.	18 .30 .40 .40 .45 .30 .35 . 20 .25 .35 .35 .40 .25 .30 .
### Condition Co	rom No. 14 to No. 10	22 .15 .25 .20 .30 .20 .25 .25 .24 .10 .20 .15 .20 .10 .15
### Condition Co	7% oom 3 to 4/0	28 .08 .12 .10 .15 .07 .10
Triple Braid No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 No. 10 No. 8 No. 6		32 .06 .10 .08 .12 .05 .08 .
Note: Prices per [10] feet are higher than per pound rate to cover coar a "authors are found to the cover coar a "authors are found to the cover coar are all of a state."	Triple Braid	36 .05 .08 .06 .10 .04 .06 .38 .05 .08 .06 .10 .04 .06 .
Company Comp	No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 No. 10 No. 8 No. 6 er Pound Solid	Note: Prices per 100 feet are higher than per pound rate to cover cost
No. 12	" Stranded	
No. 12	" Stranded	Dunles Th(9)
No. 12	XTRAS—For slow burning W. P. Wire—Per Pound Extra 5.1/2 For Twisted Pair W. P. Wire—Per Pound Extra	Single Conductor Two Conductor Conductor Size Solid Stranded Solid Stranded Solid Strander
ANNUNCIATOR—TELEPHONE WIRE, ETC. Description No. 18 No. 16 Fixture Solid Light 14 Per Foot. \$.00\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.01 Heavy 14 \$ 0.1 \$.01\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.01 Wire Stranded Light 14 \$ 0.1 \$.01\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.01 Heavy 14 \$ 0.1 \$.01\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.01\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.01 Wire Stranded Light 14 \$ 0.1 \$.01\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.02\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.03\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$.03\(\frac{1}\) \$.03\(\frac{1}{4}\) \$	For Double Braid W. P. Wire—Per Pound Extra	No. 14 Price Per Foot \$.03 \$.04 \$.05 \$.06 \$.10 \$.15 No. 12 " " .04 .05 .07 .10 .15 .18
Description		No. 10 " " .05 .06 .08 .12 .17 .20 No. 8 " " .06 .07 .10 .14 .20 .26
Fixture Heavy 14	Description No. 18 No. 16	No. 4 " "
Apanunciator Wire No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 No. 18 No. 16 No. 17 No. 17 No. 18 No. 16 No. 17 No. 18 No. 16 No. 17 No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 18 No. 16 No. 18	Fixture Solid Light 14 Per Foot \$.0014 \$.01	No. 2 " " "153460
Description	Wire Stranded Light 14 "	No. 1/0 " " "2356 1.08
Description No. 18	Annunciator Wire	No. 3/0 " " 3075 1.35
Office & Damp Proof Wire Single Per Pound. 70	ingle Per Pound \$.70 \$.60 \$.56	250,000 C. M. Cable 48 300,000 C. M. " 54
Office & Damp Proof Wire Single Per Foot	wisted or Duplex Per Pound65 .64 .62	850,000 C. M. "60 400,000 C. M. "66
Office & Damp Proof Wire Single Per Foot	No. 18 No.16 No. 14	800,000 C. M. 477 600,000 C. M. 4 1.00
Single Per Pound		750 000 C. M. " 1.16
No. 14 to No. 8 Less than 100 ft. No. 6 and larger less than 60 ft.	ingle Per Pound70 .68 .64	900,000 C. M. " 1.32
"Deltabeston" or similar Single Stranded Blackor White Per Foot	Pwisted or Duplex Per Pound76 .71 .68	NOTE: Above prices are based on following quantities:
Single Stranded Colored Per Foot	(f Dalachester P or similar	No. 14 to No. 8 Less than 100 ft, No. 6 and larger less than 50 ft.
Duplex Artificial Silk Per Foot	ingle Stranded Blackor White Per Foot .021/ .08 .031/ \$.04	Steel Taped Non-Metallic
Duplex Artificial Silk Per Foot	ingle Glazed Cotton Per Foot08 .0836 .0436 .0536 ingle Artificial Silk Per Foot04 .04 .05	Size 2 Cond. 3 Cond. 2 Cond. 8 Cond No. 14 per ft
No. 6 1.2 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	Auplex Glazed Cotton Per Foot	No. 12 " "
Thermostat Wire No. 18—3 Conductor Solid—Per Ft	wisted Pair Glazed Cotton Per Foot	No. 8 4 4
Description No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 No. 10 No. 8 Asbestos Range Wire or Switch Board Wire Single Solid—Per Foot	Thermostat Wire No. 18-3 Conductor Solid-Per Ft	No. 4 a a
Wire Single Solid-Per Foot 8.07 .05 .00 .10 .12 .14 'than 100 Feet. Larger quantities take lower prices. Consult your jobbes,	Aspestos Kange Wife	No. 0 " " 2.10 .93 1.80
	Description No. 18 No. 16 No. 14 No. 12 No. 10 N 8	MOTE. Bries on Backway Cables are based on Tonda mate in guaratein of



1/6 Horse Power Century Type RS Repulsion Start Induction Single Phase 60 Cycle, 1750 R. P. M. Motor. Built in standard horse power ratings from 1/8 to 40 horse power.

In 1914 ... when refrigerators were first being de veloped requiring a different motor than was then in common use ... When manufacturers of carbonators and some types of small pumps were commencing to feel the need of a motor more suited to their requirements ... When Central Stations were bothered with high starting current ... Century Electric Company designed its famous M-frame Type RS Repulsion Start Induction Brush-lifting, Single Phase Motor.

It was this motor that played such an important part in developing and stabilizing the electric refrigerator, oil burner and house pump business. It helped popularize their use because its high starting torque and low starting current met every severe service and safety requirement of these and similar hard-to-start apparatus in domestic use. **Today** this motor, unchanged in fundamentals, is giving better service than ever... Its positive reliability has been amply demonstrated in many hundred thousands of installations in all classes of service in all parts of the world... "They Keep a-Running"... Ask anybody who KNOWS motors! Century Electric Company, 1806 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo., U. S. A.



For More Than 28 Years at St. Louis 40 U. S. and Canadian Stock Points and More Than 75 Outside Thereof

Single Phase, Three Phase and Direct Current Motors — Motor Generator Sets — Rotary Converters — Fans and Ventilator

(Continued from page 30) manufacturers and jobbers refused to favor industrial plants with discounts as large or larger than the average contractor is able to secure.

Yet the supplies and equipment would be in demand and purchased through contractor and dealer channels through which they should pass.

This procedure would enable the contractor group to know when and where materials and equipment are going and consequently where labor will be required for their installation.

It would be easier to hurdle the next obstacle, the plant electrician.

There is much in your article for the contractor to put into action, but the 25 reasons, and particularly the summary, are so stated that the writer begs leave to suggest that our industry would secure immeasurably greater benefit if they were broadcast through organs reaching industrial executives in general, with due recognition of course to Electrical Contracting.

H. MARSHALL SMITH,
President,
S. Edw. Eaton & Co., Inc.
New York, N. Y.

LET'S MAKE ELECTRICITY FREE

Editor,

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

I was reading your issue of recent date one evening after a hard day's work. The weather was cold and blustering, but it was warm and cozy by the fireplace. Suddenly a stranger was at my side who invited me, or more correctly, ordered me, to go out with him. With visions of being put "on the spot," I went with him, and soon found myself at a gathering of some kind. My escort, in answer to my question, said it was "The Order of Alen Counter-irritants." My blank expression must have shown that the name was new to me, so he said, "The members were interested in making the world safe for electricity." When I said thoughtfully, "Oh, yeh-Hell bangers," I was met with

However, after listening a while, a tall, lanky individual got up and said, "Mr. President, I was reading in the issue of December of the ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING, where a Mr. H. S. Bennion stated in effect that electric work was being done too good, and

These watches look equally dependable, but ...



... their true value is hidden. Actual service alone can reveal the better watch ... there is no other practical way.

YET many buyers of electrical products who would spend hours selecting a good time piece, put all Friction Tape in one class. They do not know that there is just as much difference in tape as in watches. You will agree when you have tested and tried that "Extra Service" product, DUTCH BRAND Friction Tape.

By "Extra Service" is meant greater adhesiveness, longer life, unusual insulating qualities that resist upwards of 2200 volts, clean cut, strong, easy unrolling tape that is good to the very end of the roll.

Satisfy yourself about good tape by just attaching this ad to your letterhead, mailing to us and securing a full size roll free, for testing.

DUTCH BRAND is the four times impregnated tape that big industries use. It is carried by jobbers everywhere.

Make extra profits by selling as well as using DUTCH BRAND Friction Tape. Comes in 4 sizes, Nos. 1, 2, 4 and 8, packed in effective and attractive counter display cartons.

VANCLEEF BROS. Established

Manufacturers Friction and Rubber Tape and Soldering Paste Woodlawn Avenue, 77th to 78th Streets, Chicago, U. S. A.



DUTCH BRAND
Rubber Insulating Tape
Fuses instantly without
heat. Molds into one solid
piece, replacing the original
insulation. Resists over

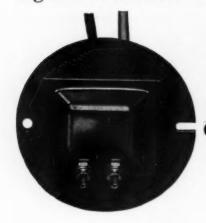




DUTCH BRAND Soldering Paste A scientific mixture. Cleans asitworks. Holds solder fast. Less paste required per job.

DUTCH BRAND FRICTION TAPE

Splice two wires, Tighten two screws—



PRESTO! the KILLARK GREYBELL

TRANSFORMER is installed

Rugged brother to the famous "BlueBell," the Killark Greybell Transformer for operating bells, buzzers, annunciators, etc., is attached to a plate which serves as a cover for a 3½" or 4" outlet box. It makes a most economical and satisfactory transformer installation where wires are carried in rigid conduit. Same sturdy interior construction as the reliable "BlueBell"—same unconditional guarantee. Listed as standard by the Underwriters' Laboratories. You definitely sidestep transformer grief when you insist on Killarks. Your jobber has them.



A Large Family





"BlueBell" and "Greybell" are only two items of the Killark line of bell and buzzer transformers, which includes a type for every purpose, from small residence service to powering the intricate signal systems wherever alternating current is used. Write for details.

KILLARK ELECTRIC MFG. COMPANY 3940 Easton Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

that we should do our work more like the telephone companies do. It seems to me that the matter of safety was entirely overlooked." Just then another man jumped up who shouted: "I read the article, and I think Mr. Bennion is right. The consumer is getting too much now for the prices we get for our work, and we should be allowed to use bare wire stapled on walls, as this will be cheaper, and we can make more money."

More individuals got up with all kinds of suggestions, and things got so that several would try to talk at once. One kept standing, but he had not said a word during the heated discussion, but when the chairman had quieted the gathering he said, "Mr. Rushin, you have the floor." Mr. Rushin therefore, proceeded as follows: "Brethren, Mr. Bennion's idea is to have more electricity used, but he approaches the subject from the wrong angle. What is the principal obstacle to the more free use of electricity? It is the cost of the electricity itself. Electricity should be free, as air, the highways, sewer systems, etc. Electric work has to be well done, as there is a decided fire and life hazard if improperly installed, as we all know. We therefore, should get back of a movement for the people to install and operate their own plants, paying for it by issuing bonds. The rich will pay for the bonds by taxes.

"By furnishing free electricity every electric contractor will have all the work he can do, the factories will be busy turning out wiring supplies, toasters, flat irons—"

Just then there seemed to be an earthquake, and I heard a gentle voice, saying, "Billy, it's your bed time."

A CONTRACTOR FROM NEVADA.

RANGE SELLING IN BOSTON AREA Editor,

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING:

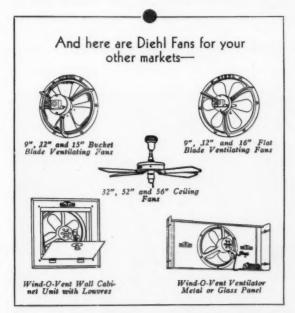
November's edition of ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING contained an article headed "Beware." This article refers to electric stove sales in the Boston area and is very misleading.

It states that the lighting companies tried for a period to sell ranges under list and that during this period the range sales suffered tremendously.

Some five or six years ago this (Continued on page 89)



. . . this field offers amazing sales possibilities for exhaust fans



Industrial plants of all types and sizes, making change-overs in keeping with modernization campaigns, need adequate ventilation as well as ample lighting.

Here is a wide-open market for electrical contractors. With the complete Diehl line, including ventilating fans from 9 inches to 48 inches, ventilation jobs may be handled most effectively and economically.

For complete information consult your wholesaler's salesman. The new 1932 Diehl catalog, providing data on Diehl fans for various types of ventilating jobs is ready. Write us direct for your copy.

DIEHL MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Electrical Division of THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.
ELIZABETHPORT, N. J.

Atlanta Boston Chicago Columbus Dallas New York Philadelphia St. Louis

DIEHL

CONTRACTING

INFORMATION OF INTEREST TO ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS CONSISTING OF ITEMS OF NEWS, SHORT ARTICLES, PRACTICAL IDEAS, ETC., OUR READERS ARE INVITED TO CONTRIBUTE TO THIS DEPARTMENT

VERMONT ELECTRAGISTS WORK-ING FOR NEW STATE LAW

The Electragists' Chapters throughout Vermont are combining their efforts to secure state legislation this year prescribing that all electrical work and materials be in accordance with the requirements of the National Electrical Code.

According to a report from T. W. Matthewson, secretary of the Burlington chapter, the Electragists have repeatedly sought for such legislation, but have not been successful in persuading their local rep-

resentatives in the legislature of the necessity for such legislation. More success is expected from the combined efforts of all the chapters.

NO CODE COMMITTEE SPRING MEETING

A. R. Small, chairman, Electrical Committee, N.F.P.A., has announced that the usual annual Spring meeting of the committee will not be held this year because of insufficient amount of business. In all probability the next meeting of the committee will be held in February, 1933.

THREE-YEAR HOME RELIGHTING PROGRAM

Believing that the home lighting market can be sold if the electrical industry is to take advantage of the potential opportunities which it offers, the Domestic Lighting Committee of the Commercial National Section, N.E.L.A., has developed a three-year home relighting program.

Cooperation has been assured on this program from the Society for Electrical Development, the Illuminating Engineering Society, Mazda lamp manufacturers, fixture manufacturers, electric equipment manufacturers and wholesalers, electrical leagues, and the Association of Electragists, Int.

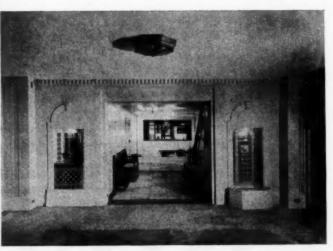
INDUSTRIAL MODERNIZATION FINANCING PLAN

A plan for financing electrical modernization of factories, together with a cooperative maintenance contract with a certificate of guarantee of responsibility is being worked out by the Electrical Guild of North America.

amount of business. In all probability the next meeting of the committee will be held in February, 1933.

The plan provides for placing in the hands of guild members financial assistance through the Commercial

PHILADELPHIA ASSOCIATION OPENS LIGHTING EXHIBIT



THE new headquarters and lighting exhibit of The Electrical Association of Philadelphia, were formally opened on December 10, 1931. A dinner commemorating the event was held at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, which was attended by 1,000 representatives and leaders in the electrical industry. At this dinner a brochure describing the new headquarters and lighting exhibit was distributed to the guests. The lighting exhibit has a modern foyer, to the left of which is a miniature street scene. The main corridor leads from the street scene into an exterior court. Opening onto the court from its several sides are entrances to the store, to a dwelling, to an office building and the demonstration room. An industrial exhibit is also included where the most advanced types of shop and industrial illumination are exhibited. The association headquarters comprise of a main corridor, the dining room, the conference room, managing director's office and the kitchen. Shown above is the main corridor of the association headquarters and exhibit corridor from the court.



Up in the Northwest, an interesting electrical installation has recently been made in the steam room of a leading public service company in which Appleton Threaded Malleable Unilets were used throughout.

It was an important requirement in this installation that long life be assured. The cadmium finish of Appleton Threaded Malleable Unilets resists rust and corrosion, while the malleable iron gives greater strength, yet they are lighter in weight. Write for further information.

SOLD THROUGH JOBBERS

APPLETON ELECTRIC COMPANY 1704 Wellington Ave., Chicago, U. S. A.

New York-150 Varick St. San Francisco-655 Minna St. Los Angeles-340 Azusa St.

Manufacturers of Appleton Constant Duty and Portable Type Reelites

APPLETON

Threaded Malleable

STANDARD FOR BETTER WIRING

A New Appleton Product



"E-Z-In" Switch Box Supports solve the problem of mounting switch boxes to Beaverboard, Sheetrock, Metal Laths, etc. Equally suitable for old house wiring using lath and plaster. It will take standard switch boxes of any number of gangs. Switch box is securely fastened in place in one-half minute after opening is made. Makes a positive and rigid installation and saves time and labor. Illustration shows Appleton Switch Box as installed in wall board with "E-Z-In" Switch Box Supports.

UNILETS





or Dome.

No. 608K

Reversible

The Universal Unit for Area Lighting

Commercial Residential Rural

This adaptable unit, the latest out-put of Quad engineering skill, is good to look at, low in price, quick in sales.

One-piece illuminum casting replaces assembly of Flange, Stem and Socket fittings.

All styles of Q-D reflectors and Q-D globe holders are interchange-able on this bracket without disturb-

Write today for descriptive folder.

QUADRANGLE MANUFACTURING CO. Chicago, Ill. 30 So. Peoria St.





BOOST YOUR 1932 BUSINESS

Take a sample CONDUO-BASE to a number of building owners or building managers of your acquaintance. Show them how inexpensively you can modernize their electric wiring and find to your surprise how many jobs you can thus dig up. Write us for details and samples.

Licensed Manufacturers:

Dahlstrom Metallic Door Co. United Metal Products Co.

Knapp Bros Mfg. Company



CONDUO-BASE

FOR CONVENIENCE OUTLETS

ATTRACTIVE

Credit Company of Baltimore without any outlay of capital on the part of the contractors.

The Guild believes that this plan will accomplish the following for Guild members:

1. It helps to bring them and their customer together.

2. It permits Guild members to concentrate on their prospects and sales, relieving them of the duties of a banker to the customer desiring modernization on installment basis.

Commercial Credit is prepared to finance modernization for Guild members to responsible and well managed industrial plants for amounts from \$300.00 to \$200,000.00.

4. By using Commercial Credit Company's service the member's own banking lines are not tied up with long term obligations thus permitting the use of bank credit for current requirements.

5. It provides a collection and credit service, managed by experienced personnel which assures sound risks and

prompt payments.

It operates as a division of the member's own organization; always maintaining the good will existing between the member and the member's customers.

ADEQUACY IN NEW EVANSVILLE **ORDINANCE**

There are a number of interesting features in the new electrical ordinance of Evansville, Ind., including adequacy provisions for residences, bi-annual reinspection, reduced license fees from \$25.00 to \$10.00 and statement of what an inspector can and cannot do.

One rule states very definitely that the electrical inspector "in his official capacity, is not, however, empowered to and cannot lay out work



HEADS KALAMAZOO ASSOCIATIONS: Carl E. Walters, contractor of Kalamazoo, Mich., in addition to being president of the local electric league, is also head of the contractor activities group.

Let color save you money....

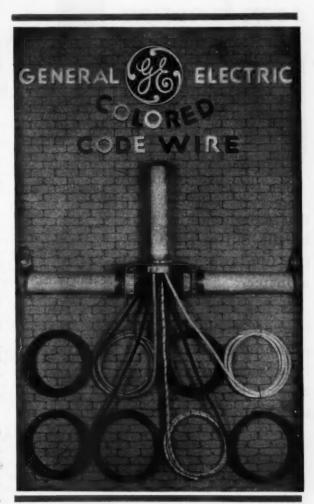
G-E Building Wires Come in Three Colors of Insulation and Eight Colors of Braid.

C OLORED braids on G-E building wires have long been saving money for contractors by helping them to identify circuits without testing.

Now three colors of rubber insulation on G-E building wires identify the three grades, saving you any expense or delay when you want to prove the grade used. Simply exhibit the wire itself—black insulation shows it to be Code grade; red, Intermediate grade; and green, 30% grade.

G-E Code Wires amply meet all Underwriters' requirements. In addition to the coloring, antioxidents have been added to the rubber which increase its life, making each of the three commercial grades of insulation a "performance test compound" of definitely determined characteristics.

Insulation is as "free stripping" as regulations and good practice permit. Over-all diameters are the minimum allowed so that the maximum number of wires can be installed in a conduit. Braids are tighter and closer. The finish is "slicked".



Use G-E building wires, both because of their uniformly good quality and because they protect you against expense arising from disputes as to the grade installed, and these advanced features are offered in G-E Code Wires at no increase in price. Let them save you both trouble and money.



CODE WIRE

MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT, GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

You have use for this combination



No. 664

You can make a much neater installation using

this combination than by the old method employing both a bell and a buzzer.

It has both bell and buzzer movements mounted on a common base with the cover enclosing both gong and terminals.

Send for our catalog for details of this and other bells and buttons.



Every
Electrical
Contractor
should have
this catalog

The ANSONIA



Electrical Company Ansonia, Conn.

ANNUNCIATORS . BELLS . BUZZERS PUSH BUTTONS . WIRE



STARTED CONTRACTING BUSINESS 21 YEARS AGO:—J. E. Taylor of Taylor Electric Co., Pine Bluff, Ark., began working as a wireman 30 years ago in Hot Springs. He has had his own shop and store in Pine Bluff since 1910, always combining wiring with merchandising and paying special attention to fixtures.

or act in the capacity of a consulting engineer for inexperienced contractors, mechanics or owners."

Householders may take out permits to do their own work, provided they have satisfied the electrical inspector that they have sufficient knowledge to properly perform such work.

All residences containing more than five rooms shall have a minimum of 30-amp. 3-wire service with at least a 6-circuit panelboard. In all single family residences or tenement houses there shall be installed an appliance circuit with one appliance receptacle in each kitchen and breakfast room, bath-room and laundry. Where No. 14 wire is used for appliance circuit there shall not be more than two appliance receptacles and not more than four such receptacles on a No. 12 circuit. Appliance receptacles must be of the single plug-in type.

For commercial and public buildings the minimum branch circuit is No. 12 wire; for rooms from 50 to 100 ft. from panelboard to first outlet No. 10 wire is minimum. Each branch circuit panelboard shall provide one spare branch circuit position for each five acting circuits or fraction. Feeders must have sufficient capacity to supply 10 amp. for every 15 amp. branch circuit position provided for. Conduits for enclosing feeders shall be large enough to permit replacing original feeders with conductors two sizes larger or 50 percent greater in capacity.

ANNUAL FLORIDA MEETING

A joint meeting of electrical inspectors and contractor-dealers of Florida will be held at the San Juan Hotel, Orlando, Fla., February 29 to March 2. This meeting, although being sponsored by the inspectors and contractor-dealers, is open to all electrical men of the state, and invitations have been sent to all electrical manufacturers, jobbers and central station men.

Prominent figures in the electrical industry will address the meetings on various phases of the electrical field.

The question of the standardization of materials and appliances will be acted upon at this meeting, also the elimination of sub-standard and non-approved electrical materials and the standardization of city code rules.

There will be a display of electrical materials and appliances, and an extensive entertainment program is being planned by the local committee.

R. C. Bigby, Tampa, Fla., is president of the contractor-dealers and C. M. Fuss, Tampa, is president of the inspectors. The local committee for the meeting is headed by J. J. Newell for the contractors and Harold N. Lang for the inspectors.

CONTRACTOR FELONY ACT FOR MICHIGAN

This fall there became effective a new act in Michigan making it a felony for a contractor to use money given him by an owner for any other purpose than to pay the labor and material bills it was intended to cover. The act, which is very short, follows:

"An act to protect the people of the state from imposition and fraud in the building construction industry and to provide penalties for the violation of this act.

"The People of the State of Michigan enact:

"Section 1. In the building construction industry, the building contract fund paid by the owner to a contractor, or by the owner or contractor to a subcontractor, shall be considered by this act to be a trust fund, for the benefit of the owners, contractors, laborers, subcontractors or materialmen, and the said contractor or subcontractor shall be considered the trustee of all funds so paid by him for building construction purposes.

"Section 2. Any contractor or subcontractor engaged in the building construction business, who, with intent to defraud, shall retain or use the proceeds or any part therefor, of any payment made to him, for any other purpose than to first pay laborers, subcontractors and materialmen, engaged by him



The Successful Contractor of 1932

In these days of elusive business and reduced volume contractors are beginning to realize as never before that they must change their method to cope with present-day conditions.

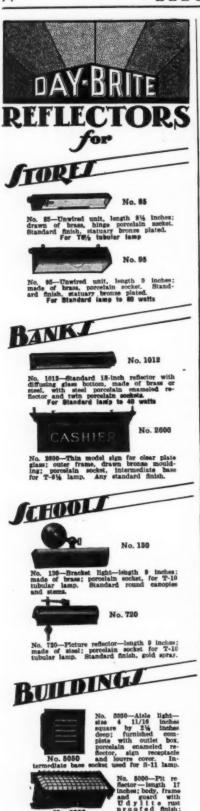
Just Common Sense

Successful contractors who have come safely through the years have learned that the true measure of success in business is not size but progress—progress not necessarily in volume but in PROFITS.

Pays Profits

If you are in business to make money—not merely to make sales—you will want to learn how others are using the NATIONAL ELECTRICAL RESALE PRICE SERVICE to increase their profits. We will gladly send full particulars, without obligation, of course. Please attach the coupon below to your letterhead, as the service is furnished only to those actively engaged in the electrical business.

Henderson-Hazel Corporation, 5005 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.		
Gentlemen:		
Without obligation please send us your PRICE, SERVICE.	booklet describing the NATIONAL ELECTRICAL RESAL	LE
Name		
Address		
City or Town	State EC-1-32	2



to perform labor or furnish material for the specific improvement, shall be guilty of felony in appropriating such funds to his own use while any amount for which he may be liable or become liable under the terms of his contract for such labor or material remains unpaid, and may be prosecuted upon the complaint of any persons so defrauded, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five thousand dollars and/or not less than six months nor more than three years imprisonment in a state prison at the discretion of the court.

"Section 3. The appropriation by a contractor, or any subcontractor, of any moneys paid to him for building operations before the payment by him of all moneys due or so to become due laborers, subcontractors, materialmen or others entitled to payment, shall be evidence of intent to defraud."

RED SEAL BRINGS SPECIAL OUTLETS

In its report of 22 Red Seal homes obtained in October, the Electric and Radio Association of Kansas City, Mo. draws attention to the special outlets going into Red Seal homes. Each one of the 22 Red Seal houses had an electric refrigeration outlet, whereas in 1930 less than 10 percent of the Red Seal homes had such outlets.

Other special outlets in the October Red Seal homes included 18 telephone, 19 radio, 8 ventilating fan, 4 clock, 3 range and 2 heater outlets.

60 AMP. MINIMUM ENTRANCE FOR YOUNGSTOWN

Three No. 6 wires and a 60 amp. switch for installations having a floor area of over 800 sq. ft. are the new minimum requirements of the Ohio Edison Company, Youngstown, Ohio. For smaller dwellings two No. 8 wires may be permitted.

In addition the company has set forth minimum service requirements for other types of installations as follows:

2.7 PERCENT FOR ELECTRICAL WORK

In a manual on better homes recently published by one of the organizations on the Planning Committee for the President's National Home Ownership and Building Conference, 2.7 percent was given as the amount of the building dollar that should be spent for electric wiring and fixtures in a home costing \$15,000 to build. The money value was \$405.00.

FOUR-DAY WEEK

A new working agreement between the East St. Louis electrical contractors and the local union contains provisions to take care of unemployment, principally through the allowance of a four-day week. The days are to be worked within the regular working schedule to be named by the contractor.

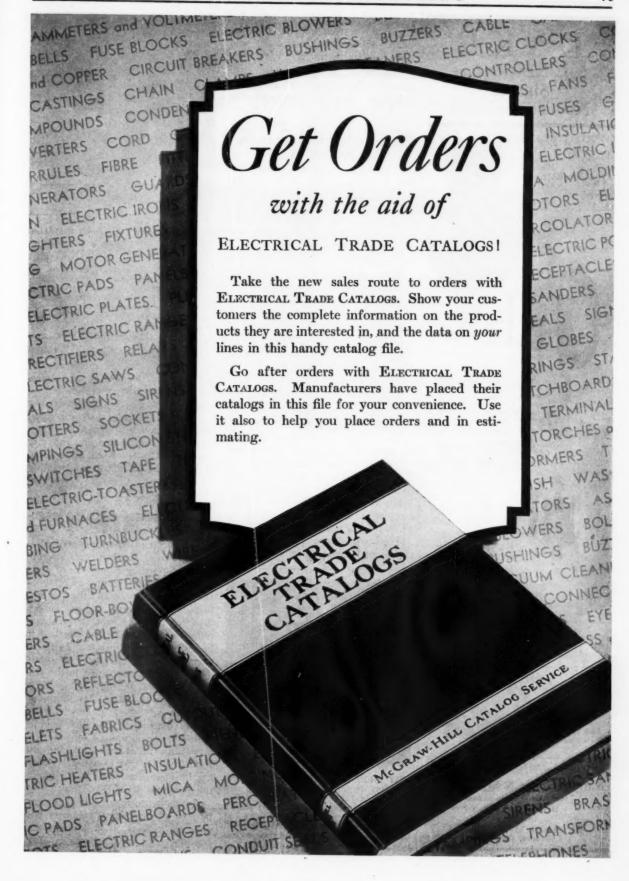
THE NATIONAL RURAL ELECTRIC PROJECT

The first report of The National Rural Electric Project, College Park, Maryland, has just been published, containing information as to the purpose, activities and personnel of the Project.

The National Rural Electric Project is an educational organization dedicated to the betterment of American farm income and living conditions. It was established to study the uses for electricity on the farm and in the farm home. The Project cooperates closely with the National Committee on the Relation of Electricity to Agriculture, particularly in its research program.

Electrical equipment is being demonstrated on five farms between Washington and Baltimore sponsored by the Project. A laboratory is also

One Family Dwelling Less than 800 sq. ft. 800 to 3000 sq. ft. 3000 to 6000 sq. ft. Above 600 sq. ft.	3 No. 6 3 No. 4	Size Conduit 1 in. 1 in. 11/4 in. 11/2 in.	Serv. Switch Amps. 30 60 100
Duplex and Apartment Houses 2 Family 3 Family and over Larger Apartments are special.		1¼ in. 1½ in.	60 60
Commercial Installations 1 2-wire circuit Over 1 2-wire circuit less than 2000 sq. ft. Areas 2000 sq. ft. to 4000 sq. ft. Areas 4000 sq. ft. to 5000 sq. ft.	3 No. 6 3 No. 4	1 in. 1 in. 1¼ in. 1½ in.	30 60 100 100



LAKE

A-C No-Contact Signals Never Wear Out



No. 112 SUR-FACE 12 VOLT BUZZER Tone Adjustment Price, Black, \$1.08 Nickel, \$1.20. No Contacts.



Two Factories to Serve You

National Time & Signal Corp.

600 East Milwaukee Ave. Detroit, Michigan and

LAKE MFG. CO. Oakland, California maintained at the project office for researches and engineering developments of electrical processes and equipment for the farm.

This report, which is published in pamphlet form, fully describes and illustrates the five demonstration farms.

NEW FARM ELECTRIFICATION HANDBOOK

C. R. E. A Bulletin, Volume VII, No. 1, entitled "Electricity on the Farm and in Rural Communities" which has just been published by the Committee on the Relation of Electricity to Agriculture, Chicago, is almost a complete handbook on farm electrification.

This bulletin is a revision of the bulletin published January, 1928, and contains a comprehensive summary of the latest available information on more than one hundred rural uses for electricity. Its 332 pages contain 570 illustrations, 87 charts, 160 tables, as well as a bibliography of selected references. It is priced at \$1.00 per copy.



The proposed ordinance licensing all electrical contractors, dealers and journeymen electricians under a board of electrical examiners, and sponsored by the Electragists of Flint, Mich., was defeated in the city commission on its second reading, by a vote of six to three.

The ordinance provided four classes of licenses as follows: Con-



BUSY INDUSTRIAL SPECIALIST:—F. W. Pleasant (right) and E. J. Bien are partners in the Pleasant Electric Company, Cincinnati, Ohio, and have plenty of work along the lines of additions and maintenance in the industrial plants of the city. They also sell monthly inspection to a long list of factories.



MAKES SPECIALTY OF SOUND INSTALLATIONS:—H. H. Beerman has operated an ordinary construction business in Covington, Ky., for 25 years. He has done a great deal of large work including schools and of late years has specialized in "sound." He has made a large number of installations both for talking pictures and public address systems in theatres, schools and even at the Latonia Race Track.

tractors would be charged an initial fee of \$100 with an annual fee of \$25; dealers, \$1 a year and maintenance men \$5. No license fee would be charged to journeymen, but they would be subject to examinations by a five-man board of examiners to be appointed by the city manager. Dealers would be required to keep only standard merchandise for sale.

PLAN BUSINESS BUILDING PRO-GRAM

The Electrical Association of Malden, Melrose, Medford and Everett, Mass. is assisting employees of association members secure more work for their employers, and thus helping that employee retain his job longer. A letter is being sent to each employee which has a card attached to be filled out as prospect cards at every house where they do work. These cards are returned to the employer so that he may follow these prospects in the future for additional business.

The association is also sending letters to the Kiwanis Club, the Rotary Club, the Lions Club and the local Chambers of Commerce stressing business conditions and requesting jobs, not doles.

An appliance repair school for employees of association members will open the first week in January and continue until the last week in May.



... see this new book for up-to-date methods, handy facts on hundreds of practical electrical jobs



-Just Published-

HANDBOOK OF INDUSTRIAL ELECTRICITY

by M. KUSHLAN
Electrical Engineer

525 pages, $4\frac{1}{2}$ x 7, over 600 illustrations, diagrams and tables, flexible, \$4.00

H ERE is a book prepared by a master electrical worker covering the many practical electrical jobs of today, telling clearly the methods for handling each in accordance with latest standards, giving a profusion of tables, data, circuits, diagrams and other helpful facts to which the worker often needs to refer in doing these jobs.

The book is expressly planned as a reference book for electricians engaged in installing and maintaining electrical equipment in residential, commercial and industrial buildings and outdoors. It answers literally hundreds of questions on the methods of wiring, inspecting and maintaining lighting, machinery and power installations of all kinds.

Technical and mathematical terms are either avoided, or are clearly defined and illustrated by practical examples. Standard practice is demonstrated by liberal reference to accepted rules and specifications, by over 500 illustrations and diagrams and 118 practical tables.

Space does not permit a really full and adequate description of this book. But we will gladly send a copy for 10 days' free examination on receipt of the coupon. Then after you have had an opportunity to look it over thoroughly, send us only \$4 in full payment, or return the book.

See this book for 10 days FREE-Send the coupon

"Should find a place among the most useful tools of the electrical worker's kit"

Can you use ready, dependable data on these:

- -wiring industrial installations
- -electrical wiring devices and methods
- -house-wiring installations
- -wiring in public buildings
- -automobile and aviation wiring
- -outdoor installations
- -estimating
- -reading plans
- -radio installation
- -electrical advertising practice
- —testing
- -electric heat applications
- -inspection
- -maintenance
- -signal systems
- -electric signs
- -communicating systems
- -electrical principles
- -generating equipment
- -refrigerating circuits, etc., etc.

All these and more are in this book, covered in satisfying, practical detail, by a man who knows the reference needs of the estimator, contractor, and practical electrical worker.

FREE EXAMINATION COUPON

McGRAW-HILL BOOK CO., Inc. 330 W. 42d St., N. Y. C.	
Send me Kushlan's Handbook e Electricity, postpaid, for ten EXAMINATION. I will send \$4 the book within ten days of rece	days' FREE
Name	
Address	**********************
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Company	E.C. 1-32
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SOMETHING NEW TO SELL



YOUR CHANCE

to make a steady profit

Not all profit makers are ready sellers. But Strowger Auto-Com, the small private telephone system for stores, offices and public buildings, can be used everywhere. And it earns you a real profit on every sale.

You have a wide field for the sale of Strowger Auto-Com. Many business houses needing a private, interior system of communication are unable to afford larger and more expensive systems. Strowger Auto-Com, with its dependable, clear transmission, exactly meets their needs. Sales opportunities are unlimited.

Remember: Strowger Auto-Com is built by the originator of the dial telephone. It is easy to install and maintain. You stock it like any other piece of merchandise. Dealers everywhere are selling more Auto-Com systems this year than ever before. Write today for rights as exclusive dealer in your own territory. American Automatic Electric Sales Company, 1031 West Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ill.

Strowger Auto-Com

Private Telephone System Made by the Makers of Strowger P-A-X

Automatic Electric Company



WIRES SEVERAL GOVERNMENT JOBS:

—Paul F. Thiele, Dix-Kelley Electric Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind., has five large government jobs completed in 1931. In addition to the George Rogers Clark Memorial, this company has wired the U. S. Post Offices at Louisville, Ky., Warsaw, Ft. Wayne and Decatur, in Indiana.

Meetings will be held weekly. The school room is provided by the central station, which is procuring teachers from the manufacturers of appliances which the contractors handle. As soon as the employees are qualified, they plan to take over all appliance repair work now being done by the utility.

CALIFORNIA ELECTRAGISTS MEET

Details of a revised suggested resale price data service, a consideration of the Certified Electrical Contractor plan, a review of the operation of the state contractors' license laws, and the recently approved trade practice rules for the electrical contracting industry were the chief items on a crowded program at the afternoon and evening session of the special meeting of the California Electragists, Northern Chapter, at Oakland, Calif., December 17, 1931.

Frank Sievers, national executive committeeman, reported on the Hot Springs convention of the Electragists, particularly stressing the fair trade practice rules, the trade policy committee work on central station merchandising plan, the unemployment plan of the Electrical Guild and the I.B.E.W., L. W. Davis' analysis on the cost of doing business, and the motor section's progress in evolving fair motor distribution agreements.

RALCO FITTINGS EXPLOSION PROOF

WE CAN HELP YOU to comply with Article 32, 1931 Code, by supplying explosion proof fittings that have passed the tests for Class 1, Group D, and Class 2, Group G, locations.

We are showing below a few of the fittings which you can secure from us.

WRITE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION



XP Junction Box

is furnished in 3and 4-inch sizes. The 3-inch size (XP-3) can be furnished drilled

either 1/2" or 3/4" conduit, as ordered. Bosses are provided for drilling four sides and back. The 4-inch (XP-4) size can be furnished drilled and tapped for 1/2", 3/4", or 1", as ordered.

Boxes are Cast Iron Cadmium Plated.

XPGP Junction Box

is especially designed for making connections between the gasoline pump conduit and the underground are two or posts

pump conduit and the underground conduit system, where two or more pumps are to be installed on any concrete pump island. Box is furnished with five 4/4" openings; one on top, one left side, one right side and two on bottom, with side opening plugged with removable Plugs.

This has with our UFMP Union can

This box with our UFMP Union can be made to fit any pump instellation condition. The conduit end of this Union can be supplied threaded for either 1/2" or 3/4" conduit. The box end and union nut for 1/2" or 3/4" are identical. A very practical Box.

UFF-Union

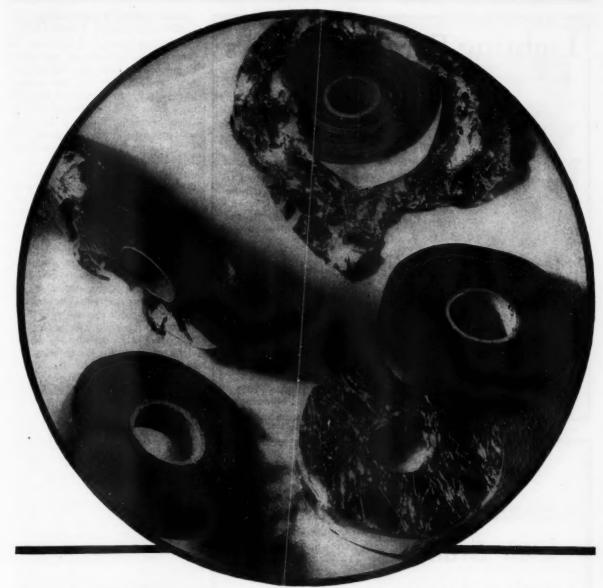


Heavy type with heavy bress hexagonal nut, as shown. Made in sizes 1/2" and 3/4".

UFM—Union
Heavy type with
heavy brass hexagonal nut. Made in sizes ½" and ¾".
The ¾" can be furnished with conduit
end threaded for ½" conduit.

RALCO MANUFACTURING COMPANY

125 North Albany Avenue Chicago, Illinois, U. S. A.



A TAPE TO MEET THE NEEDS OF EVERY ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENT

The exacting standards of General Electric as to the quality of materials used in its products is your guarantee that G-E Friction and Rubber Tapes assure greater service and more lasting protection. Economical—G-E Tapes cost no more—use them on every

electrical installation where dependable friction or rubber tape is required. Your nearest G-E Merchandise Distributor stocks a complete line of G-E Tapes. See him or write Section M-321, Merchandise Department, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

GENERAL ELECTRIC

TAPES

MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT, GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Lighting For Contractors

By a Manufacturer Who Understands Your Problems



In order that the finest possible lighting effects may be secured for any building, we maintain a completely equipped lighting demonstration

studio at our factory.

Here—with the hearty cooperation of our corps of experienced lighting engineers—a complete program of lighting effects can be worked out, and Hub equipment specially designed to produce every desired lighting effect.

You are cordially invited to make free use of all of our facilities as it fits your convenience. The complete facilities of our capable organization are yours to command.

-FREE-

Comprehensive Lighting Handbook just published. We will be glad to send it to you.

HUB ELECTRIC COMPANY

Complete Electric Lighting Equipment

Factory and General Offices: 2219-2225 West Grand Avenue, Chicago Telephone Seeley 6440-1-2-3 Branch Officer:
New York, Toledo,
Milwaukee, Minneapolis

Beating Competition with Brains

Competition is tough in the electrical contracting business these days; and every day it gets worse. Successful contractors have found they can beat fly-by-night competition best by using their brains, and by educating their responsible employes. You can help your head men to keep abreast of the times and save you money by sending each his own copy of ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING.

JOINT INDUSTRY CONFERENCE ON ADEQUACY STANDARDS

The first meeting of the Joint Industry Conference on Adequacy Standards for Residence Wiring, was held on December 7. This conference, which was initiated at the Chicago meeting of the Commercial National Section of N.E.L.A. last July, was organized during the meeting at Camp Cooperation XI at Association Island last summer.

With reference to the subject of outlets, switch control and branch circuits, the committee found the material of the Society for Electrical Development, the Association of Electragists and the Washington Conference somewhat similar and suitable as a basis for discussion from which conclusions could be drawn. The committee also discussed heavier circuits and recommendations are to be made on these.

The membership committee consists of H. H. Balkam and E. W. Commery for the Illuminating Engineering Society; L. F. Adams, C. A. Bates, H. J. Mauger, Frank Thornton, Jr. and F. C. Hodkinson for N.E.M.A.; F. R. Elliott and E. A. Hawkins for the N.E.W.A.; J. S. Bartlett and Kenneth McIntyre for the Society for Electrical Development; E. A. Brand and F. H. Stone for the N.E.L.A., and L. W. Davis, informal observer for A.E.I.

HOLD ANNUAL DINNER DANCE

The Toronto Chapter of Ontario Electrical Contractors Association will hold its annual dinner dance at the Royal York Hotel, Toronto on February 8.

At the annual dinner held last year 563 attended, and it is expected that over 600 will attend this year.

The committee in charge consists of G. Alexander, H. Bertram, H. Blenkarn, W. Burman, J. Craig, G. E. Davenport (master of ceremonies), George Gander (secretary), G. W. Leach and H. H. Windelar (president).

ADDITIONAL WIRING CAMPAIGN

Co-operative plan for selling additional wiring and fixtures has recently been announced by the Electrical League of Milwaukee. The plan contemplates the carrying of time payments by the power company on all additional wiring and fixtures amounting to \$25.00 or more on an 18-months basis.

MASON CITY CHAPTER HELPS POOR

The Mason City (Iowa) Electragists have contributed, as a group, to the work of the local charitable organizations by making contributions from the funds of the chapter.

This chapter is working out a new plan for meetings whereby one-half of the meetings are purely business and the other half purely social.

H. C. Determan, secretary of the chapter, reports that they are still working on a local ordinance but are having considerable difficulty in presenting it to the city directors.

HARRY F. SPIER

Harry F. Spier, proprietor of the Guarantee Electric Co., Battle Creek, Mich., died suddenly at his office on December 4, 1931, of heart failure.

Mr. Spier was born near Lyon, Neb., April, 1884, and when quite young moved with his family to Battle Creek where he spent part of his early life. He entered the electrical



H. F. Spier

contracting business about 14 years ago, previous to which time he was connected with the Central Electric Co. and Edison Telephone Co. of Chicago for a number of years.

Mr. Spier's work has included many of the schools and theatre buildings in the state of Michigan, and he has wired the university stadium, the Yost field house at the university, and many hotels and hospitals throughout the state.



... the sale and installation of the DUNCO Light-sensitive Cell Unit which provides infallibly automatic operations in hundreds of places.

This seemingly "mysterious" development has found a permanent place in the everyday affairs of commerce, industry and even in home life.

Get the details from your wholesaler's salesman the next time he calls, or write us for Bulletin P-17. with the
New
DUNCO
Light
Sensitive
CELL
UNIT



OAMCO INDUSTRIAL REFLECTORS



No. 547B DEEP CONE TIN



No. 909 DEEP BOWL



No. 871A STANDARD DOME



No. 0766 SHALLOW BOWL

There's an OAMCO reflector for every industrial use—mills, factories, printing shops, machine shops, etc., need these high grade reflectors for speedy and better work. You're assured ease of installation and your customers are assured of a better job when you install OAMCO reflectors.

Write for catalogue today.

OVERBAGH & AYRES MFG. CO.

413 S. Clinton St. CHICAGO ILL.

ROLL O' TAPE

ELECTRICAL FLASHES GATHERED AMONG THE BIG WIRE AND PIPE MEN

BY

COIT A. (DUKE) SMITH AND WALTER HOLMES FIELD EDITORS ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING

N the revised code of New Rochelle, N. Y., the charge of \$2.00 for inspection of electrical and plumbing work is waived on all jobs amounting to less than \$15.00.

THE Fort Wayne (Ind.) Electrical Contractors' Association for the past six months has arranged for a segregated list of its members in the classified telephone directory. At the top of the column this heading stands out: "Licensed Electrical Contractors' Association" and this statement follows in abox: "This sign identifies the leading electrical contractors of this community and gives assurance of quality and service in their electrical work." The names of the members are then listed alphabetically.

OTLEY Bros., Memphis, Tenn., electragists, recently secured a nice contract for traffic signals in that city. The job consists of installing four lights at each of nine intersections, using seven conductor lead cable, underground. All the signals are individually controlled, but certain ones are arranged so they can be tied in with others when necessary.

THE Smith Downes Company, being the largest in Stamford, Conn., I asked its president, Mr. Holly, why some contractors remain small all their lives and others grow. He had no recipe for success but he did have a tip worth thinking about. "It is not enough to do a job that meets the approval of the customer," he explained. "For instance, although the customer may not think of it, we strongly urge underground service for a residence because it does not cost much more to install and is something that gives permanent satisfaction. Five years from now the owner will forget what he paid for the installation but if

Improvements in the New "Reliance"

For 22 years the Reliance has been the standard of quality. With these latest improvements it is a step ahead. Constructed throughout of best materials skillfully put together to insure perfect operation. Turns current ON and OFF for 8 days with one

Reliance Automatic Lighting Co.

winding. Types to fill all requirements.

Also manufacturers of the famous ACE and Bacine Time Switches.



the people next door have underground service and he has unsightly overhead wires he will feel that he has not dealt with a first class contractor."

T should also be mentioned, in connection with this Christmas, as for a number of years before, the Jaggar-Sroufe Co. furnished and supervised the installation of some 2,500 lights for the 120-ft., Portland, Ore., community Christmas tree, free-of-charge. That is quite a stock of decorative material, but strange to say, they do not have to carry it over from year to year. Most of it gets sold, one way and another during the ensuing twelve months.

WHEN I called at the National Electric Company, Passaic, N. J., I noticed in the window a nice display of groceries and a notice of the FEED A FAMILY FOR A WEEK campaign. With each wiring job or sale of a major appliance this contractor is giving a week's supply of groceries to some needy family.

THE Electric Service Maintenance Co., Bridgeport, Conn., take it upon themselves to have about the most complete fund of motor data in that section of the country. People who are not customers frequently call on them for information and it is always cheerfuly given because, sooner or later, most of them come back with profitable jobs for this contractor.

ICHOLAS J. KELLY, chief engineer of light and power New York City, reports that fire damage from improper wiring cost the city \$600,000 last year. Most of this was due to flexible cord hung by householders.

ACCORDING to our information the material for floodlighting the dome of the Rhode Island State Capital Building has been specified but the exact manner of doing the job has not. The bidding contractors know the desired effect of the job and they are to use their own judgment in laying out what they believe to be an adequate and efficient system of wiring. Price, adequacy and layout will all be considered in awarding the contract. This is the kind of a job contractors like to figure.

ARLY this year T. A. McNelis of Kingston, N. Y., walked into a large food store to make a purchase and was distressed by the direct glaring light in the place. He told the owner what was wrong and what should be done about it. The result was a new lighting job. And recently the appreciative customer told the contractor that sales for one month with the new lights were \$1,600 more than the same month



UP, down, across, around sharp bends, through joints ... wires glide through



Fretz-Moon Conduit with the slip and speed of a child on a waxed slide.

Every length of Fretz-Moon Conduit is as smooth as a glass tube. The enamel coating, while tough and flexible, provides a fast raceway. The weld is as clean inside as outside. There are no rough edges or burrs to impede the wire. Ends are reamed to provide freerunning joints.

The enamel is a special formula. It is hard and smooth, yet possesses toughness and flexiblity. That is why sharp bends in Fretz-Moon Conduit are easy to fish.

All three brands of Fretz-Moon Conduit— ENAMELITE, black enameled; ELECTRO GAL-VITE, electro-galvanized; HOT DIPPED GAL-VITE, hot galvanized—have this super-running raceway that saves installation time and trouble.

FRETZ-MOON TUBE CO., Inc. Butler, Penna.

FRETZ-MOON



Smallest, most compact, 4 cyl. Liectric Plant

GET OUR PROPOSITION

Hospitals, hotels, theaters and many types of public buildings are requiring the installation of individual Electric Plants for emergency service.

Contracts like this represent good, profitable business for you. Go after it. With the proven dependability of Universal—you can guarantee 100% satisfactory service. With the specialized background we have established in this field—we can provide you with expert technical data to clinch the sale for any type of industrial, commercial or marine installation. The Universal Line ranges from 1 to 35 K.W.—AC and DC—32, 110 or 220 volts.



Write, and get our proposition regarding increased discounts and about the profitable opportunities that exist in this growing electrical field.

Specially Designed



for apartment house use or anywhere a lock is to be operated by remote control, the No. 450 Liberty Door Opener is compact, rugged and can be used on right or left hand doors.

SOLID

is used for most parts of the No. 450 Door Opener. Turning pins are of special steel to give perfect operation.

FREE

descriptive bulletin showing this and other members of the high quality, low cost

LIBERTY LINE

CLIP AND MAIL TODAY

	The Liberty Bell Mfg. Co., Minerva, Ohio
	Gentlemen: Please send me complete information your No. 450 Door Opener and other Libert Line high quality low cost devices.
	Name
ě	Address

a year ago before the glare had been eliminated from the lighting. Proper lighting was one factor that made this increase possible.

HE Nager Electric Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., industrial specialists, find that it pays to keep informed about factories moving in or out of the neighborhood. In either case there are electrical changes to be made and in many instances it means new customers. The firm employes a solicitor to make estimates and bring in new business.

H. BURGY of the Burgy Elec-trical Works, Vancouver, Wash., has a rather interesting job underway in the remodeling of the old theatre building into a dance hall and lodge hall room with restaurant facilities. In the installation is an inter-communicating telephone system between the kitchen and lunch counter, in connection with which is a microphone in the lunch room and loud speaker in the kitchen. The microphone is built in near the lunch counter and practically hidden from view. The waitress gives her order to it in an ordinary tone of voice and the order is repeated in the kitchen so that the chef need not pause in his work. He has a push button at the range connected to a bell in the lunch room, and he merely pushes this to acknowledge

JOHN BOYKO has been appointed to take charge of the electrical bureau at Passaic, N. J. Until recently he was in charge of fire alarm apparatus in the city of Passaic. Mr. Boyko was an electrician in the U. S. Navy for many years prior to his employment by the city.

THE largest electrical job ever awarded in St. Paul, Minn., was that for wiring the new First National Bank Building which was opened a few days before Christmas. The work was done by the Commonwealth Electric Co.

NE interesting feature of the broadcasting station installed by the Belmont Electric Company (A. Lincoln Bush, president), New York City, in the Empire State Building is the door switch that cuts off the current when the door to the transformer vault is opened. Electricity is becoming less dangerous for the innocent bystander. Ventilation and cooling is another feature of this job and much of the apparatus is cooled by running water.

THE classified telephone directories of New York City are boosting business for the contractors. I noticed a newspaper ad the other day advising the public to look under "Electrical Contractors" in the 'phone book in case anything is wrong with the bell, lights,

etc. Incidentally, there are about two pages of "Electricians" who fail to get a break in this publicity, but at any rate the advertisers are showing that their hearts are in the right place.

NE of the interesting demonstrations in the new lighting exhibit of the Electrical Association of Philadelphia is a board with two sets of wire, No. 8 and No. 14, on a 75-foot run. Meters mounted on the board show the comparative loss of current in the use of the different sized wire.

ONTRACTORS in New York are getting together with the central stations on the idea of selling a.c. to places now served by d.c. A meeting of the Electrical Association of New York at which this subject will be discussed is planned for sometime in February.

ANCOUVER, WASH., has recently passed a new electrical ordinance, requiring all electrical work in connection with the installation of oil burners to be done by a licensed electrical contractor. This was necessitated because of a number of fires caused by defective wiring in connection with oil burners. Heretofore the oil burner people had done the work themselves. But the competition among them was so great and there was so much price cutting, that it appeared they had been skimping the wiring beyond the safety point. Either that or lack of practical knowledge.

NE commonly accepted truism is that the electrical contractor has virtually no repeat business. The Lord Electric Company, New York City, however states that since 1895 it has filled over 10,000 repeat orders, aggregating over \$40,000,000. In explaining its success this company points out that thirty-six men have been with it continually for twenty years or more. In many instances, the company states, it has performed from forty to fifty successive contracts for the same architect, engineer or general contractor. Its total business since 1895 has amounted to something over \$60,000,000.

THE Rogers Electric Co., Birmingham, Ala., specializes on theatre work. This firm has not only secured most of the city theatre work, but has installed practically all the sound equipment in the State of Alabama, including public address systems.

If the wall plug needs repairing, if your electric cord is broken, if you have an unruly electrical appliance, call an Electragist." Thus reads a 6 by 3 card that the trouble men of the Nebraska Power Co., Omaha, distribute to customers whenever there is any inside work to be done. The card lists the names of the members of the Omaha Chapter of Electragists, their addresses and telephone number

PRACTICAL **METHODS**

CONDUIT STOCK RESTS

Convenient rests for conduit stocks are made by the Electric Maintenance Service Co., Bridgeport, Conn., from 1-in. conduit bent in a "U" shape.



Conduits in "U" Racks

The base and angle iron rest as shown in the photo are drilled and bolted together. Only half as many "U's" are required as there are compartments desired for the conduit. One "U" is placed on the end, then a space and then another "U," etc. Example: U U U U Four "U's" and seven compartments for conduit. The contractor makes up the "U's" of a sufficient width to accommodate the amount of conduit of each size that he expects to carry. No "U's" are required at the bottom of the

FLUSH MOUNTING SAFETY **SWITCHES**

In many installations it is necessary or advisable to provide a flush mounting for safety switches in a finished wall. In such cases the work is complicated by the handle, which protrudes at the side of the steel casing of the switch. For this the main cut is extended at the side, forming a chamber of the proper size, which will allow the handle to operate easily.

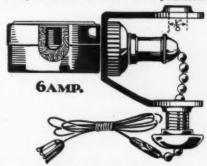
In order to make a neat job and leave this hole smooth, C. O. Mc-



You can't fool a micrometer . . . in fact the Thin Model Levolier is nothing to fool about. Manufacturing a switch of its size and large carrying capacity is no small job. It's a big job, a big switch made up in a small size . . . that electrical specialists think mighty fine.

No. 41 is only % of an inch in thickness. It may be had in three stem lengths or with plain lever. And can be used as Thin Model Link Switch with chain fixture.

with chain fixture.
A really Valuable Product—have you seen one?





VALPARAISO

· INDIANA Box No. 670

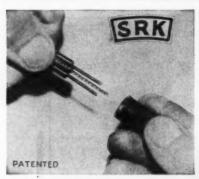


Crory, McCrory Electric Co., Mem-

phis, Tenn., uses two pieces of heavy tin, which can be picked up in scraps

on any job. The bottom piece is cut to the exact width of the cavity and

slightly longer, to allow for a fit when it is bent and pressed in. The other piece is cut in a triangle and forms the right side of the lining, the



U. S. Pat. Nos. 1,635,293 and 1,736,397. Infringer will be starrously prosecuted.



No SAFER or surer way to make wire connections

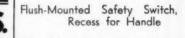
The S R K Connector will make all joints commonly make all joints commonly encountered for combina-tions of No. 14, No. 16 and No. 18 solid or strand-ed up to 4 No. 14 and 2 No. 18 or equivalent with-out solder or tape.

Ask your jobber's sales-man to demonstrate the S R K. Und. and Factory Mutual Labs. approval.

JIFFY WIRE CONNECTOR CO. 7-9 Bridge St. Hackensack, N. J.

General States Office G. DENN MONTGOMERY, Jr. 458 Broadway, New York City Phone CAnal 6-7533 and 6-6186

Flush-Mounted Safety Switch, with Recess for Handle



left side being the casing of the switch. A little extra work will put a 1/4-in. flange on the pieces for added neatness. The pieces need not be fastened together, as they are fitted tightly and hold each other.

MAKING BOXES STAY PUT

Wherever there are a number of switch and outlet boxes installed on a new structure, there is always the big problem of having them remain straight throughout the onslaught of the plasterers. Contractors and mechanics agree that, unless some preventive method is employed, the boxes must be watched while the plastering is being done.

The men of the Arkansas Electric Co., Little Rock, Ark., use a simple system of anchoring that works 100 percent. When the boxes are fastened on the end of the conduit, a piece of lath or any straight, strong stick, is nailed firmly to the nearest wooden upright so as to extend across the face of the box. The box is then carefully lined up absolutely



the

PARAGON TIME SWITCH



outstanding developmen of modern clock en plete in every detail for orming all known tim ations. Neat, compact, a esign and construction.

Low in price due to simplicity and modern methods of manufacture and unconditionally guaranteed. Write for full information and liberal deal-er's discounts. We have the answer to all your key-wound and electri-cally-wound time switch problems.

PARAGON ELECTRIC CO. 37 W. VAN BUREN STREET CHICAGO

RMSTRUNG BROS.





Unbeatable Equipment for Conduit Threading

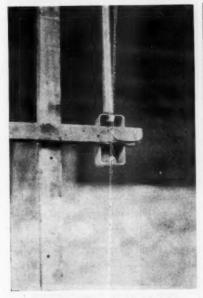
ARMSTRONG BROS.

(Patented) Chain Pipe Vise

Drop Forged 1-piece jaw, base and handle. Alloy steel screws. Proof-tested chains, Conduit cannet bend; fully supported between jaws.

Write for Catalog P-10

ARMSTRONG BROS. TOOL CO. "The Tool Holder People"
341 N. Francisco Ave., CHICAGO, U. S. A.



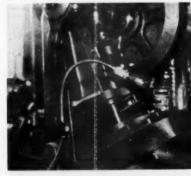
Box Anchored to Nearest Upright

straight and wired to the crosspiece with a scrap of wire, which can be picked up around the building. No further attention or straightening is needed and the men are relieved of much unnecessary work and watching.

PUTTING LIGHT ON THE SPOT

In every machine shop or factory there is a certain area on each machine where concentrated light is needed while the actual work is in progress. Overhead lighting may be sufficient in many cases but often dark days or night work require a more intensive system. Then, if the only light comes from above, the men take to using extensions and soon the place is cluttered up with cords.

A St. Louis contractor, Ray Greathouse, ran into such a situation in one of the factories he serves. Al-



Flexible Arm Unit for Individual Machines

WADSWORTH

Enclosed Branch Circuit Cutouts

Flush Mounting Types

For real Economy there is none better

WADSWORTH FEATURES

For Old or New Jobs the three methods of support eliminate unnecessary installation trouble.

Ample space, and terminals so located that you can see and reach them, greatly simplifies wiring.



No. 12FN Roughed in Position

No. 12FTN

Enclosed Branch Circuit Cutouts

Dead Front Construction from 2 to 12 circuits Plug Fuse Distribution Arranged for 2 or 3 Wire Service

Aluminized Trim



No. 12FN
Dead Front and
Trim in place

Enclosed Branch Circuit Cutouts

For
Toggle Switches
Plug Fuse Distribution
from 4 to 12 circuits
Dead Front Construction
Arranged for 2 or 3 wire
service



No. 12FTN

Dead Front and

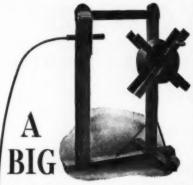
Trim in place

Without Dead Front or Trim Aluminized Trim

Catalog No. 100-A gives complete information.

Write for it.



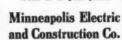


MONEY SAVER

Eliminates triple handling—unwinding — measuring and rewinding wire, thus saving time and money. Manually operated—reels wire into neat coil, automatically counting and registering number of feet. Strongly built of heavy selected materials so as to last a lifetime.

It Pays for Itself

Send for bulletin Write us or your jobber



80 S. 12th St. Minneapolis Mi though it was a "daylight" plant with many windows, he noticed the extension habit was growing and offered a solution. However, the problem of bringing light to each of over 30 machines proved to be a difficult one because there were so many different types of machines. Mr. Greathouse provided a solution by furnishing and installing 30-in. flexible arm units, each fastened to a 31/4-in. outlet box, which in turn is bolted to the machine. The current is brought to the box through a reinforced portable cord from the post beside the machine, the current being brought down the post from the runs on the ceiling. The factory reports a great increase in efficiency.

ATTACHMENT FOR SHORT BENDS

When the Arkansas Electric Co., Little Rock, Ark., wanted a large number of very short bends in record time, Bill Schriver, foreman, worked out an attachment which is efficient and easily adjustable. First he made a half moon of iron and put a groove in it to hold the pipe. In this he drilled two holes for bolts and put two corresponding holes in the face of the bender. As shown in the illustration, the pipe is held for bend-



Bender and Attachment.

ing by a piece of ¾ in. pipe, which is held firmly by the regular clamp of the bender. At the top of this tube is a ¾ to ½ in. reducer, sawed off. The conduit to be bent is inserted in the reducer, after the holder is adjusted to give the proper radius. This attachment not only makes the very short bends but will make longer ones according to where the ¾ in. is clamped.

Connector consists of two seamless copper terminals as constructed that when bolted are in perfect alignment making a perfect connection. They provide ample current carrying capacity and have extra long wire bolt to insure a trong soldered connection. SET SCREW CONNECTOR Made from solid brass rod by Sherman Precision Method. Furnished in 14 different sizes. Each size plainly marked for easy stock keeping and reordering. Screws heavily rust proofed. Sherman Connectors can be used over and over

SHERMAN

CONNECTORS



You can't afford to miss a single issue.

Give us your new address if you have moved.



MINERALLAC PRODUCTS

H. B. SHERMAN MFG. CO.

Battle Creek, Mich.



HANGERS FOR CABLES & CONDUITS

Easily the best for quick, low-cost installation work. Send for full details and costs.

- 1 Hanger without Porcelain Bushing. Spring steel; stronger, quicker, more compactly arranged.
- 2 Hanger attached to steel beam with bolt
- 3 Jiffy Clip-quicker, neater work at less cost.
- 4 Cable Joint or Pothead Compound—8 grades for every system, underground or everhead.





Insulating Compounds

MINERALLAC ELECTRIC CO.
25 North Peoria Street, Chicago, IL.

(Continued from page 66) company carried a sample electric stove on display at all times, then the lighting companies started selling at cut rates which we could not compete with and we gave up the electric stove business. However, that is all past history.

About a year ago the Edison company came through with a plan for selling electric stoves which looked good to the contractor-dealer. In the first place they agreed to sell at list and to pay for the wiring of these ranges, whether the dealer sold it or whether it was sold by the company. The wiring contracts were let out to the contractors on bid, the low bid receiving the contract except when a contractor-dealer sold a stove, then the contract was awarded to the one who made the sale if the price was reasonable. At this time they pledged themselves to maintain list prices and as far as we know they have continued and still are.

We are now showing on our floor some five electric stoves and water heaters which we have stocked on the statements of the lighting company that they would maintain list prices. We have had some success selling, but not near the volume which we had hoped.

At present as I say the lighting company is selling at list prices and is cooperating with the contractordealer. I do not see what this article refers to and wonder if the paragraph which was printed is not merely one paragraph in a long report misleading without the rest of same.

> O. L. HAWES, Hawes Electric Co.

Watertown, Mass.

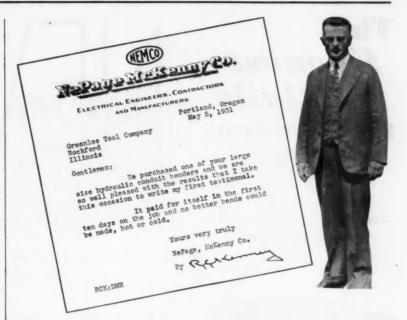
[We do not believe that we have mis stated the situation as given by Mr. Caddigan (the speaker referred to), at Association Island. At the same time, we do not believe Mr. Caddigan intended to convey the idea that no dealers were doing a good selling job. He has told us repeatedly that there were some dealers in the territory who were doing an excellent idea. cellent job.

The main thought, however, that we

wanted to express, and this has received much favorable comment, is that con-tractors and dealers must be ready to provide a market to replace one which they may ask a utility to abandon. Too many times utilities have started some such cooperative movement with con-tractors and dealers and found that the results did not begin to measure up to

expectations.

When these things happen it gives the contractor and dealer a black eye and makes it just so much more difficult to engage in cooperative activities again.



"Paid for Itself in the First Ten Days

Here is another enthusiastic user of Greenlee Conduit Benders—Mr. R. C. Kenney, Manager of NePage McKen-ney Co., Portland, Oregon. This ma-chine paid for itself in the first ten days on the job. Read what Mr. Kenney has to say about his No. 775. It explains why Greenlee Benders have had such a remarkable sale since their introduction to the trade, a little over

Contractors can save money with these machines, because they bend conduit swiftly and easily, leaving a bend that is round and true with little or no distortion in the metal. Bending is accomplished by hydraulic pressure forcing a shoe against the conduit.

A big feature of Greenlee Benders is their portability. They are light for the work they do and can easily be carried from place to place.

carried from place to place. Greenlee Benders can be equipped to bend both standard and thin-wall steel conduit, by purchasing the necessary attachments. The No. 770 bends 1½, 2, 2½ and 3-inch standard conduit. The No. 775 bends 2½, 3, 3½, 4 and 4½-inch standard conduit. The No. 770T bends 1½, 1½ and 2-inch thin-wall steel conduit. The No. 770T is the same machine as the No. 770, except for a few extra fittings.



No. 770T Thin-Wall Steel Conduit Bender. The conduit is supported by a formed bar which moves to the right as power is applied. The fol-low bar supports the conduit, pre-venting kinking and distortion.



No. 770 Standard Conduit Bender. Two rotating support castings, ar-ranged to accommodate different sizes, hold the plece being bent while the shoe is forced by hy-draulic power against the conduit. 770 Standard Conduit Bender

-Mail This	Coupon	Today
------------	--------	-------

GREENLEE TOOL CO., ROCKFORD, ILL. We are interested in lowering our bending costs. Send at once complete information, prices and discounts on your Hydraulic Benders. My Jobber is.

The Keenest Blade that ever cut B X

or conduit, wire mold metal cable, etc.

—and it's so easy to start the cut!



Ask for the

-ELECTRICIANS-SPECIAL

Fine teeth on the forward end of the blade start the cut as easily as the feed screw of an auger bit starts boring. You won't have to scrape and scratch — and you can cut precisely at the exact mark—at any angle. This blade is the greatest improvement yet made in hack saws, and it is designed especially for electricians. Buy them at the same price as an ordinary blade.

Use the 24/36 tooth for BX, wire mold, conduit, etc. Use the 18/36 tooth for heavy conduit.

Ask your electrical wholesaler today or write to

The HENRY G. THOMPSON & SON CO.

Est. 1876

New Haven, Conn.

MANUFACTURERS

A DEPARTMENT FOR THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF ACTIVITIES OF MANUFACTURERS THAT ARE OF INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS, SUCH AS CHANGES IN EXECUTIVE PERSONNEL, BRANCH OFFICES, NEW PRODUCTS, ETC.

BETTER BUSINESS SEEN BY SWOPE

According to a statement recently issued by Gerard Swope, president of the General Electric Company, Schenectady, N. Y., the outlook for 1932 in the electrical industry should be equally as good in 1932 as in 1931, with a gradual increase in the electrical manufacturing business.

Mr. Swope further stated that "the electrical industry is in a peculiarly fortunate position, for even in the past year there has been an increased consumption of electricity in the homes, mainly because of the installation of a greater variety of electrical appliances. In this year, also industrial companies have modernized their productive methods, requiring new applications of electricity."

NEW MARKING FOR LEADED ARMORED CABLE

Leaded type armored cable (type ACL) will be marked by having the word "lead" or "leaded" embossed or indented in the armor, according to the new requirements of the Underwriters' Laboratories for marking armored cable.

HOWARD R. SARGENT

Howard R. Sargent, engineer of the commercial engineering division of the merchandise department of the General Electric Company, Bridgeport, Conn., died December 8 following an attack of appendicitis.

Mr. Sargent was born at Newton, Mass., and graduated from Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1893. He entered the service of the old Thomson-Houston Co. at Lynn, Mass., until 1894, when he was transferred to Schenectady, at which time

Schenectady was made the home office of the General Electric Co.

When the merchandise department of the company was organized in 1922, Mr. Sargent was transferred to Bridgeport as manager of the wiring supplies engineering division, and entered the merchandise department in 1923.

For many years Mr. Sargent has contributed greatly to the work of revising the National Electrical Code.

CHANGES IN SQUARE D PERSONNEL

C. Lewis Hull, sales manager, switch and panel division of the Square D Co., Detroit, Mich., announces the appointment of C. W. Bates, formerly Chicago branch manager of the company, as assistant sales manager with headquarters in Detroit.

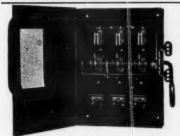
G. S. Blomgren of the Chicago office succeeds Mr. Bates as Chicago branch manager.

CORRECTION

The advertisement of the Appleton Electric Company appearing on page 50 of the December, 1931, issue, shows an installation of Appleton No-Thread malleable Unilets in the press rooms of the Chicago Daily News, and through an oversight proper recognition was not given to the electrical contractors, who in this instance were the White City Electric Co., 14 No. Franklin St., Chicago, Ill.

National Time & Signal Corp., Detroit, Mich., has moved its general offices and factory to 600 East Milwaukee Ave., Detroit.

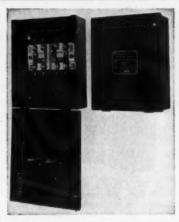
New Electrical Products



The Square D Co., Detroit, Mich., announces four major improvements in the Type A safety switch as follows: Compact interlocking mechanism giving ample wiring space on both sides of switch, as well as top and bottom; interlock controlled by key, but it may be disabled with a screwdriver slipped into slot for operation of switch when door is open; has positive pressure, high conductivity copper with steel spring reinforcement fuse clips; has wider, longer and stronger dust shields and a slotted hexagon terminal nut on switches of 100 amp. capacity or less, enabling electrician to use a screwdriver, wrench or pliers.



The Sangamo Electric Co., Springfield, Ill., announces a moderately priced, electrically wound, time switch, complete with contact mechanism and moulded bakelite connection block, mounted in a pressed steel case with pryouts in the bottom and back for ¾ and ½ in. conduit. Standard switch has levers for 3 complete daily operations. Main spring is kept wound by a constant speed a.c. motor. Unit also has a jeweled balance with non-magnetic, non-rusting, temperature compensating, special alloy hairspring. Entire timing and winding mechanism is enclosed in a dust-proof case. One of the unique features of this switch is the type of mechanical contact which is being introduced in this country, after being used successfully abroad for many years. This new contact has a slow opening and a small gap.

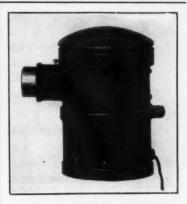


The "Code" type meter connection block is announced by the Code Electric Products Corporation, 1341 Glenwood Ave., Philadelphia. Size of box is 10 in. high, 8 in. wide and 3½ in. deep, and has convertible meter end plate to permit changes of different size meters. Shifting of one nut disconnects meter and connects line and load side of test block without breaking circuit. There is only one connection between line and meter. Construction of box does not permit closing of lid if nut which shorts the line and load together is left in wrong position. One lock is used to lock both sides and top cover of lid.

The Stanley Works, New Britain, Conn., announces "Stanleymagic" self-opening service doors, photo electrically controlled. Unit is furnished complete with one pair light weight rigid doors, bound with aluminum channels, 3 pairs of ball bearing butts secured to steel reinforcing plate inside of doors; a General Electric photo-electric control with light ray and a mechanical operator. Doors open in half a second. Person approaching door intercepts an invisible ray of light. Unit is specially designed for use between dining room and kitchen in hotels and restaurants.



The Ralco Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill., has placed on the market a line of junction boxes and unions for use in hazardous places as described in Article 32, Class 1 and 2 locations, Group D and G, 1931 Code rules. The unit shown above is for gasoline pump connection.



Complete, ready-to-use light relay and light source units are announced by the Radioviser Division of Burgess Battery Co., New York City. Units are designed around the Burgess Radiovisor Bridge or light-sensitive cell, and are available in both a.c. and d.c. models. Units are in form of aluminum housing with window, containing circular platform on which bridge, tubes and other components are mounted, the housing being held by wall bracket ring. A.c. unit comprises bridge, two 427 type tubes, power transformer, filter condenser, resistors, by-pass condensers and power relay. D.c. unit comprises bridge, one 427 type tube, voltage reducing and other resistors, by-pass condenser and power relay. As companion equipment, Burgess light source units are available in a.c. and d.c. models, each unit containing a 12-volt, 21-candlepower bulb and focusing optical system to concentrate light beam on light-sensitive surface of light relay unit.



Wheeler Reflector Co., Boston, Mass., announces portable flood-lights which can be mounted on pipe, walls, in the ground, on roofs, etc., available in three sizes, accommodating 75 or 100, 150 or 200 and 300 or 500 watt lamps. Reflector is adjustable to any degree, vertically or horizontally. Units are equipped with spikes for ground mounting, and units are ready-wired with socket, service cord and plug for immediate installation.

New Electrical Products



A 75-100-Watt Junior floodlight is announced by Benjamin Electric Mfg. Co., Des Plaines, Ill. The reflector is of symmetrical shape, finished inside with white porcelain enamel. The overall finish is olive green. Interior of unit is sealed by a moulded plain glass cover and special gasket held in place by metal retaining band. Unit has a removable spike extending 6 in. below floodlight base for ground mounting and has 3 screw slots in base for solid surface attachment. Unit also has a 4 ft. rubber covered extension cord with standard parallel blade plug cap. Universal adjustment is provided which permits unit to be placed in any horizontal or vertical position.



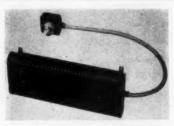
A single pole, toggle flush switch, Catalog No. 7200, is announced by Cutler-Hammer, Inc., Milwaukee, Wis. The switching mechanism is of the "jumper" type (a new C-H design), with heavy phosphor bronze contact material, non-stubbing contacts, compression type spring to give quick make and break, a positive-acting "kick-off" feature to eliminate burning and pitting of contacts, and an arc horn on movable contact which confines are to the extreme tip of contact. The stationary contacts and terminals are of one piece phosphor bronze and both terminals are at one end of switch. Unit has porcelain body, rigid plaster lugs and is furnished with either black or brown operating lever.



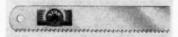
R. W. Cramer & Co., Inc., New York City, announces a low-priced Sauter synchronous motor, slow speed, self-starting time switch, equipped with laminated brush type copper contacts with silver arcing tips, quick-make and break and furnished in 2, 10, 15 and 25 amp. capacities for 110/220 volts. Synchronous motor is for use on 110 volt, 60 cycle. Unit is mounted in a pressed-steel housing with knockouts for conduit connections and contains time tested units. It may be had with an astronomic dial to automatically control operating time in step with change of sunset and sunrise throughout the year. A standard spring driven clock can be interchanged with another self-starting synchronous motor clock designed for this purpose.



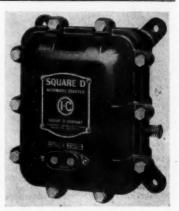
Appleton Electric Co., Chicago, Ill., announces the "GRU" and "GRUY" series of Unilets, for use in hazardous locations. Unilet body is made of malleable iron; the covers are cast brass; all metal to metal joints are machined and no gaskets are required. This construction classifies this series of Unilets as explosion resisting fittings, making them acceptable in locations where inflammable volatile liquids, highly inflammable gases, etc., are used, and also locations in which combustible dust is present in sufficient quantities to produce explosive mixtures, such as in flour mills, grain elevators, etc. Unilets can also be furnished complete with either rotary or toggle switches.



General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y., announces a line of horizontal electric air heaters for industrial applications. Heaters consist of a number of General Electric strip heaters mounted in black japanned, perforated, pressed steel cases, each equipped with three feet of armored cable and a 3-heat snap switch mounted on a standard conduit box. They are designed for wall or floor mounting.



Clemson Bros., Inc., Middletown, N. Y., announces the Star Molybdenum heavy duty hacksaw blade colored in copper bronze. Molybdenum is an American mined metal, which it is stated produces a tougher and sharper blade than other alloys used in hacksaw blades.



The Industrial Controller Division of Square D Co., Milwaukee, Wis., announces Class 8532, Types AR-1 and BR-1 explosion proof starters with maximum ratings of 1½ h.p., 110 volt, 3 h.p. 220 volt, single phase; 5 h.p. 220 volt, 7½ h.p., 440-550 volt polyphase. Type AR-1 has a "start-stop" push button in cover while type BR-1 is designed for remote control. Starter mechanism consists of a 3-pole magnetic contactor and thermal overload relays mounted on a porcelain base. An explosion proof cast iron enclosure surrounds starter.

For Quick Accurate Hole Cutting Adjustable Cutter



Cuts perfect round holes from 14" to 6" in diameter quickly and easily in sheet metal iron or steel up to 34" in thickness.

pressure necessary, spring Ask for information on complete line.

PAUL W. KOCH & CO
20 N. WACKER DRIVE CHICAGO
Established 1918



FUSE - REDUCERS SWITCHBOARDS PANEL - BOARDS

THE LAINVILLE LECTRICAL RODUCTS CO.

PLAINVILLE, CONN. Write for Copy of Catalogue



Keep Up-to-Date

By reading these pages you will acquaint yourself with what is newest and best in electrical supplies and equipment.

When communicating with an advertiser mention

Electrical Contracting

NEW CURTIS HANDBOOK ON LIGHTING

"Planned Lighting" is the title of a new 28-page handbook published by Curtis Lighting, Inc., Chicago.

This handbook, which is divided into sections featuring "Panel and Recessed Lighting"; "Cove Lighting"; "Lighting from Artificial Skylights"; "Lighting from Pedestals, Reflector Lamps, Wall Urns"; "Lighting from Luminaires"; "Curti-Strip and Light-Strip"; "Floodlighting"; "Show Window and Show Case Lighting"; "Interior Floodlighting"; "Lighting for Stock Quotation Boards"; "Interior Athletic Courts"; "Industrial Lighting"; together with a complete "Layout for Flush Mounting Ceiling Type Units," is complete with detailed sketches and data on wattage capacities and how to plan lighting for these various problems.

G. E. LIGHTING INSTITUTE AT HARRISON DISCONTINUED

The General Electric Lighting Institute, Harrison, N. J., closed on December 15, following the acquisition of the New York Electrical Institute in Grand Central Palace by the New York Electrical Association, of which General Electric Co. is a contributing member.

The eastern office of the Nela Park Engineering Department with A. L. Powell in charge, will be located in New York City. Mr. Powell was formerly located at Harrison, N. J.

Wagner Electric Corp., St. Louis, Mo., has issued Bulletin 167, entitled "Small Motors" which is in loose-leaf form. The bulletin is divided into eight parts describing single-phase, polyphase and d.c. motors in fractional horse-power ratings, and is completely illustrated. At present only five of the eight parts are available, but the other three parts will be ready within a very short time.

A bulletin describing slip-ring induction polyphase motors, 3 and 2 phase, constant and adjustable varying speed, has been published by Century Electric Company, St. Louis, Mo.

Paul C. Schmitt, formerly purchasing agent for Edwin F. Guth Co., St. Louis, has opened offices under the name of Paul C. Schmitt Co., manufacturers' agent, 5511 Lisette Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Bending

the pipe is made to bend easily. Try it vourself.

Smooth Interior

free from burrs, fishing wire slides right through.

Clean Sharp Threads

with protection on them, they are electro-galvanized.

These are some of the reasons why you can save time and money with "GALVADUCT" Rigid Steel Conduit.

GARLAND MFG. CO. PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

IT'S PORTABLE

arry the Martin ise Stand and Pipe ender with yee... sywhere; set it up enchalf minute. 'ill not skid or tilt, genuine TiME AVER for cutting threading conduit



H. P. MARTIN & SONS OWENSBORO, KY.

VISE STAND AND PIPE BENDER

LEARN MODERN

electrical construction through this

NEW WAY

Thorough and practical method conveniently studied by phonograph records and correspondence

KENSLEA SCHOOL 21 Cambria Street, Boston, Mass.



ALPHADUCT LOOM

Quality
that has been
a by-word
with
electrical
contractors
for 29 years!

Specify Alphaduct and SX to your jobbers salesman the next time he calls.

ALPHADUCT CO.

136 Cator Ave. Jersey City, N. J.

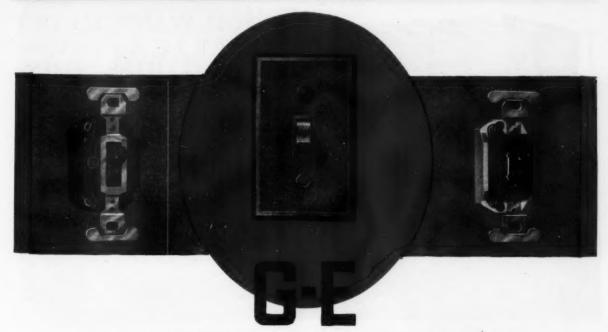
SX SHEATHED CABLE



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FLUSH TUMBLER SWITCHES

for Every Requirement

General Electric offers you flush tumbler switches for every requirement whether it is for new construction, remodelling or replacement. A complete line of competitively priced and extra quality switches in porcelain or totally enclosed switch boxes — Brown Textolite handles with "on" and "off" indication — large binding screws for No. 12 wire — wide mounting

ears. Easier to install, they reduce installation costs.

The construction of the totally enclosed compound switch box seals

in the mechanism preventing accidental injury or the introduction of foreign matter in the course of installation.

These switches have a reputation for ruggedness, dependability and long service, and will give your customers lasting satisfaction.

Your nearest G-E Merchandise Distributor

can supply you with G-E flush tumbler switches and Textolite flush plates, or write Section D-321, Merchandise Department, General Electric Company, Bridgeport, Conn.

Use G-E Textolite plates with G-E flush tumbler switches.

GENERAL 8 ELECTRIC

WIRING DEVICES

MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT, GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT



IF YOU WANT TO GET ELECTRICAL CON. TRACTING IOBS DAYS ...

YOU MUST BE PREPARED TO TACKLE ANY JOB THAT COMES ALONG. ANY CON-TRACT IS A GOOD CON-TRACT NOW.

The pickings are easy no longer—in fact they are mighty poor. Only those contractors who are keeping ahead of the parade, who are constantly expanding their knowledge about their own business, are the ones who are looking forward to 1932 with much hope.

That is why you should READ THIS PAGE CARE-FULLY and be honest with yourself in estimating the value of this Library to you.

TERRELL CROFT'S

American Electricians' Library

(6 volumes—over 2,000 pages—fully illustrated)

Six well-bound, handy volumes make up this library. They are: 1. Conduit Wiring. 2. Annual nating Current Armature Wiring. 3. Electrical Machinery and Control Diagrams. 4. Lighting Testing. 6. Electrical Machinery Erection.

DIAGRAMS

There are more than 1,000 clear, easy to follow diagrams in these six books. The wiring instructions are in simple language.

Like other Terrell Croft books-these books are prepared for use by practical electricians.

They show how to make installations for every type of conduit wiring job-they tell how to handle every kind of lighting and switch problem—they give tips on short cuts for sav-ing time on routine jobs—they show the quick-

est and surest methods of locating and remedying circuit troubles. In short, they give you the "how" and the "why" of every job you are ever likely to be called upon to tackle.

REPAIRS

Repair work is often the real test of an electrician's skill. It is in "trouble shooting" that he gets a chance to show up as an expert or "just another electrical man." This Library tells you just what to do and how to do it whenever a piece of electrical apparatus goes wrong. There isn't a repair problem you can't solve if you have this Library to help you.

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Croft's American Elec-tricians' Handbook (823 pages, 900 illustrations, regular price \$4.00) will come to you absolutely free if you order your AMERICAN ELEAC TRICIANS' LIBRACY now. Don't miss this chance to get this help-ful book FREE.

TERRELL CROFT

Terrell Croft has been through the mill of practical experience. He started at the bottom as an electrical helper and worked his way up the ladder of success until today he ranks among the few consulting engineers who are known the country over. He writes the kind of books he wishes he had had when he was on the way up—helpful, informative, practical, and easy to understand. It is because he has done the work himself that you will gain so much from these Croft books.

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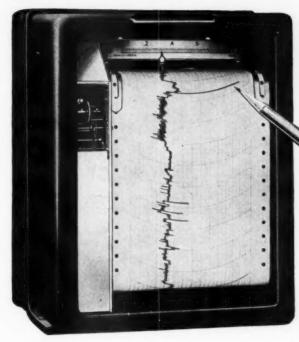
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Residence	Address	
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Occupation



YOU CAN'T PREVENT HARMLESS OVERLOADS

But

....YOU CAN FORTIFY YOUR PLANT AGAINST NEEDLESS SHUTDOWNS BY USING A MODERN FUSE

No longer need troublesome current surges be the bug-a-boo of the production or operating man. No longer need useless blowing of fuses cause excessive fuse bills. No longer need machines stall and operators stand idle.

Here at last is a fuse that blows promptly to protect equipment—yet has so long a time-lag that it carries easily many of the annoying current surges that so frequently cause old-fashion fuses to blow.

This remarkable result is obtained in BUSS SUPER-LAG Fuses through the use of "lag-plates" attached to the links. These lag plates give the fuse a time-lag far in excess of anything heretofore thought possible. Due to this super long time-lag the fuse will safely carry many of the temporary or harmless overloads that occur on all electrical circuits — yet will blow promptly to protect equipment when a dangerous overload or short circuit occurs.

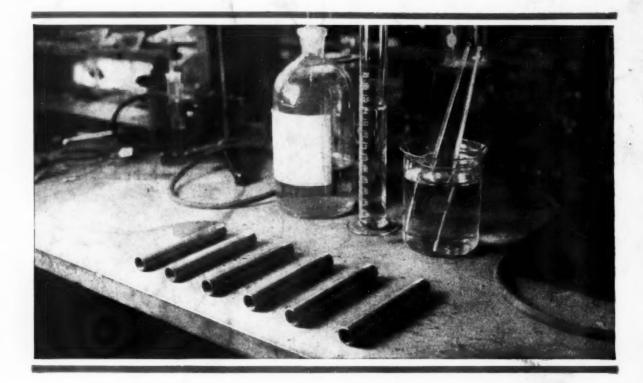
Why Not Get The Whole Story?

Why not inform yourself about this latest invention in Electrical Protection? We can have a representative call or send complete data by mail—just state your preference.

BUSSMANN MANUFACTURING CO. . . ST. LOUIS, MO.

A Division of the McGraw Electric Company

BUSS SUPER-LAG



WHICH RIGID CONDUIT IS BEST?

Important developments in the manufacture of G-E WHITE rigid conduit during the last year or two have changed the standards by which conduit is bought today. Price is no longer the only factor in the choice of brands. Now careful buyers ask these three searching questions before selecting conduit:

1. Is it made of easy-bending steel?

You can save yourself trouble by using G-E rigid conduit because it is made of a flexible alloy steel that is easier to bend and thread. Its greater workability makes installation easier.

2. How is it protected against rust and corrosion?

For years waterpipe, fencewire, and other articles built for severe conditions have been protected by hot-dipped galvanizing because it is the best commercial method known for protecting iron and steel against rust and corrosion. G-E WHITE rigid conduit is hot-dipped galvanized, not only because this is the best method; but because it is the *only* method that assures as heavy a coating of zinc on the inside of the pipe (where danger is greatest because of condensation) as on the outside.

3. What kind of a super-coating has it?

G-E WHITE has a coating of Glyptal, the supercoating developed in the G-E Research Laboratories. All ordinary coatings were discarded in favor of Glyptal because of its remarkable flexibility, adhesiveness, and resistance to water, oil, acids, and alkalies. The Glyptal coating prolongs the life of G-E WHITE for many years and also helps to give the interior of the conduit a glasslike smoothness that makes wires pull easier.

Ask your nearest G-E Merchandise Distributor for G-E WHITE, or write to section C-321, Merchandise Department, General Electric Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

GENERAL & ELECTRIC

RIGID CONDUIT

MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT, GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

An Operating Program of Unified Economy and Co-

Wholesaler

-ECONOMIZE-

A. Eliminate Unnecessary Duplication of Lines

- 1. They create waste, lead to confusion. Do not permit effective selling.
- 2. Pushing single lines makes your account worthwhile to the manufacturer and makes for sale effectiveness.

B. Discontinue Obviously O b s o l e t e Numbers in all Lines

- 1. Through stock control and close inspection of inventory.
- 2. Will help reduce cost of doing business for your entire industry and help manufacturers.
- 3. Reduces your inventory losses.

C. Observe Stricter Credit Policy

- 1. Results in better contractors and retailers.
- 2. Reduces your losses.
- 3. Cuts down number of retailers and contractors entering the business with insufficient funds.
- 4. Builds respect for your institution.

D. Delivery Policy Corrections

- 1. Charge for delivery of small orders.
- 2. Set up a free delivery zone with customers paying for delivery beyond that zone.
- 3. Investigate possibilities of cooperative or exchange deliveries with other firms in your territory.

Contractor

A. Concentrate Purchases

- 1. With responsible houses.
 - A. Saves purchasing time, minimizes stock, only one bill to worry about, makes your account worthwhile.
- 2. Select a quality and repeat its use.

B. Use Only Modern Methods

- 1. Replace old equipment whenever possible with modern.
- 2. When you have to use obsolete materials order only sufficient to do job.
- 3. Insist on your men using modern labor-saving tools.

C. Improve Your Credit

- 1. Install an adequate accounting system.
- 2. Take all cash discounts.
- 3. Be sure of the credit of your customers.
- 4. Budget expenses.
- 5. Insist that your wholesaler adheres to strict credit control.

D. Place Complete Orders

- 1. Make out complete material schedule with deliveries and give it to wholesaler at one time for delivery to job thereby saving time and errors.
- Ordering in very small quantities is result of carelessness and forgetfulness and is very costly generally because men and truck must pick it up.
- 3. Carry emergency stocks.

A. Sell Accepted Merchand

Retailer

- 1. Takes you out of price class.
- 2. Builds good will for your store moves faster.
- 3. Concentrate purchases through tributors.

B. Adequate Stock Control

- 1. Less money tied up in shelf war
- 2. Increases turn-over and simplifie
- 3. Permits regular clearances of

C. Take Cash Discounts

- 1. Consult your distributor credit
- 2. Budget your expenses.
- 3. Hire less but more efficient help.
- 4. Follow collections through a de
- 5. Obtain adequate down payme

D. Avoid Costly Purchases

- 1. Recognize waste in placing of
- 2. Recognize danger in over buying lower price.

LOCALIZE-

E. Determine Limits of Economic Territory

- 1. Serving too large a territory costs you money and weakens your service where it should be
- 2. Create a map of your effective territory to present to manufacturers for their guidance.

F. Market Analysis

- 1. Try to develop adequate knowledge of your market.
- A. Contractors
- B. Retailers

E. Develop a Local Reputation

- 1. Through thoroughness of work and systematic re-inspection of completed jobs.
- 2. Locate your place of business where people can find it readily.

F. Survey Business Sources

- 1. Determine possibilities in A. New building installations
- B. Rewiring
- Specialization.

- E. Know Your Location Po-1. Determine whether you can sell
 - or specialty merchandise from in your windows and in your ad
- 2. Know the character of the pe vicinity or community.

F. Study Business Sources

- 1. Build prospect lists from avai such as
 - A. Weddings, graduations and b
 - B. New arrivals in neighborhoo

S. A.

o-ordinated Selling Accepted by the Electrical Industry

Manufacturer Consumer Industry nandise A. Practice Selective Distribution A. The Policy of Economy A. The Policy of Economy 1. Possibly a revision of the number of whole-Will Help Industrial Will Help Consumers salers handling your line will give you fewer, store and actually Consumers 1. To buy with confidence and but better outlets. It will reduce cost of sellknow that products are of 1. To buy with greater confiing, servicing and handling. ough fewer disgood quality at fair prices. dence and know that products 2. It makes possible increases in sales through 2. To buy from financially sound are of good quality at fair the more effective transmission of ideas about contractors or retailers. prices. your product. 3. To shop with a knowledge that goods will be available at 2. To standardize on these prod-3. Attempt to shape distribution along lines of ucts and thus simplify purmarketing effectiveness. convenient locations. chasing, maintenance and op-4. By making savings and profits, you can 4. To purchase on a sound credit eration. fortify your position with systematic publicity. 3. To eliminate obsolete equip-5. To know that the price ment without expansion of ntrol System B. Reduce Obsolete Numbers charged by the retailer or conproduction capacity. warmers. 1. Dropping of obsolete numbers saves you 4. To buy from financially sound tractor does not include the plifies purchasing. money in handling, producing and selling. distributors and manufacturers. wasteful expense of carrying 2. It simplifies the line, reduces the investment. of slow moving obsolete and unsalable mer-5. Eventually to get better prices. 3. Giving distributors advance notice of change chandise. in styles or numbers reduces obsolescence 6. To believe that repairing and and builds good will for you. servicing will be satisfactorily handled. C. Establish Credit Policy 7. Eventually to get better prices. edit manager. 1. By insisting that your credit terms be met promptly, the distributor is forced to do likewise with his trade. This will benefit the help. industry and avoid loss to you. Here is a definite system. another source of saving for you-another syments on time source of revenue for building a more secure future via regular publicity. ses D. Changes in Service Policy 1. Consider the establishment of repair and ng of too small service routine fitting distribution needs. uying for possible 2. When you discontinue to handle without extra charge broken package lots, orders less than minimum amounts, direct shipments, you strengthen your distributor's position. 3. With the distributor in a better economic position he can render more effective sales service for you, thus once more building new economies and better profits which will provide funds for consistent publicity efforts.

Possibilities

n sell convenience from test displays ur advertising. he people in your

es available sources

and births.

rhood.

E. Use a Trading Area Scheme of Selling

Insist upon your distributors furnishing you
with maps showing their effective areas of
service. Build a general sales scheme that
covers all of the trading areas. Make this
scheme the control of your advertising.

F. Help in Market Determination and Analysis

 Supply wholesaler with assistance in analyzing his market on your lines. Deliver the points developed in your market analysis to

E. The Policy of Localization Will Help Industrial Consumers

- To secure more efficient delivery service.
- To consolidate your purchases with local businesses with safety.
- To secure more consistent service from salesmen, engineers and repair men of local firms.

E. The Policy of Localization Will Help Consumers

- To become better acquainted with local retailers and contractors.
- 2. To secure fair and more efficient delivery service.
- To concentrate purchases locally with confidence.
- To secure more consistent service from salesmen and re-

D. Delivery Policy Corrections

- 1. Charge for delivery of small orders.
- 2. Set up a free delivery zone with customers paying for delivery beyond that zone.
- 3. Investigate possibilities of cooperative or exchange deliveries with other firms in your territory.

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F. Market Analysis

- 1. Try to develop adequate knowledge of your market.
 - A. Contractors
 - B. Retailers
 - C. Industrial
- D. Commercial

G. Cooperate

- 1. With other wholesalers
 - A. To determine and abide by agreed sales territories
 - To avoid ruinous price cutting
 - C. By exchange of ideas, office systems, etc.
- 2. With your customers
 - A. By giving sales help and encouraging cooperation in other directions.
 - B. By supplying leads.
- C. By advising on general business problems. 3. With your local Central Station, Electric,

League and other business associations.

- H. Departmentalize in Terms of Market 1. Each division of your market needs special
- attention. If you are a house too small to serve four markets, single out one and specialize on that.

1. Specialty Selling

- 1. Lines can be grouped for each market around salesmen for that market, or you can build specialty selling on the basis of lines you
- 2. Specialty selling builds profit,

J. Develop Sales Direction

- 1. Plan your selling by seasons, by territory, by
- 2. Charge a fair profit in your prices and be

E. Develop a Local Reputation

- 1. Through thoroughness of work and systematic re-inspection of completed jobs.
- 2. Locate your place of business where people can find it readily.

F. Survey Business Sources

- 1. Determine possibilities in
- A. New building installations
- B. Rewiring
- . Specialization.
- 2. Use readily available sources of business
 - A. Building permits
- B. Newspaper notices.

G. Cooperate

- 1. With other contractors
 - A. To avoid ruinous price cutting
 - B. By exchange of ideas
 - C. Through exchange of credit information.
- 2. With wholesalers
 - A. By early supplying complete requirements
 - B. By limiting your purchases to a few wholesalers
- 3. With your local Central Station, Electric League and other business associations.

E. Know Your Location Possi

- 1. Determine whether you can sell co or specialty merchandise from tes in your windows and in your adver
- 2. Know the character of the people vicinity or community.

F. Study Business Sources

- 1. Build prospect lists from availab such as
 - A. Weddings, graduations and birt B. New arrivals in neighborhood.
- 2. Follow up old customers
 - A. Additional sales.
- B. Leads for new sales.

G. Cooperate

- 1. With other retailers
 - A. To avoid ruinous price cutting standard appliances.
 - B. By exchange of ideas and to pr ditional sales.
 - Through exchange of credit is and by joint delivery.
- 2. With wholesalers
 - A. To restrict purchases to a few w
 - B. To order in profitable quantitie C. To obtain selling instruction.
- 3. With your local Central Station
- League and other business associa

H. Be a Specialist in at Least One Di-

1. Through specializing in one direction it is possible to build up a reputation in that field and it gives you the opportunity of securing business on a non-competitive basis. Even though you specialize, it is not necessary to turn aside other business.

I. Draw Specialty Sales Data from Your **Distributors**

- 1. Your distributors will assist you in becoming a specialist.
- 2. Draw sales data and suggestions from their organizations.
- 3. Read trade journals and manufacturers' pamphlets.

J. Sell Safety and Convenience

1. Build your sales story in soliciting business around your ability to do the best kind of a job. Make customers feel that you know more about the job than anyone else, the

H. Departmentalize in Term Product

- 1. Make your store arrangement an u able one on the part of your custo example a department for lamps as one for small cooking appliance large labor saving devices.
- 2. Arrange window displays or one p. related group of products.

I. Develop Specialty Selling

- 1. Each major appliance should have ticular plan of promotion
 - A. Try store demonstration a events. Try outside house to h tation with home demonstra special windows with definite th

J. Sell Utility

1. In your windows, in your adve your clerks-sell the usefulness, and convenience rather than price ents on time

of too small

ing for possible

source of revenue for building a more secure future via regular publicity.

D. Changes in Service Policy

- Consider the establishment of repair and service routine fitting distribution needs.
- When you discontinue to handle without extra charge broken package lots, orders less than minimum amounts, direct shipments, you strengthen your distributor's position.
- 3. With the distributor in a better economic position he can render more effective sales service for you, thus once more building new economies and better profits which will provide funds for consistent publicity efforts.

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with maps showing their effective areas of
service. Build a general sales scheme that
covers all of the trading areas. Make this
scheme the control of your advertising.

F. Help in Market Determination and Analysis

Supply wholesaler with assistance in analyzing his market on your lines. Deliver the points developed in your market analysis to your customers in your monthly advertising so that all will learn to what extent your products can be used or sold.

G. Cooperate With Other Distributive Agencies

Cooperate by educating wholesalers, contractors, retailers and central stations to the value of E.L.S.A. Cooperate with these distributive agencies to the end of selling more for you and rendering better and more economical service to the consumer.

E. The Policy of Localization Will Help Industrial Consumers

- 1. To secure more efficient delivery service.
- To consolidate your purchases with local businesses with safety.
- To secure more consistent service from salesmen, engineers and repair men of local firms.

E. The Policy of Localization Will Help Consumers

- To become better acquainted with local retailers and contractors.
- To secure fair and more efficient delivery service.
- 3. To concentrate purchases locally with confidence.
- To secure more consistent service from salesmen and repairmen of local firms,
- 5. By eventually building a new and sounder prosperity for the institutions of the industry located in the community that will enjoy the benefits of the E.L.S.A. Plan.

PECIALIZE

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an understandcustomers. For ips and lighting, iances, one for

ne product or a

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n and special to house solicinstrations. Try lite themes.

advertising, via ness, the beauty price.

H. Foster Industry Specialty Selling on Your Lines

 Coordinate publicity directed to the industry in all publications you use and in all direct mailing pieces. Show where product is sold and used. Tell of its advantages.

I. Divert Missionary Selling to Specific Assistance

 Get your sales department to advocate specialty selling on your line. Publish detail data on your products in your trade paper advertising, thus making this advertising an instrument of help for specialty selling.

J. Sell By Plan

Through advocating the industry needs, create economies from which you will benefit.
 By selling on a plan that incorporates these

H. The Policy of Specialization Will Help Industrial Consumers

- To receive more expert and reliable salesmen and sales engineers.
- To draw safely upon these men for assistance in reducing the cost of production.

H. The Policy of Specialization Will Help Consumers

- To receive more expert service from reliable salesmen and repairmen.
- By making it easier, quicker and more pleasant to shop.

carelessness and forgetfulness and is very costly generally because men and truck must pick it up.

3. Carry emergency stocks.

LOCALIZE

E. Determine Limits of Economic Territory

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 - D. Commercial

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- B. By supplying leads.
- C. By advising on general business problems.
- 3. With your local Central Station, Electric, League and other business associations.

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- 3. With your local Central Station, Electric League and other business associations.

E. Know Your Location

- Determine whether you can or specialty merchandise fr in your windows and in you
- 2. Know the character of the vicinity or community.

F. Study Business Source

- 1. Build prospect lists from such as
- A. Weddings, graduations a B. New arrivals in neighbor
- 2. Follow up old customers
- A. Additional sales.
- B. Leads for new sales.

G. Cooperate

- 1. With other retailers
- A. To avoid ruinous price of standard appliances.
- B. By exchange of ideas an ditional sales.
- C. Through exchange of c and by joint delivery.
- 2. With wholesalers
 - A. To restrict purchases to
- B. To order in profitable qu
- C. To obtain selling instruct

 3. With your local Central
- 3. With your local Central League and other business

H. Departmentalize in Terms of Market

 Each division of your market needs special attention. If you are a house too small to serve four markets, single out one and specialize on that.

1. Specialty Selling

- Lines can be grouped for each market around salesmen for that market, or you can build specialty selling on the basis of lines you carry.
- 2. Specialty selling builds profit.

J. Develop Sales Direction

- 1. Plan your selling by seasons, by territory, by salesmen.
- Charge a fair profit in your prices and be unyielding.

H. Be a Specialist in at Least One Direction

 Through specializing in one direction it is possible to build up a reputation in that field and it gives you the opportunity of securing business on a non-competitive basis. Even though you specialize, it is not necessary to turn aside other business.

Draw Specialty Sales Data from Your Distributors

- Your distributors will assist you in becoming a specialist.
- Draw sales data and suggestions from their organizations.
- Read trade journals and manufacturers' pamphlets.

J. Sell Safety and Convenience

 Build your sales story in soliciting business around your ability to do the best kind of a job. Make customers feel that you know more about the job than anyone else, thereby eliminating price competition.

H. Departmentalize in Product

- Make your store arrangeme able one on the part of you example a department for la one for small cooking ap large labor saving devices.
- Arrange window displays or related group of products.

I. Develop Specialty Se

- 1. Each major appliance sho ticular plan of promotion
 - A. Try store demonstrate events. Try outside hou tation with home demonspecial windows with de

J. Sell Utility

- In your windows, in you your clerks—sell the useful and convenience rather that
- 2. Train your repair men in s them on lookout for new l

K. Systematize Your Publicity

- Support your salesmen with regular monthly mail to your customers.
- 2. Use manufacturers' sales helps.
- Follow unified publicity program as published in ELECTRICAL WHOLESALING.
- 4. Tie up your publicity with that of manufac-

K. Advertise Your Specialty

- Advertise your special ability to handle a particular type of work.
- 2. Systematically use manufacturers' sales helps.
- Tie up with manufacturers' national advertising in your local newspaper.
 Build a mailing list and make regular mail-
- K. Advertise Your Serv
- Systematically use manufact
 Tie up with the manufact
- vertising in your local new
 3. Build a mailing list and r
 ings. Add to mailing list
- births, weddings, graduati 4. Develop an advertising the such as economy, quality,

you strengthen your distributor's position.

 With the distributor in a better economic position he can render more effective sales service for you, thus once more building new economies and better profits which will provide funds for consistent publicity efforts.

ion Possibilities

can sell convenience se from test displays your advertising.

f the people in your

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of credit information

es to a few wholesalers. ole quantities. struction.

struction.

tral Station, Electric
ness associations.

E. Use a Trading Area Scheme of Selling

Insist upon your distributors furnishing you
with maps showing their effective areas of
service. Build a general sales scheme that
covers all of the trading areas. Make this
scheme the control of your advertising.

F. Help in Market Determination and Analysis

Supply wholesaler with assistance in analyzing his market on your lines. Deliver the points developed in your market analysis to your customers in your monthly advertising so that all will learn to what extent your products can be used or sold.

G. Cooperate With Other Distributive Agencies

Cooperate by educating wholesalers, contractors, retailers and central stations to the value of E.L.S.A. Cooperate with these distributive agencies to the end of selling more for you and rendering better and more economical service to the consumer.

E. The Policy of Localization Will Help Industrial Consumers

- 1. To secure more efficient delivery service.
- 2. To consolidate your purchases with local businesses with safety.
- To secure more consistent service from salesmen, engineers and repair men of local firms.

E. The Policy of Localization Will Help Consumers

- To become better acquainted with local retailers and contractors.
- 2. To secure fair and more efficient delivery service.
- 3. To concentrate purchases locally with confidence.
 - To secure more consistent service from salesmen and repairmen of local firms.
 - 5. By eventually building a new and sounder prosperity for the institutions of the industry located in the community that will enjoy the benefits of the E.L.S.A. Plan.

SPECIALIZE

in Terms of the

gement an understandf your customers. For for lamps and lighting, g appliances, one for ces.

ys or one product or a

Selling

should have its par-

nstration and special thouse to house solicidemonstrations. Try th definite themes.

your advertising, via usefulness, the beauty r than price. in salesmanship—keep

rne 🖂

H. Foster Industry Specialty Selling on Your Lines

 Coordinate publicity directed to the industry in all publications you use and in all direct mailing pieces. Show where product is sold and used. Tell of its advantages.

I. Divert Missionary Selling to Specific Assistance

 Get your sales department to advocate specialty selling on your line. Publish detail data on your products in your trade paper advertising, thus making this advertising an instrument of help for specialty selling.

J. Sell By Plan

Through advocating the industry needs, create economies from which you will benefit.
 By selling on a plan that incorporates these industry needs, you will build a secure future for your company and your product.

H. The Policy of Specialization Will Help Industrial Consumers

- To receive more expert and reliable salesmen and sales engineers.
- To draw safely upon these men for assistance in reducing the cost of production.

H. The Policy of Specialization Will Help Consumers

- To receive more expert service from reliable salesmen and repairmen.
- By making it easier, quicker and more pleasant to shop.

ADVERTISE

K. Advertise Your Plan and its Advantages

 Talk quality, advertise quality, picture the advantages to be gained in selling or using your product. Show the industry how easy profits can be made through the use of a positive story about your product.

K. The Policy of Advertising Will Help Industrial Consumers

- 1. To keep informed of equipment, materials and costs.
- To learn how these products can aid you in the solution of your problems.

K. The Policy of Advertising Will Help the Consumer

- 1. To keep informed on new devices, costs and sales.
- 2. By suggesting gifts, prizes, etc., for special occasions.

Service nufacture

ew leads.

nufacturers' sales helps. ufacturers' national adnewspaper. und make regular mail-

g list from records of duations, new arrivals. g theme for your store, ality, comfort, style.